

Free advice

For professional advice and ideas
about bathroom
decoration,
color combinations
and fixtures call



ANBAH TRADING
JEDDAH: 76726-604593
RIYADH: 4043789

SAUDI ARABIA'S FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

arab news

Publishers: saudi research and marketing company

**FRESH ALWAYS
BULK & BAG
CEMENT**
& ROLACO
TEL: JEDDAH: 604701-54109
DAMMAM: 238668 - RIYADH: 67236
REINFORCING STEEL - EQUIPMENT

VOL. V NO. 170

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1980 JAMAD-AL-AWWAL 5, 1400 A.H.

SIXTEEN PAGES - ONE RIYAL



ATTEND RACE: UAE President Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan al Nahayan accompanied King Khalid and Crown Prince Fahd to a camel race Thursday sponsored by Al Farouq club in cooperation with the National Guard. Sheikh Zayed was seen off Thursday evening after the race which was also attended by Qatar's Foreign Minister Sheikh Suhaim bin Hamad Al Khalifah. Prince Muhammad bin Saud bin Abdul Aziz, a nephew of King Khalid won the race with prizes totaling SR70,000 and two cars. The prince's Sudanese camel, Ailan, won the first round over 300 participants from Saudi Arabia and neighboring Arab countries. Shakra, the Arabian camel owned by the prince, beat 2,703 other camels in the second round. The race covered 22 kilometers ending at the Jemadiah Club outside Riyadh. (See story page 3)

Israel shells villages

Six wounded in Beirut

BEIRUT, March 21 (Agencies) — Grenade-throwing Muslim gunmen attacked a Lebanese army truck in Beirut Friday, wounding six soldiers, a Beirut police spokesman reported.

He said the attack was mounted by gunmen from Al Murabitoun, the largest Muslim militia fielded in Lebanon's 1975-76 civil war.

The truck was carrying about 30 soldiers to the Beirut port to guard the facility against occasional sniping between Muslim and rightist Christian militiamen, the spokesman said.

The truck was attacked in the busy corniche, Mazraa street. The assailants used machine guns and rocket propelled grenades in addition to hand grenades, the spokesman said.

The scene of the attack was later cordoned by red beretted units from Lebanon's Squad 16 police force, which prevented attempts to take the rest of the troops captive, according to the spokesman.

The wounded soldiers were rushed by Squad 16 jeeps to the military hospital in mostly-Christian East Beirut and the American University Hospital in the city's Muslim sector, the spokesman said.

One wounded soldier said upon admittance that the truck driver failed to heed an order to stop at a Murabitoun checkpoint, and this caused the attack.

An army barracks was attacked in West Beirut last month by militiamen who claimed the "presence of regulars was provocative."

A week later, the army garrison in the Muslim-populated port city of Sidon, 25 miles south of Beirut, was ringed and pounded with mortars by local Muslim groups. Four soldiers were killed.

Meanwhile, Lebanon and the Palestine Liberation Organization Thursday accused Israel of shelling several villages in southern Lebanon over the past five days that left four civilians dead and 14 others injured by offi-

cial estimate.

The defense ministry issued a statement saying the Israel barrage has reached the suburbs of the southern port city of Sidon, 50 miles south of the Israeli frontier.

The statement, broadcast by the state radio, said Israeli gunners used 130-millimeter howitzers to shell the towns of Tyre and Nabatiyah early in the week. "The barrage expanded Thursday to reach the villages of Hilaieb, Salhieh, Ein El Delb and Qrayieh on the outskirts of Sidon."

Sidon, provincial capital of southern Lebanon, is 25 miles south of Beirut.

The port city of Tyre and the inland market town of Nabatiyah are respectively 14 and 12 miles north of Israel. They house the regional commands of the PLO forces in southern Lebanon and the Jewish state.

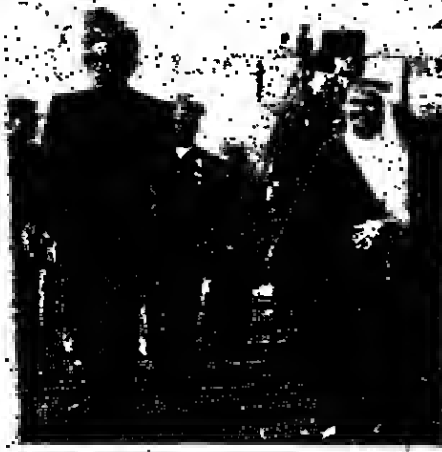
The PLO, in a separate statement, said Israeli border gunners used U.S.-made 175-millimeter howitzer guns to shell the suburbs of Sidon Thursday afternoon. A casualty report from the area was not immediately available.

Prime Minister Salim Hoss said the sudden unprovoked barrage is a fresh evidence that Israel wants to disturb the "march of peace in Lebanon."

This was an indirect reference to a 14-point declaration of principles for national entente announced by the Lebanese government two weeks ago. The declaration stressed Lebanon's rejection of any form of cooperation with the "Israeli enemy."

Israel, however, denied Friday its cannons bombarded southern Lebanon during the past week.

An Israeli military spokesman denied that Israel had done the firing. Israeli news media reported that the gunners belonged to the Lebanese Christian militias of Maj. Saad Haddad, who runs what he calls "free Lebanon" in a strip along the Israel-Lebanon border. Israel backs Haddad.



IN JEDDAH: President Mobutu Sese Seko Zaire arrived here Thursday afternoon. He was received at the airport by Sheikh Abdul Rahman Al-Sudairi, Jeddah district commissioner, Salem Sanbul, chief of foreign ministry protocol, and the Zairian ambassador here, Kinani Basama.

Egypt Air boycott unlikely--AACO

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, March 21 — The secretary general of the Arab Air Carriers Organization Friday said the Arab League probably will not follow through on its threat to boycott Egypt.

Salim Salam predicted the League would drop the boycott because protest against the flag carrier's new Cairo-Tel Aviv flights.

A new company, Nefertiti Aviation, was formed to serve the Israeli route. No Egyptian planes will be used. Salam, who is also general manager of international and government affairs for Middle East Airlines, is visiting the Kingdom at the head of an MEA delegation at the invitation of Saudi.

The first direct air route between Israel and Egypt was opened March 4 with the arrival of an El Al jet carrying 158 passengers.

Salam said that out of consideration for thousands of Egyptian working throughout the Arab world, the Arab League was unlikely to call for a boycott.

Nefertiti Aviation, formed from Egypt's Nile Valley Aviation Co., is scheduled to begin its regular flights to Tel Aviv later this month.

Its inaugural flight is to carry the Egyptian delegation to the Palestinian autonomy talks in Tel Aviv, according to Nefertiti director Hassan Ali Tambouli.

SPORTS SURFACING

Material Sales and Installation
Artificial Turf Soccer Fields
Chevron Laykold Tennis Courts
Chevron 440 Running Tracks



URDCO
Urban and Rural Development Company

Riyadh 24855 - Jeddah 80481 - Al Khobar 8644208 - Yanbu 04323124

'Settlements jeopardize autonomy'

Vance explains U.S. vote

Washington Bureau

WASHINGTON, March 21 — Secretary of State Cyrus Vance said the United States originally decided to vote for the United Nations resolution condemning Israel's settlements in the occupied territories because "the settlements issue was becoming more exacerbated and jeopardizing the autonomy talks."

"We hoped the resolution would create the best atmosphere for the autonomy talks to succeed," Vance said in candidly admitting to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the administration may have miscalculated Israeli reaction to the March 1 resolution.

At the first public inquiry into the controversy surrounding the U.S. vote at the U.N. and its subsequent turnaround, the secretary strongly reaffirmed the United States' commitment to Israel's security while continuing to shoulder full responsibility for the "communications breakdown" that led to the United States voting for the resolution.

During a fiery morning session of questions, Vance reiterated that U.S. policy towards Israel has not changed. "Israel remains of strategic value and a source of stability. It always has been and will continue to be," he told the Senate panel which was not easily pacified with some of his answers.

While not directly saying that the U.S. was trying to "send a message" to Israel on its settlements policy — as one senator summed up his theory for U.S. reasoning in supporting the resolution — Vance did admit that the settlements issue has slowed down progress in the autonomy negotiations.

"We were trying to change Israel's position on the settlements" to move along the stalled autonomy talks, Vance said in further explaining the U.S. position regarding the controversial U.N. vote.

While Vance said the administration may have erred in believing that U.S. support for the Security Council resolution would move the autonomy talks off dead center, the secretary also assured the Senate panel that the U.S. vote has not backfired and "detailed" the autonomy talks as some senators suggested.

While making no direct link between the U.S. hoped for response from the vote at the U.N. and President Carter's subsequent decision to invite both Egypt's President Anwar Sadat and Israel's Prime Minister Menachem Begin to Washington, Vance did say the two plans have the same goal — to accelerate progress in the autonomy talks.

"We were concerned that time was running out," Vance said in explaining the White House invitations issued Wednesday for Sadat and Begin to parlay here in April with Carter.

"Such discussions though have been considered for a considerable period of time," Vance added.

While he said that a three-way summit meeting is "not contemplated," Vance did not rule out the possibility of a Camp David II summit in the future.

Speaking specifically of U.S. policy toward the Palestinians, the secretary of state said

there is "no new meaning" in the term "local Arab and Palestinian population" which was used in the U.N. resolution.

"That is a demographic description," Vance said in answering persistent questioning from Senator Jacob K. Javits (Republican) of New York.

"The term is one used in the past, and is not a determination of sovereignty," Vance replied.

Also on the subject of Palestinian national rights, Vance told Committee Chairman Senator Frank Church (Democrat) of Idaho that the Carter administration remains opposed to an "independent Palestinian state."

But Vance left open the door for U.S. approval of a future Palestinian state linked with another Arab nation — such as Jordan.

Speaking about Jerusalem, the secretary reiterated that it has been U.S. policy since 1970 that a "Jerusalem should be undivided," but in a carefully articulated answer Vance said the term "undivided" refers only to physical divisions — such as barbed wire.

"We can not speak for the ultimate sovereignty." That can only be decided through future negotiations," Vance added.

The Camp David accords contain no written commitments on future Israeli settlements in occupied territories, but Vance told the senators, who were not easily satisfied with his carefully worded responses, that there were "oral exchanges" on the subject.

When asked if Begin made a commitment at Camp David on halting future settlements, Vance said: "Begin believes he did not."

During the questioning, one Senator, Joseph R. Biden, Jr. (Democrat of Delaware) called Begin "dead wrong" on his settlements policy. Biden, also talking about the U.S. vote on the U.N. resolution, said he could understand the U.S. position if "we are trying to send a clear message to Begin."

"That would put the vote in a political sense, something all we politicians could understand," he said.

Vance faces another grueling session of questions on the vote "misunderstanding" Friday when he testifies before the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

'Request less money'; U.S. urges Israelis

TEL AVIV, March 21 (Agencies) — United States Ambassador Samuel Lewis said here Israel should reduce its economic dependence on the U.S. to avoid being "subject to the vagaries of America's policy makers."

Addressing the Rotary Club Thursday Lewis said that Israel's dependence on U.S. aid — which this year will top \$2 billion in grants and loans — caused frustrations both here and in his own country.

"Israel today is far too dependent on the United States for its good or for the good of the United States," he said.

"Some of your leaders have recently been saying that it is crucial that you regain your economic independence so that you are not subject to the vagaries of America's policy makers. I couldn't agree more," he said.

The United States earlier this year rejected an Israeli request for a substantial increase in aid due to the expenditure resulting from Israel's withdrawal from the Sinai Desert under the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty.

Finance ministry sources in Jerusalem said last week that Israel was resisting U.S. demands for tougher measures to reduce the country's huge balance of payments deficit.

The United States apparently suggested that Israel dip into its dwindling foreign currency reserves in order to alleviate the payments deficit which was expected to rise by about \$800 million this year to reach \$5 billion.

The national debt will therefore rise to \$16.8 billion.

Meanwhile, in New York, Vice-President Walter Mondale said the United States

opposed the creation of an independent Palestinian state and would not recognize the Palestine Liberation Organization unless it recognized Israel's right to exist.

He was addressing a ceremony organized by B'nei B'rith, a Jewish service organization to honor 11 denominational and non-sectarian groups that have provided aid to Yiddish refugees.

A number of United Nations officials and diplomats, including Ahmed Esni Abdel Meguid of Egypt and Israel's deputy U.N. representative, Shamay Cahana, were among the invited guests.

"The United States remains a full partner in those crucial negotiations now underway," he said referring to talks between Egypt and Israel on autonomy for Palestinians in the Israeli-occupied West bank of the Jordan and the Gaza Strip. Palestinian leaders have boycotted the talks.

Meanwhile, Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, in his first interviews to Israeli news media since taking office March 10, urged the Palestinians to join autonomy negotiations.

"One hundred years of conflict have shown that the Arabs have achieved nothing by extremism and terrorism," Shamir said in an interview broadcast Friday on Israel radio. "This is an opportunity for them to improve their status in the area."

In interviews in two afternoon newspapers, Maariv and Yedioth, Shamir also called for an information campaign to reverse the European trend toward recognition of the Palestine Liberation Organization, and said differences between the United States and Israel were likely to intensify following the U.S. presidential elections in November.

Pakistan International Airlines in association with Albadr Sheraton Hotel proudly present

THE PIA FOOD FESTIVAL

25th - 31st March

One week of the finest in Pakistani cuisine and traditional folklore music.

Pakistan's best chefs and musicians specially flown in for the occasion.

For lucky guests:

1st PRIZE
1st class round-trip ticket for two to Manila, plus 1 week stay at Sheraton
2nd PRIZE
1st class round-trip ticket for two to Pakistan



PIA
Great people to fly with

Albadr-Sheraton Hotel
For reservation and information, contact Tel: 47111.

For reservation and information, contact our office JEDDAH Tel: 41110, 22000 Agents: Abdul Aziz H. Algasabli

ALTAWIL FOOD SERVICES

THE QUALITY INDUSTRIAL CATERERS

IF YOU NEED:

- COMPLETE CAMP MANAGEMENT.
- HOSPITAL CATERING.
- TURNKEY KITCHEN INSTALLATION OR ENGINEERING.
- FOOD SUPPLIES.
- COMPLETE CAFETERIA AND CANTEN MANAGEMENT.

THEN OUR PROFESSIONALS ARE READY TO ASSIST YOU!

ALTAWIL FOOD SERVICES

CALL US AT OUR HEAD OFFICE:

P.O. BOX 40205, RIYADH.
TEL: 4782405 / 4774758
TELEX: 202771 FOODS SJ

ASSOCIATED WITH:

STOUFFER'S MANAGEMENT,
FOOD SERVICE
SOLOM, OHIO, U.S.A.

EUREST
EUROPEAN RESTAURANT CO.
PARIS, FRANCE.

Company has 'waterfall rights' Norwegians offer water for Arabs

Special to Arab News
OSLO, March 21 — Norway, a "water-rich" country is lining up with other nations trying to market fresh water to Saudi Arabia and Gulf countries.

"It offers high quality water from an everlasting source on the west coast of Norway," says Viggo Amundsen, of Hjalmar Lund Shipping of Oslo.

The company, which has exclusive marketing rights to a waterfall in Norway, claims "the water has been officially tested and satis-

fies chemical and bacteriological requirements for trade."

Saudi Arabia, a country without rivers, presently produces desalinated water to ease the country's thirst.

"We can load this water into tankers at a speed of 20,000 tons per hour, and would like to emphasize that water loaded into the ballast tanks of modern vessels having segregated ballast system, would remain absolutely clean as no oil has ever been loaded in these tanks," Amundsen said.

"Taking into consideration that the largest tankers can be loaded within 24 hours and that the loading place is situated a very short distance from where these tankers return in ballast to the Arabian Gulf, we feel confident that the oil companies will see it in their advantage to quote a reasonable rate for the transportation," he added.

Amundsen said that from a modern tanker of about 340,000 tons dry weight it should thus be possible to receive about 50/100,000 tons of clean drinking water.

Study calls for continuous monitoring

High pollution levels found in Saudi Arabia

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, March 21 — An official report just issued indicates a high level of air pollution in the Kingdom's major cities, and recommends continuous monitoring in order to characterize problem areas and set ambient standards.

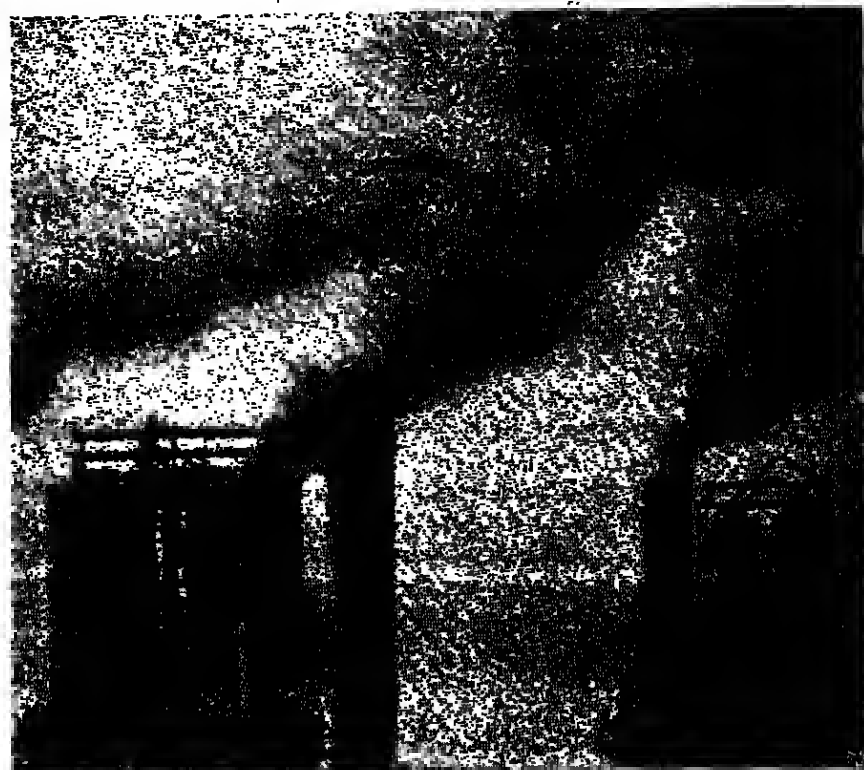
The 1977 report of the General Directorate of Meteorology, of the Ministry of Defense and Aviation published this week, said that measurements and monitoring indicated that significant pollution levels were already present in many areas. During the period from March 16, 1977 through April 1, 1977 ambient air pollution monitoring measurements were conducted in several areas of the country.

The measurements were made in major population centers of Jeddah, Riyadh and Dhahran. Studies also were conducted near the proposed industrial areas of Jubail and Yanbu. The measurements made included continuous monitoring of sulfur dioxide, oxidants, carbon monoxide, hydrogen sulfide, nitric oxide, and total suspended particulates.

"Results indicate that significant pollution levels are already present in many areas. The downtown areas of major population centers exhibit carbon dioxide levels which average 10 to 20 parts per million with peaks higher than 50 ppm during period of traffic congestion.

Sulfur dioxide levels are consistently in the range of 25 to 50 parts per billion, but levels as high as 90 ppb were found downwind of the Ras Tanura refinery in the small town of Safwa. Oxidant levels as high as 0.35 ppm were also recorded in this area, and in the town of Jubail oxidant peak values as high as 0.55 ppm were found."

The report said it was difficult to assess the levels of oxides of nitrogen and hydrogen sulfide since they were commonly at the lower end of sensitivity of the monitors used. Total suspended particulates were also high. The highest recorded was 967 per cubic



POLLUTION: The cement factory along Medina Road emits high levels of pollution that is dispersed in the air.

meter south of Riyadh. It must be noted, the report said, that much of the particulate is in the form of wind blown dust and sand.

For test purposes the directorate chose a few sites in Jeddah. On March 17, 1977 the site was downtown near Said Stores, King Abdul Aziz Street. The temperature was 24°C, relative humidity 63% at 1314 hours. Very high carbon dioxide levels were measured.

On March 19, 1977 south of Jeddah at the quarantine, on Mahjar Road. No significant levels of carbon dioxide were found but very high suspended particulates.

Significant levels of carbon dioxide were found in downtown Riyadh during the same week due to heavy traffic in the area. And in the Riyadh airport neighborhood low levels were indicated except for some high carbon dioxide peaks. Manual readings were taken from the ozone monitor digital readout which indicated some levels of significance.

Jubail recorded the highest levels of oxidants at 0.551 ppm. All other values were low except for several high carbon dioxide peaks. At Safwa the highest sulfur dioxide level was recorded at 90 ppb. Ozone was also relatively high.

Saudi Comment

By Hussein Ali Hussein
Al Medina

We are making a clamor and cry over the opening of a women's bank, as if it will bring in its trail some problems for the ladies of our country. Why is it that we are so reluctant to see a woman deposit her funds in a bank whose entire staff is made up of her own species?

There are, after all, many women in commercial business. Some of them, including widows and the divorced, are engaged in sale and purchase transactions, while others' wealth becomes a focal point for the weak-spirited people of their own families. Why can't she have the right to manage her funds and put them herself in a bank that has been opened especially for her?

It seems to be a necessity because other banks do not accept deposits by women and, if they do, it has to be done through a male representative. It is a practice which often puts women depositors to unnecessary difficulties and problems.

Some people have made a big fuss about women's banking, although it is very natural for an affluent country to have such a facility for its citizens.

Our women do not normally go out. But if they do, they are accompanied by someone until they come back home. Our protest of her going out to the bank may create a problem for ourselves. It might necessitate that we close down our hospitals, schools and women's colleges, since the vagabonds will harass them as they will inside a women's bank. It is an opinion calling for a guardian that a woman does not really feel much in need of.

The advocate of the women's bank is, no doubt, a person of refined thinking whose intentions no one can afford to suspect. We will only be unjust to women and to the originator of this idea if we tried to interpret it otherwise. It is definitely a service to women to find an institution to serve her by protecting her resources without any selfish motives.

Koran-reading contest to be broadcast abroad

MECCA, March 21 (SPA) — An international Koran-reading competition begins here April 12 and will be relayed live by satellite to other Islamic countries.

The Ministry of Pilgrimage and Endowments invited 42 Islamic states, 75 Islamic associations and centers as well as Saudi nationals to take part in the contest.

Every country will send two competitors, while every Islamic organization will send only one.

Two Saudis, who have memorized the Holy Koran fully, Muhammad Mekki Hedayatullah and, Fuad Mursafa Kamal Al-Lazzan, will represent Saudi Arabia.

Hasa groups plan projects for cultural improvement

HASA, March 21 (SPA) — As part of the plan for cultural, scientific, housing and handicraft improvements the Social Development Center of Hasa adopted numerous projects.

The Women's Committee of the center organized an English language training session for ladies in Umran. Presently, 14 ladies joined the session, Khalifa Al-Naeen the director of the center said Friday.

The center is carrying out a project to improve housing. The project began four months ago, and helps 90 families from ten villages in the center's operation range area.

The government has raised part of the project's capital. The rest has been collected through local contributions. It helps improve

the health and living standards of the families.

The center also helps kindergartens in Umran, Jafri, and Fidoul and provides them with various sports and playing equipment. It gives kindergartens special attention to ensure social, health and psychological care for the children, Khalifa said.

There are 270 children in these kindergartens, he added.

The center has a project for developing handicrafts and skills for rural youths. Forty-five youths enrolled the session, aimed at preserving the rural skills, Khalifa added.

The services of the center extend to 21 villages in addition to towns of Umran and Jafri.

Saudi-Cairo to open branch

Women's banking expands

JEDDAH, March 21 — The Saudi-Cairo Bank is to open a women's branch in Riyadh on Wednesday, March 26, becoming the fourth "women only" branch bank in Saudi Arabia.

The Saudi-Cairo women's branch follows the opening of the National Commercial Bank full service ladies branch in Jeddah, and the Al Rajhi Company for money Changing and Commerce in Riyadh and Jeddah.

Other banks expected to follow suit include the Riyadh Bank, Citibank and the Saudi-British Bank. The banks have begun opening branches for women as a result of a

ruling by the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency. The banks permit segregation of the sexes and adhere to Islamic teachings giving women the right to manage their business affairs.

Although new to Saudi Arabia, women only branches are fairly common in Kuwait and other Gulf states.

One woman banker from the NCB branch in Jeddah told Arab News that now women could stop storing valuables and money in their homes and deposit it in the bank. The result would be an additional source of funds for investment into the economy, she added.

Islamic Solidarity Fund to meet

By a Staff Writer

JEDDAH, March 21 — The Islamic Solidarity Fund will open its 16th session here Saturday under Dr. Ezzeddin Ibrahim, the president of the fund's Permanent Council.

The ISF is an agency of the Organization of the Islamic Conference sharing the same headquarters, but having an independent budget. Its resources come from the OIC member states.

The Fund, which began operating in 1974, works to foster Islamic solidarity throughout the world. It promotes Islamic and Arabic cultures, gives aid to Muslim countries and institutions all over the world and aids Muslims in distress. The Fund sponsors religious and cultural programs all over the world.

One of the main issues for the Fund is to ensure a steady income, instead of depending solely on member states contributions. For this purpose the creation of a \$100 million Waqf (or Trust) is envisaged and is to be financed by OIC member states. Saudi Arabia has already committed \$15 million for the Trust.

High on the agenda of the six-day session

will be a discussion of the draft statute of the Trust. The draft will be submitted to the 11th Islamic Foreign Ministers Conference scheduled for April in Islamabad.

A follow-up committee under Dr. Ezzeddin Ibrahim and comprising representatives from Bangladesh, Sudan and the Islamic Secretariat met Thursday to revise the Trust's statute along with the new by-laws of the ISF.

The 16th session will also discuss draft programs for propagating the Islamic faith, as well as symposia and youth welfare activities.

Other items on the agenda include discussion and endorsement of reports and recommendations of the sub-committees in charge of examining requests for assistance to Islamic organizations and centers in Africa, the Middle East, Asia, Australia, Europe and America.

The group also will evaluate the Fund's activities during the period from February 1979 to February, 1980. Delegates will consider coordination with the Islamic Development Bank in common areas of endeavor. The group will study a proposal by the Mecca based Muslim World League to set up an Islamic Relief Organization.

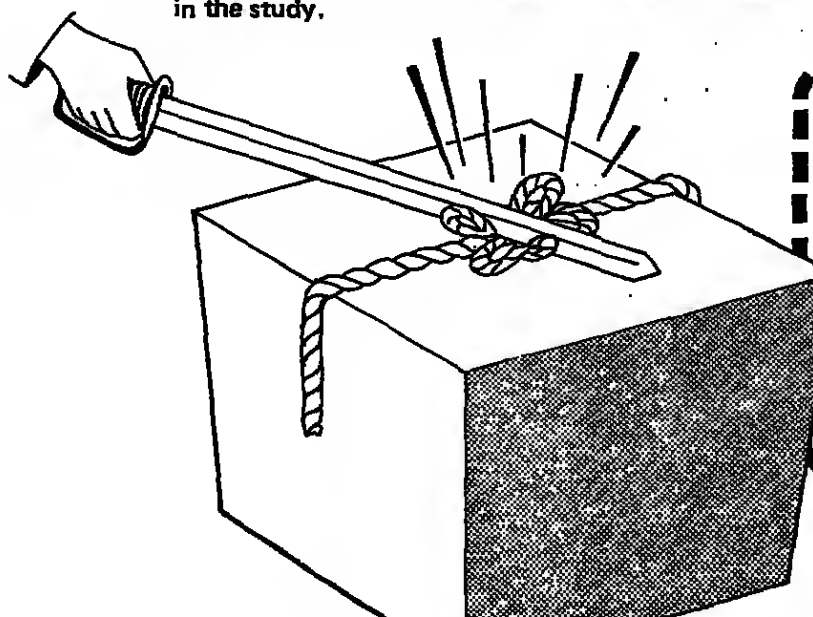
BUYING HABITS IN SAUDI ARABIA

That Saudi Arabia is a wealthy country is well known, but the spending habits of individuals has until now been largely a matter of conjecture. This is no longer so.

Tihama, in association with Frith Overseas Research Ltd., a professional UK research firm has carried out a study of buying habits and practices.

The study covering the Western Region is based on the city of Jeddah. A total of 1,700 people from all walks of life including 450 women were interviewed and the data compiled into a comprehensive study which is now available.

Accordingly a wide range of reports on Saudi buying habits and practices in relation to specific consumer items is also available. Each report priced according to the depth of the study is accompanied with an outline of the methodology used in the study.



SPECIAL DISCOUNT OFFER

While placing your orders take advantage of our special discount offer. 10% discount on orders exceeding two titles and 20% discount if you order five or more titles.

To order, please cut this form, place a tick mark against titles that you wish to have, fill in your name and address and mail it to:

TIHAMA For Advertising, Public Relations & Marketing Research.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs Complex, P.O. Box 5455
T.P. 40000 - 26 Jeddah, Cable: TIHAMA, JEDDAH.
Telex: 401205 TIHAMA SJ.

Name of company

Address

Name of Person Ordering

(Block Letters Please)

Position held in company

(All orders must be accompanied by remittance)

Code No.	Report Title	Price
		Pounds Dollar Saudi Riyals
FOOD & DRINK		
11/W	Usual shopping/shopping decision maker	650 1300 4800
12/W	Brand loyalty	650 1300 4800
13/W	Report 1A & 1B	1000 2000 7500
14/W	Cooking fats	100 200 750
15/W	Purchase of fresh/frozen/canned meat	100 200 750
16/W	Ready prepared meals, meat pies, fruit pies	500 1000 3750
17/W	Fresh and frozen fruit	300 600 2200
18/W	Packaged cakes and biscuits	200 400 1500
19/W	Tea, coffee, milk	250 500 1850
20/W	Fruit juice and bottled water	150 300 1100
21/W	Brand preference in fizzy, that is, carbonated drinks	650 1300 4800
SMOKING		
22/W	Brands and quantities smoked	100 2000 7500
CONSUMER DURABLES		
23/W	Audio equipment	150 300 1100
24/W	Watches	300 600 2200
25/W	Camera and cam-corders	400 800 3000
26/W	Cigarette lighters	200 400 1500
27/W	Videotape recorders	650 1300 4800
CAR OWNERSHIP		
28/W	Numbers of cars owned, and make	650 1300 4800
BANKING		
29/W	Individual use of accounts & cheque books	150 300 1100
FAMILY UNIT SIZE & TYPE OF RESIDENCE		
30/W	Report on all 1,723 respondents	200 400 1500

If you are in the South of Saudi Arabia and want to advertise in saudi business just ring: 2245810 2245806



ABHA BRANCH

AL-NASEEM DISTRICT, TAIF ROAD STREET, P.O. BOX 522,

تيمامة

More than 3,000 compete

Sixth annual camel races held

AL-JANADEREYYAH, March 21 — The Sixth Annual Camel Race was held here Thursday. King Khaled and Gulf Sheikh Zayed bin Sultan of the United Arab Emirates officiated the event, considered a major occasion for the entire Arabian Peninsula. More than 3,000 camels participated in the race. The first event, a 22-kilometer contest, saw 300 Sudanese camels vie for the award. The second race had 2,704 Arabian camels competing. Official attendance was difficult to estimate since the stands were packed with people from all walks of life.

Crown Prince Fahd, Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah, along with princes, ministers, senior officials and high-ranking officers, also attended.

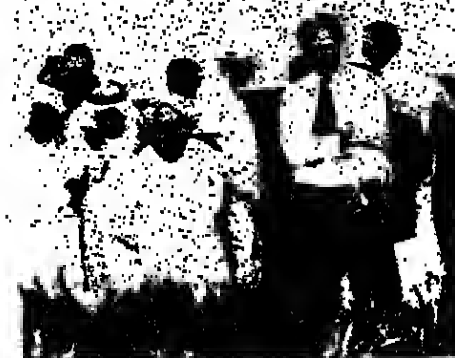
ERRATUM

On Thursday, March 20, Arab News printed an interview with Salim A. Salam, general manager of International and government affairs for Middle East Airlines. He was incorrectly quoted on one statement. The statement should have read: "If Saudia Airlines needs their 747s overhauled, MEA would perform the services, also Saudia has some L-1011 aircraft that MEA could service also."

Ministry announces mosque clean-up week

RIYADH, March 21 (SPA) — The third annual week for mosque maintenance will begin Saturday throughout the kingdom. It is to be carried out by concerned government departments such as governorates, municipalities, the Ministry of Information and schools.

Amin Attas, deputy minister of pilgrimage and endowments Thursday said the aim of the week was to concentrate in looking after mosques and remind the people of their responsibilities towards the houses of God (mosques) to put them in the proper place for sanctity.



INSPECTION: Australian Deputy Premier and Minister of Commerce, T.D. Anthony, returned to Riyadh from Hurd where he visited agricultural projects.

The winning jockeys were mostly children under age 14. Prizes were awarded for first through fifth place camels. To insure no confusion in issuing awards, jockeys picked numbers from guards after they passed the finish line.

Prince Badr bin Abdul Aziz, deputy commander of the National Guard and committee supervisor for the event, took the winners to King Khaled and Sheikh Zayed, who congratulated the jockeys and handed out lavish awards.

The first-place winner received SR35,000 and a tow-truck, presented by the National Car Company. Second place received SR25,000, third received SR22,000, fourth received SR21,000 and fifth place won SR20,000.

Although betting is forbidden in Islam, camel racing has been a sport of Gulf Arabs. The event is held and the prizes awarded to improve the races and continue the tradition. Winners were:

- The Sudanese Camel race**
1. Epsolon — Prince Saad bin Muhammad bin Abdul Aziz
 2. Shouba — Prince Muhammad bin Saad bin Abdul Aziz
 3. Al-Ba'iq — Prince Faisal bin Khaled bin Abdul Aziz
 4. Al-Fera — Prince Saad bin Muhammad bin Abdul Aziz
 5. Hobab — Prince Muhammad bin Saad bin Abdul Aziz
- The Arabian Peninsula race**
1. Shagra — Prince Saad bin Muhammad bin Abdul Aziz
 2. Chayyan — Prince bin Amr bin Abdul Aziz
 3. Al-Naway — Prince Saad bin Muhammad bin Abdul Aziz
 4. Al-Hayyan — Prince Faisal bin Khaled bin Abdul Aziz
 5. Al-Wakeel — Prince Saad bin Muhammad bin Abdul Aziz

At noon, King Khaled and Sheikh Zayed, were the guests of a banquet given by Prince Abdullah.

The banquet also was attended by a large number of princes and senior officials as well as the delegate accompanying Sheikh Zayed, which included UAE Vice President Sheikh Rashid bin Said Al-Maktoum.

Saudia sponsors local book fair

JEDDAH, March 21 — A week-long Book Fair was sponsored by Saudia at the Zebin Compound where the offices of the Corporate Training & Development is housed. The Saudi publishing & Distributing House, who extended cooperation in organizing the fair, put on display nearly five thousand titles (both in Arabic and English languages) on various subjects which included religion and science, reference books, encyclopedia, books on teaching of English as a foreign language, elementary books for children etc.

The first event of its kind sponsored by Saudia has very perfectly matched with the activities of training and development of manpower, which are the main functions of the Corporate Training & Development Division of Saudia in order to produce fresh skilled employees for this fast growing airline.



RACES: Winners of the camel races in Riyadh are shown pictured here.

BRIEFS

RIYADH, March 21 (SPA) — The rector of Imam Muhammad bin Saud Islamic University, Dr. Abdullah bin Abdul Mohsen Al-Turki, Wednesday began a tour of several Islamic nations for three weeks. The aim of the visit is to inspect Islamic universities and centers and institutions dealing with Islamic and Arabic language studies. Dr. Abdullah will discuss mutual cooperation between these institutions and the universities and institutes in the Kingdom.

AMMAN, March 21 (SPA) — The Jordanian Minister of Endowments and Islamic Affairs, Kamel Sharif, will represent his country in the forthcoming conference of the Messenger and the Message, to be held in London between April 12 and 15. The Jordanian government was invited to the conference by its organizers, the European Islamic Council.

ISLAMABAD, March 21 (SPA) — The second Islamic religion propagation conference ended here Thursday. The conference decided that an international center is to be built at Mecca, in order to propagate the Islamic religion in different parts of the world. The conference sponsored by Qaid University of Pakistan, in cooperation with King Abdulaziz University of Jeddah, decided to build in Islamic cities centers for higher Islamic studies and the infusion of the Arabic language in these centers to offer non-Arabic speaking Muslims find an opportunity to combat the ideals and essentialities of Islam. It also called Muslim countries to propagate the Islamic religion and culture among its people. The conference held its first meeting in Mecca in 1977 and called for the study of Islamic sharia and will hold its next session in Bangladesh.

WEATHER

It will be warm in most areas during the day, and moderate at night. Temperatures will drop in the northern region and it will be covered with low and medium cloud.

Winds will be southerly and moderate in most areas. They will be active in the northern region and inland areas, causing sand haze.

Seas will be calm to moderate. Friday's temperature (maximum, minimum in centigrade)

Mecca	37	22
Jeddah	34	21
Riyadh	31	15
Dhahran	27	13
Medina	34	19
Taif	28	15
Jizan	35	27
Hail	27	16
Turuf	18	10
Qaisumah	29	14
Sulayyil	38	18
Abha	24	13

HEAVY PROBLEM?

WE ARE IN THE CONSTRUCTION FIELD TOO. YOU HAVE A SMALL JOB, BUT VERY HEAVY? OR IT IS RELATIVELY LIGHT BUT FAR AWAY TO REACH?

In any case, do call us!

Our coles colossus can help you anywhere in the Kingdom

Call
**BINLADIN
LOSINGER LTD.**

TEL: (021) 77469
TELEX: 401258 BINLDN SJ
P.O. BOX 958 JEDDAH

Industrial products
Foodstuffs; Furniture
Household goods
Agricultural equipment
Building products
Medical products
Automotive products; Aircraft
Communications equipment
Whatever your interest there's something for you at the

Australian Trade Display

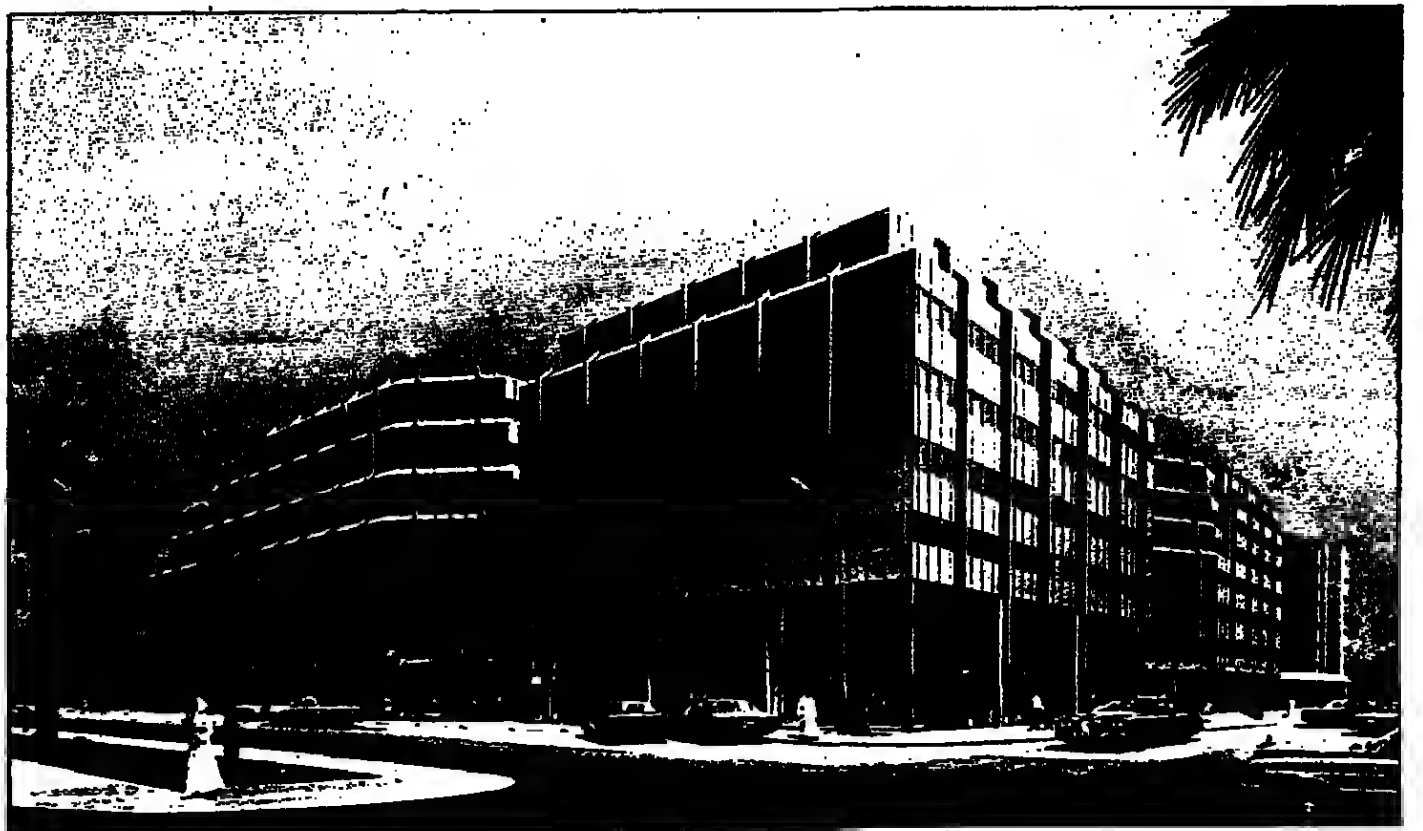
23-27 March,
Jeddah Chamber of Commerce and Industry Exhibition Centre,
King Khalid bin Abdul Aziz Street, Jeddah.
Hours: 23 March, 6.30 pm-9.00 pm,
24-26 March, 5.00 pm-9.00 pm,
27 March, 5.00 pm-8.00 pm.

Come and see a big selection of high quality Australian products ideally suited for a wide variety of uses in Saudi Arabia.

For more information
Ask the Australian
Trade Commissioner
PO Box 4876, Jeddah. Tel: 51303, 52329.
Telex: 401016 AUSTEM SJ

SAUDI REAL ESTATE CO.

announce with great pleasure that their
Riyadh Residential Commercial Complex
(Siteen Street) is ready for rent



SALIENT FEATURES OF THE COMPLEX:

- * Centrally-Airconditioned
- * Wall-to-Wall Carpeting
- * Double Glazing Windows
- * Smoke Detection and Sprinkler Systems
- * Seven Elevators
- * Sufficient Telephone Lines are being provided for Apartments and offices
- * Independent Generator in case of power failure

There are 103 apartments ranging from 88 sq meters to 190 sq meters. Capacity of every apartment varies from one bedroom to three bedrooms depending on size. Apartments are available on 6th and 7th floor only while the space for offices throughout the building.

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS, PLEASE CONTACT:

SAUDI REAL ESTATE CO. RIYADH

TEL: 4042548 - 4777124 - 25821 - 25820 - RIYADH

Syria minister blames U.S., Israel for internal unrest

DAMASCUS, March 21 (Agencies) — A top Syrian official has blamed recent unrest in northern Syria on American and Israeli agents taking advantage of merchants dissatisfied with price controls imposed by the Socialist government.

Information Minister Ahmad Iskandar Ahmad, answering written questions at his office here Thursday also praised his country's deepening strategic relationship with the Soviet Union.

The minister calmly commented on the strikes and demonstrations that shut down the northern cities of Aleppo and Hama for about a week earlier this month.

Anti-government demonstrators firebombed the offices of the government airline and the Soviet airline, Aeroflot, in Aleppo, along with some liquor stores and government-run supermarkets, sources said. Iskandar rejected reports from Western diplomatic sources here that the disturbances reflect growing popular discontent with the government of President Hafez Assad, who has been in power since 1970.

"The United States of America and Israel are the head of the snake in the plan," said Iskandar, echoing Assad's repeated verbal attacks on the two countries. "This is clear and evident whether through political analysis or through information we have obtained through our investigations of the killers."

The minister, who has been a member of the regional command of the ruling Arab

Socialist Baath Party for six weeks, said America was fomenting the trouble because of Syria's refusal to join the American-sponsored Camp David peace process.

He said the Muslim Brotherhood and other reactionary and feudal elements were helping the U.S. and Israel to stir up unrest.

"Those who launched these disturbances have taken the pretext of some negative aspects of the internal situation in order to serve their own political aims," he said. "They have tried to take advantage of the resentment of some merchants to the law, passed by the Syrian parliament, imposing severe punishment on anyone who raises prices without reason above official rates."

The minister confirmed news reports that Assad has approved use of the Syria-Israel border for Palestinian commando raids against the Jewish state.

Meanwhile, an official source said Friday that the government is relaxing restrictions on the activities of the Syrian Communist Party and three other leftist groups.

Along with President Assad's ruling Arab Baath Socialist Party, the four are grouped in the National Progressive Front formed in 1973 to broaden the base of the government.

The source said that members of the four parties would now be allowed to work in some government departments.

Apart from the Communist Party, restrictions were being lifted on the Syrian Socialist Party, the Arab Socialist Party and the Union of Arab Socialists, the source added.



Mustapha Khalil

Egypt urges Israel to clarify security stand

CAIRO, March 21 (R) — Egyptian Premier Mustapha Khalil has said negotiations on Palestinian autonomy for the West Bank and Gaza Strip could not be completed on May 26 as scheduled unless Israel defined its security requirements.

Khalil, speaking at a news conference Thursday, said Israeli negotiators had brought up the security question at every discussion during the 10-month-old talks, but failed to clarify their stand.

"We are urging the Israeli government to agree to form a committee that would clarify and discuss the issue of security. If the Israelis will be reluctant to accept this I don't think that we can proceed and meet the May 26 date," Khalil said.

May 26 is the date set up by the Camp David Middle East accord, signed by Egypt, Israel and the U.S. in Washington in 1978, to complete autonomy negotiations for 1.5 million Palestinians on the West Bank and in Gaza.

Khalil said Egypt insisted that Israel should table its concept of security and that Egypt will propose the formation of a committee on the issue during a ministerial meeting on autonomy in Alexandria next week.

He hoped that talks which President Carter has called in Washington next month, with President Sadat and Israeli Premier Menachem Begin would help surmount obstacles to the autonomy talks.

Khalil said Egypt and Israel still differed widely on such other fundamental issues such as how elections for an autonomous Palestinian council on the West Bank and Gaza Strip should be conducted and what powers it should have.

Egypt wants the Palestinian council to hold the same executive, legislative and judicial powers exercised by the Israeli military governor of the two regions.

Israel insists the council should only be granted limited responsibilities to run daily affairs.

PFLP spurns Europe moves toward PLO

BEIRUT, March 21 (R) — A Palestinian commando group has rejected West European moves toward the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) saying they were linked to U.S. plans for a Middle East settlement.

The Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP) said in an editorial in its weekly magazine *Al-Hadaf* that the Europeans, particularly France and West Germany, were cooperating closely with Washington.

The U.S.-sponsored Camp David peace accords between Israel and Egypt have been rejected by almost all Arab states and the PLO.

But a French call, backed by several European states, for Palestinian self-determination and a PLO role in a Middle East peace conference has been welcomed by the Palestinian organization.

The editorial said the Europeans were trying to impose stability in the Middle East "on the basis of...insuring the interests of imperialism in the Arab homeland and liquidating the Palestinian question through a partial solution for the (West) Bank and the Gaza Strip."

U.S. aide holds talks in Pakistan

KARACHI, March 21 (AP) — President Zia ul-Haq has said that the commander of the U.S. Seventh Fleet and other high ranking naval officers were in Pakistan for consultations with the government.

In an interview with the daily *Nawaat* of Lahore Wednesday, Zia said that the U.S. officials have not yet called on him, but the talks were arranged. He did not elaborate. Zia stated that process of bringing about important changes in the country's military structure would be completed by the end of the month and new corps commanders will take up their charge soon.

He also said that he had extended his term of office for the chief of army staff.

In another development, British Ambassador to Pakistan O.G. Forster said Wednesday night his country had written off a 1.5 billion rupee (\$150 million) loan made to Pakistan last year.

"Now Pakistan has nothing to pay back to Britain," he said.

He said he hoped other aid-giving countries would also reschedule or write off Pakistan's debts to reduce its economic strains.

Forster said that Britain is providing 434 million rupees (\$43.5 million) in fresh economic assistance.

U.N. official confers with Khaddam

DAMASCUS, March 21 (R) — U.N. undersecretary for special political affairs Brian Urquhart had talks here Thursday with Syria's Deputy Premier and Foreign Minister Abdul-Huhim Khaddam on Middle East developments, official sources said.

After the talks Urquhart, who arrived here Wednesday visited the U.N. Disengagement

Observer Force (UNDOF) in the Golan Heights. He was accompanied by Maj.-Gen. Adnan Tayyara, head of the Syrian side on the joint observer committee.

Urquhart had visited Lebanon and had meetings with Lebanese and Palestinian officials.

Student clashes close Khartoum U

KHARTOUM, March 21 (AP) — Khartoum University has been closed indefinitely following student clashes in which one person was killed and 40 wounded, the official Sudan news agency reported Thursday.

Exams, set for early April, have been put off. Student hostels attached to the university also have been emptied and the students ordered home, the agency said.

Army officer murdered in Turkey

ANKARA, March 21 (AP) — Unidentified gunmen killed a Turkish army lieutenant in the south eastern city of Diyarbakir, officials reported Thursday.

They said Lt. Omer Koc, attached to the martial law headquarters in Diyarbakir, was

The clashes involved right-wing Muslim Brothers and left-wing and Communist factions over student elections.

The Muslim Brothers won all 40 seats in the student union last year.

This year, however, they won only 12, with the leftists capturing the other 28. The clashes began several days ago when the Muslim Brothers were denied any seats on the union executive committee.

cut down when he emerged from a local movie theater Wednesday evening. Leftist terrorists have stepped up their activities in recent months and scores of police and martial law troopers have been slain.

Numeiri says Sudan mediating Ethiopia-Eritrea dispute

DOHA, March 21 (R) — Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri says his country is trying to solve the 18-year-old conflict between the Ethiopian government and guerrillas in Ethiopia's eastern Eritrea province.

Numeiri, who arrived in Qatar Wednesday on the third leg of a Gulf tour, said on local television: "The recent rapprochement between Ethiopian and Sudan is aimed at solving the Ethiopian-Eritrean dispute and other problems in our region."

"We are trying to help the two sides to reach an agreement acceptable to both," he added.

Ethiopia and Sudan agreed last week to end their differences. Addis Ababa radio said Wednesday talks had begun in Asmara, capital of the Red Sea province of Eritrea, to eliminate problems in their relations.

Ethiopia has in the past accused neigh-

boring Sudan of supporting the Eritrean guerrillas.

Numeiri said Sudan could help end disputes such as that in Eritrea "since we ended a war in the south of Sudan which lasted 17 years, reaching a satisfactory solution with autonomy for the south within a united Sudan."

Numeiri also announced his support for a "national charter" governing inter-Arab relations proposed by Iraq. He said he agreed the charter should be studied at a summit of Arab leaders.

Sudan and Iraq broke off diplomatic relations a year ago after the Iraqi press criticized what it said was Sudan's support for the U.S. negotiated peace treaty between Egypt and Israel.

The Qatar news agency said Numeiri telephone Iraq's President Saddam Hussein to tell him he backed the Iraqi charter, which rejects foreign military bases on Arab soil and calls for peaceful solutions to inter-Arab disputes.

SHARP Sharpfax

PLAIN PAPER COPIER, BUILT IN MICRO COMPUTER 2 SIDE COPY. PRESENTS VERSATILITY, ECONOMY & CONVENIENCE



WIDE RANGE OF PAPER TYPE, OHP FILM & LABELS

DOUBLE CASSETTES GIVES YOU A CHOICE OF PAPER SIZE BY A FINGER-TIP KEY COMMAND.

FULL ONE YEAR GUARANTEE ENSURES FREE MAINTENANCE & SERVICING.

SOLE AGENTS:

HUSSAIN A. SAKLOU

JEDDAH TEL: 0FC. 43360, SHOWROOMS 23262, 20317

BRANCHES: RIYADH 40412781 AL-KHOBAR 46083 KHAMIS MESHET 0217

The best you get from switzerland

JUMANA Jewelry
AL-KAKI TRADING CENTER
Monceau of Switzerland

What's in Jeddah?

Ismail Haroon Dehlawi Est.
Mecca, P.O. Box 340, Tel: 25303, Telex: 440081 ISMAIL SJ. Mecca: Tel: 41693, 47130
Branches: Riyadh, Tel: 23042, Jeddah Tel: 31632, Taif Tel: 24148, Medina Tel: 8234817

For all electrical - electrical household appliances, air moving equipment, air conditioning, you need from

GENERAL Appliances/Aircondition
TAIYO Washers/Multispace Air Cond
SCANDINAVIA Refrigerators Freezers
MORPHY RICHARDS Irons/Dryers/Toasters
ALPHONE Intercom & Internal Telephone Systems

News News News News

From The Saudi Book Center

Now the widest choice of Arabic, English, French, German, paper backs, hard cover books, dailies, magazines, educational games, plenty of maps and painting plates

Visit our branch in SHERATON HOTEL open on Friday

Saudi Book Center
Redec Plaza, Phone 48880
JEDDAH SAUDI ARABIA

From the front, the unmistakable feeling of power and fight.

DAIHATSU 4 WHEEL DRIVE

Hamad Al Naser Alhatlani & Bros.

JEDDAH OFFICE: JEDDAH 71008-71009 MECCA ROAD #12
RIYADH OFFICE: TEL: 6006-71008-71009 SOUTH TO KHALAZ FOOTBALL STADIUM
DAMMAM OFFICE: TEL: 823106 FIDRAN ROAD

THE FIRST STEP TO SUCCESSFUL TRAVEL
ARABIAN TRAVEL SERVICES

Plan your trip to be a success with us, we offer all kinds of service and information facilities:

AIR LINE RESERVATIONS **AIR LINE TICKETS** **HOTEL RESERVATIONS** **TOURS** **TELEX SERVICES** **TICKETS DELIVERY**

ARABIAN TRAVEL SERVICES CO. LTD.
MAIN OFFICE: JEDDAH MEDINA ROAD
BRANCH OFFICE: RIYADH AIRPORT ROAD
TEL: 693150/693151 P.O. BOX 7395
TEL: 4771077/4771120 P.O. BOX 1343

Saudi Food Co. Ltd

Jeddah Cold Store
Tel: 48383

FROZEN LAMBS, BEEF
CHICKEN, VEGETABLES
ICE CREAM, RABBIT, DUCKS
BUTTER, ETC.

White Cliffs RENT

CRANES, EXCAVATORS, DOZERS AND COMPRESSORS

BACK FILLING AND EXCAVATION IS OUR BUSINESS

Please contact ADLI MAKTARI
Tel: 690307-601865 Jeddah Saudi Arabia

TO GIVE YOU ENDLESS PLEASURE AT SEA

SAMACO
SAUDI ARAB MARKETING CORPORATION
Arabian Street (East) Al-Haramain Plaza
P.O. BOX: 5968-TELEX: 401704 SJ DALAL 402069 SAMCO
TEL: 55588-872951-37787-41460

TALAL MATAR

FURNITURE ESTABLISHMENT
Present latest fashions
Italian made Furniture new designs
top quality models

Jeddah University Road Tel: 890914

Top-Fashion Ladies wear designed by world famous fashion houses presently on show at

Boutique EILE

Jeddah Khalid Ibn Alwaleed Street next to Atlas Hotel
Tel: 56840

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR ADDITIONAL & GIVE AWAY ITEMS

come to the money makers come to Kaswara

JUST GIVE US YOUR BUDGET AND LET US KNOW YOUR NEEDS WE'LL GIVE YOU THE ADVERT THAT PUTS YOU AHEAD INDEED

KASWARA Trading Corp.
Sheikha Khalid Bin Alwaleed Street
Tel: 672221 P.O. BOX 5203
Jeddah, Saudi Arabia

SEIKO QUARTZ

Sole Agent **AL-HUSSAINI**
Jeddah-Riyadh-Dammam-Mecca-Medina-Abha

طاعة الله

Tribal law, a rule of the road in Jordan

By Norah Barger

AMMAN — The idea that an automobile deadly machine perhaps occurred later to sterner than it did to the Arabs. Since the introduction of cars into Jordan, traffic has been settled by tribal law. Traditionally, unless a truce is made, tribal revenge can be taken for murder or injury inflicted by an instrument. Automobiles were immediately recognized here as falling under category.

Tribal courts were abolished in Jordan four years ago. Tribal law today has a status that lawyers term "legal but not the law." While the more sophisticated here were used to be rid of having to adhere to tribal law, even they will take recourse to it to settle arguments after a death in a car accident.

Furthermore, the requirements of tribal law are heeded by the police, settlements are entered by insurance companies and judges or notaries if a tribal peace has been made. People involved in these professions say they would advise anyone responsible for a death in a car accident to seek a tribal truce immediately from the family of the

deceased. The principle reason they give for adherence to tribal law in such cases is that tradition still deeply rooted here. While one party may willingly spurn tribal law the other may not, sensing the possibility, which law enforcement officers abhor, of international order or property damage.

Another reason the sophisticated give for observing tribal law is its speed. A final truce and an agreement for a settlement is usually accomplished within three months. In contrast, years and insurance agents say, a civil suit might take up to three or four years to settle. The swiftness of civil justice is attributed to Jordan's chronic lack of judges.

When an automobile accident comes to court, judges determine only whether the responsible party has violated traffic laws, therefore the common right. The personal right of the injured person or the family to demand a separate civil suit or high tribal law. According to a Minister of Justice, the use of tribal law in traffic accidents is "purely a voluntary undertaking."

Nonetheless, police at the scene of an accident usually begin immediate arrangements for a tribal truce called an 'atwa, from the Arabic word for the family of the dead. They contact the family of the responsible party and help them put either a jaha, a delegation of notables that usually includes a governor or other high official. It never includes any member of the two families involved in the accident.

The jaha visits the family of the deceased to offer an 'atwa on behalf of the family of the

guilty person. Through the jaha's request for a truce, this latter family expresses its guilt and sorrow for the accident as well as its readiness to seek forgiveness and make reparations for it. By accepting an 'atwa, the family of the deceased agrees not to take revenge on the other family through murder or property damage, such as burning the car concerned.

This 'atwa often is made within hours after the accident, and almost always before the deceased is buried. It lasts three-and-a-half days in accordance with the traditional tribal division of one third of a power of ten. It is called 'atwa imhal, the truce of respite. In days past, the tribe of the responsible party used this time to clear out of their village to

Police at the scene of an accident usually begin immediate arrangements for a tribal truce, called an 'atwa, with the family of the dead.

prevent any incidents after the truce. It is also called 'atwa fort ad dam, or the truce made when the blood of the family of the deceased boils with anger and desire for revenge.

If an 'atwa is not made, the family of the deceased traditionally has the right to kill the responsible party, or any other one person from his tribe to be a minister or a meedant. Sometimes, the family of the responsible party may refuse to make an 'atwa out of an unwillingness to admit guilt or to pay reparations. Or the family of the deceased may refuse a truce out of pride. In such cases, high government officials will intervene and press for a truce in order to uphold civil order and to prevent an outbreak of intertribal warfare.

After the three-and-a-half days are over, the 'atwa is generally renewed for a period of up to several months. Until the 'atwa is extended, the responsible person, regardless of his guilt, is usually held in jail for his own protection.

During this second period, the jaha negotiates arrangements for a final truce of peace, or 'atwa sulh. The family of the deceased may attach conditions to the extension of the 'atwa. It may insist that the jaha ensure that the responsible party will not be released from prison on bail. They may ask that his family leave town, or demand that the family provides them with food — rice, meat or sugar sufficient for 100 or even 1,000 persons — during the 'atwa period.

Once the jaha has completed the final negotiations it goes to the house of the deceased with the person responsible for the accident. Should it be a woman, her closest male relative goes in her stead as women are excluded from the entire 'atwa process.

The guilty person enters the house on his knees with an 'iqal, the Arab headband, around his neck. Approaching the closest relation of the deceased, he says, "I am your camel, load me."

The relation responds, "I load you with (for example) 1,000 dinars", adding, "but for the sake of the Prophet, I relieve you" of a certain amount. The guilty party is relieved of certain other amounts for the sake of others including certain sheikhs, the crown prince and, finally, the king. In this ritualistic way, the family gives up all its rights to revenge and further reparations. The two families, finally at peace, sign a contract that an 'atwa sulh has been made between them.

The final reparations amount is traditionally JD 333 (\$1,000) but sometimes it is higher if the deceased left many dependents or was an important family member, such as a doctor. Sometimes the person is relieved of the entire amount. In the past, each male member of the tribe contributed an equal amount to pay for the 'atwa sulh. Today, however, it is the insurance company which covers it. The settlement fee and other expenses, such as food, incurred during 'atwa negotiations, are usually paid immediately.

By law in Jordan, drivers must carry insurance at least against injury or death to a third party. The maximum amount of coverage — which includes multiple deaths that might occur in a single accident — is JD 5,000 (\$15,000). Because 'atwa reparations are low, insurance companies rarely need to pay out the full amount. If one wishes to recover a higher amount he can initiate what will be a prolonged and complicated civil suit. An agent for the oldest and largest insurance company here says that about 15 per cent of their clients choose to take this course. The companies, he said, heavily favor tribal settlements because they are quick and cheap.

In case of injury, an 'atwa is also often taken but on a smaller scale. The insurance company then pays either the tribal settlement or the hospital bills (up to JD 5,000) of the injured person.

The law treats payments made through 'atwa as an out-of-court settlement. However, if a tribal peace and reparations have already been made when the case comes to court, judges are more lenient in imposing fines and sentences on the guilty party.

The maximum sentence here for a death caused unintentionally in a traffic accident is six months, provided no flagrant traffic violations have occurred. The sentence is usually reduced to three months imprisonment, the maximum sentence that can be substituted by

paying a fine in Jordan. Because of this special legal treatment a tribal peace confers on the guilty party, lawyers urge their clients to take 'atwa.

At least one Ministry of Interior official who deals daily with tribal disputes, considers any adherence to tribal law a potential source of civil disorder, a headache he wishes would just go away. He is hopeful that as the "population becomes more sophisticated, the custom of 'atwa will become less prevalent."

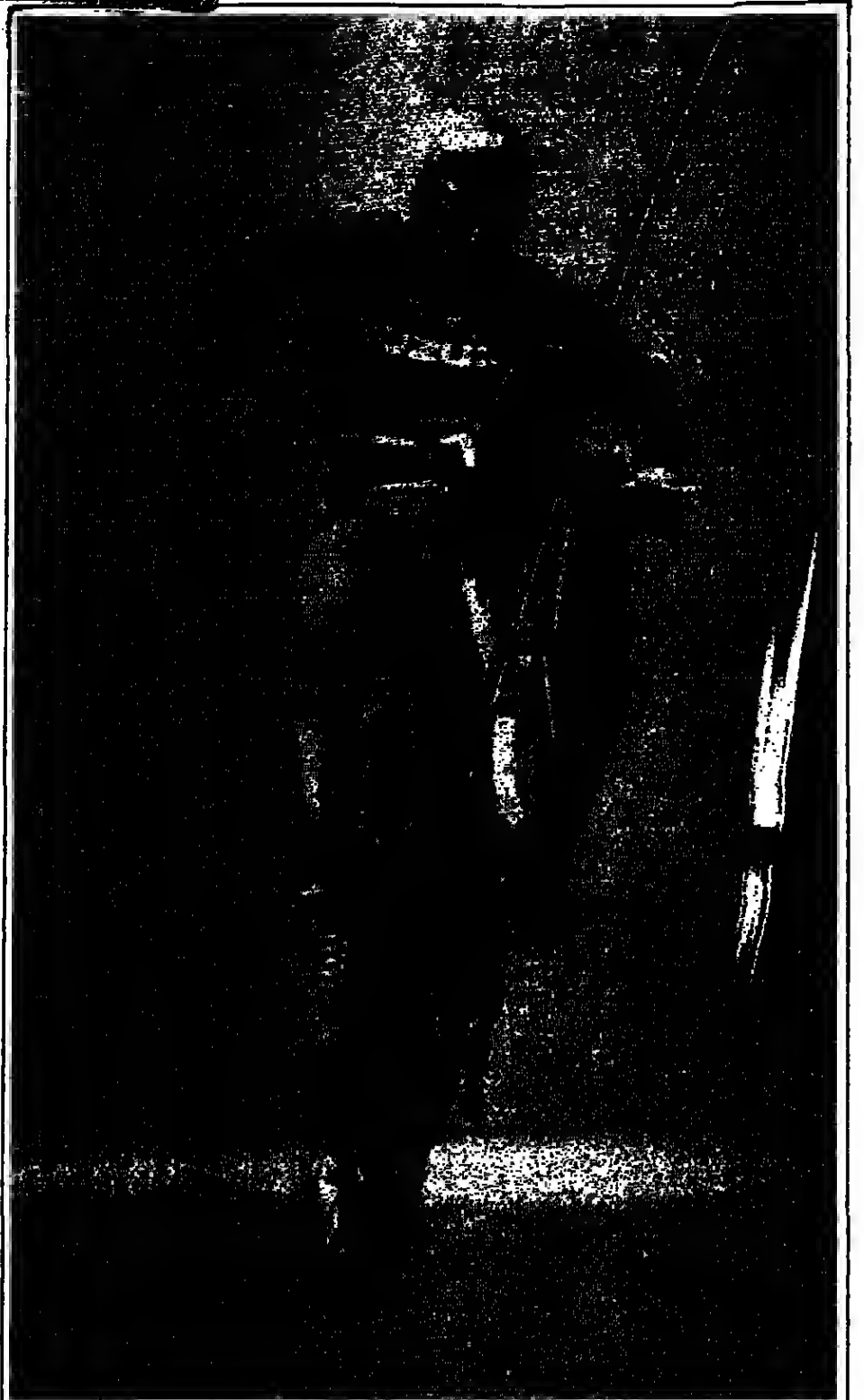
Insurance agents and lawyers, who deal personally with the parties involved in car accidents, however, see salutary psychological

The maximum sentence for a death caused unintentionally in a traffic accident is six months, provided no flagrant traffic violations have occurred. The sentence is usually reduced to three months imprisonment, the maximum sentence that can be substituted by paying a fine in Jordan.

benefits in tribal settlements. They point out that the bereaved family is given a safe and legitimate way in which to vent anger over the loss of a family member. Furthermore, the responsible party who has killed someone without malice does not need to carry his natural, though logically unwarranted, guilt for the deed by himself because the burden of guilt is shared with all his family. They also pointed out that this guilt is expiated through ritual.

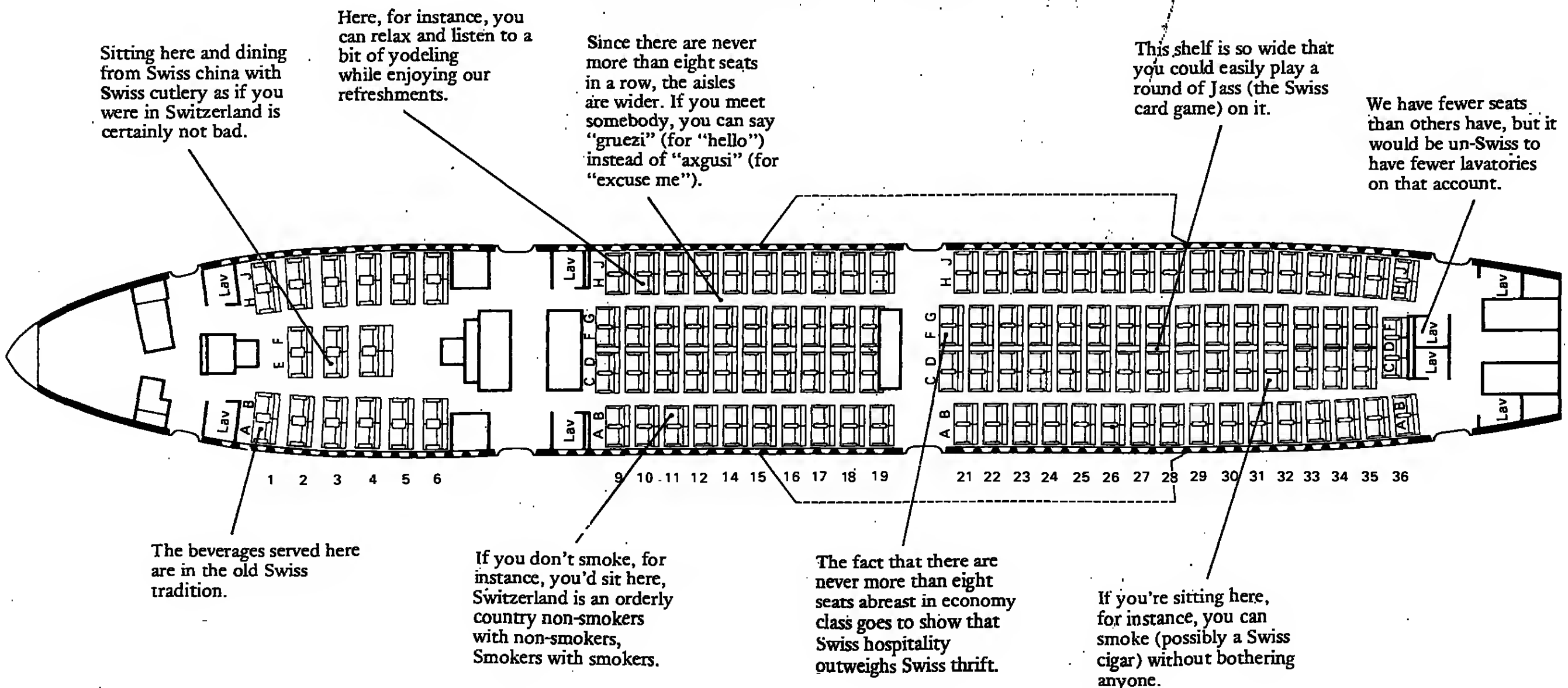
As one lawyer said, "atwa results in a satisfaction of a psychological sort for all parties concerned." He expressed fear that this benefit of tribal law would be lost if the impersonal court proceedings and insurance negotiations of the West took over in Jordan.

An insurance agent added: "I think 'atwa is a good idea; it suits our temperaments."



On April 11, an international motorcross race will be held on the outskirts of Jeddah. The first race will be at 11:00 a.m. (Call 692700 for information)

Enjoying the hospitality of Switzerland from Saudi Arabia on. In the Swissair DC-10-30 on the non-stop flights to Geneva and Zurich, as from April 1, 1980.



SWISSAIR Timetable for SAUDI ARABIA

Departures from DHAHRAN.

	SR 395	SR 387	SR 397
	Wed.	Fri.	Sun.
LAHRAN	1320	1150	1320
NEVA		1610	
RICH	1745	1745	1745

Departures from JEDDAH.

	SR 293	SR 381	SR 293
	Tue.	Thurs.	Fri.
JEDDAH	1400	0815	1400
GENEVA		1215	
ZURICH	1800	1350	1800

*Served by DC-8 Aircraft.

For further information please contact your LATA travel agent or Swissair or fill in the coupon and send it to the following addresses:-

JEDDAH — Al Zouman Falcon Wings for Travel and Tourism, Medina Road, North, P.O. Box 1514 Tel: 56233/4/5
 RIYADH — Al Zouman Falcon Wings for Travel and Tourism, Airport Road, P.O. Box 1343 Tel: 4775429 — 477553 — 4775617.
 AL KHOBAR — Kanoo Travel Agency, King Abdul Aziz Blvd., Kanoo Center, P.O. Box 122 Dhahran Airport, Tel: 8645878 — 8640058
 DAMMAM — Kanoo Travel Agency, King Faisal Street, P.O. Box 37 Tel: 8322499 — 8323084 — 8323789
 JUBAIL — Kanoo Travel Agency, Kanoo Building, P.O. Box 122 Dhahran Airport, Tel: 8331885 — 8331877 — 8332012 — Ext. 65.

Please send me more information about your services.

Name: _____

Address: _____

Phone: _____

swissair

arab news

SAUDI ARABIAN FIRST ENGLISH LANGUAGE DAILY

SAUDI RESEARCH AND MARKETING COMPANY

THE ARAB NEWS IS A POLITICAL AND FINANCIAL NEWSPAPER

Chairman: HISHAM ALI HAFIZ
Editor: MOHAMMAD ALI HAFIZ
Managing Editor: FAROUK LUQMAN
Asst. Gen. Manager: ROBERT JURJIDINI

MAIN OFFICE: ARAB NEWS BUILDING OFF SHARAFIA, P.O. BOX 4656
TEL: 34055-25705-30715 CABLE: ARABNEWS
TELEX: 401570 ARABNEWS SJ JEDDAH

RIYADH OFFICE: AL BATHA STREET, AL RAHBI BUILDING NO. 2, 4TH FLOOR,
APT. 210, P.O. BOX 478 TEL: 35272-30480 TELEX: 301680 ARABNEWS
TELEX: 201600 MARAD SJ

EASTERN REGION OFFICE: ABDULAH FOUAD CENTER ABDUL AZIZ STREET
10th FLOOR SUITE 1003 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 42891-48020-48016

MIDDLE EAST OFFICES: EGYPT: 31 AZIZAT AL ARAB STREET, MADINET
ALMOHANDASEEN, ADOUG, CAIRO TEL: 818382-815121

LEBANON: SANAYIN EL GHANEM BLVD., P.O. BOX 8688
BEIRUT, LEBANON TEL: 547000 TEL: 50849

LONDON OFFICE: 87 GOUGH SQUARE, 10 FET STREET,
LONDON EC4A 3D J. TEL: 333-44194/5 TELEX: 880272 ARAB NEWS

EUROPEAN OFFICES: SWITZERLAND: 9 PLACE DU MOULARD, GENEVA,
SWITZERLAND, TEL: 211711 TELEX: 289007 VARE, P.O. BOX 751211 GENEVA 3

PARIS OFFICE: 16 RUE CHRISTOPHE COLOMB AVENUE GEORGE V
75008 PARIS TEL: 720 36 34 / 723 88 89

TUNISIA OFFICE: TEL: 258811

U.S. OFFICES: HOUSTON: 2100 WEST LOOP SOUTH, SUITE 1650
HOUSTON, TEXAS 77057 TEL: (713) 981-0245

WASHINGTON, D.C.: 350 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20045 TEL: (202) 638-7183, TELEX: 440598 SAUDI U

JAPAN OFFICE: BASA 2, 12-10, TSURUMI, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN,
TEL: (045) 573-8916 TELEX: 477086 UMALOURA, CABLE: UMALOURA

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS: \$195 PER ANNUM POSTAGE INCLUDED.
INTERNATIONALS: \$195 PER ANNUM P. AGE INCLUDED

Produced and Printed at Al-Madina Printing and Publishing Co. Jeddah

For Riyadh and Eastern Region

Printed at Al-Yamama Printing Press

SOLE ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVES

TIHAMA

FOR ADVERTISING, PUBLIC RELATIONS & MARKETING RESEARCH

HEADQUARTERS: Jeddah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, Ministry
of Foreign Affairs Corridor, P.O. Box 5455, Tel. 40008 (20 lines)
Telex: 481225 TIHAMA SJ (2 lines) Cable: TIHAMA, JEDDAH
RIYADH BRANCH: Airport St. Behind American Mission
P.O. Box 4811, Tel. 478004, 63277 Telex: 201205 TIHAMA SJ
Cable: TIHAMA RIYADH
MECCA BRANCH: Omran Al Jedd (Mecca-Jeddah Road) Kilo 3
P.O. Box 1074 Tel. No. 34052, 37100, 37067, 37072
Cable: TIHAMA, MECCA
DAMMAM BRANCH: The Children District, Al Dhaman St.
Dammam 314, Tel. No. 34052, 37100, 37067, 37072
Cable: TIHAMA, DAMMAM
DUTYFREE ADV. BRANCH: Jeddah, Haman Bin Thabit St.
Al-Budayriyah, Tel. No. 34052, 37100, 37067, 37072
Cable: TIHAMA, DUTYFREE
ABBA BRANCH: Al-Nasr District, 84, Street P.O. Box 522
Tel. No. 2242971, 2245816 2245806 Cable: TIHAMA, ABBA
TAIF BRANCH: Al-Falakiyah District Airport St. P.O. Box 1248
Tel. No. 55690
LONDON BRANCH: Tihama Advertising & Marketing (UK) Ltd.,
International Press Centre 75, Chancery Lane, London EC4A 3DF
Tel. No. 2524559, 3326526, 3326126 & 3323140
Telex: 35522 TIHAMA G, Cable: TIHAMA, LONDON EC4

DECISIVE EVENTS

The end of this month is due to witness two events which can have a far reaching effect on the present quest for a just and comprehensive settlement for the Middle East crisis. In both of them the effect can go either way. Each of them can either propel the effort for peace forward or return it back to its point of departure.

The first of these is the European summit due to be held in Brussels on March 31. The summit will show if the European powers are now ready to come up with a firm plan for a peace initiative which will adequately take into account the legitimate aspirations of the Arab side, specifically the Palestinians.

The signs here are quite encouraging. President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing's declarations on the rights of the Palestinians are still fresh in Arab minds. And these have been backed most recently by a statement from British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher in which she asked an informal gathering of Arab ambassadors to "wait some positive developments."

But there are negative signs as well. Some of the European states might still cave in under the determined pressure mounted at present by Israel, the United States and the various Zionist lobbies inside Europe to abort such a possibility. Israeli Prime Minister Begin has said that the United States is already attempting to persuade the Europeans to include no mention of "the Palestinian right to self-determination" in any declaration on the issue they might make. If this proves to be true, Arab-American relations will be very seriously affected.

The second important, also at the end of this month, is linked to this last consideration. It is the time when the U.N. Security Council is due to meet to debate the problem of Palestine. This is expected to coalesce on either an amendment or a displacement of U.N. Resolution 242, in which the rights of the Palestinians as a people are unambiguously upheld. The debate is to prove decisive on where the United States will stand on the issue.

saudi press review

A majority of weekend newspapers capped their pages with the appointment of new governors in several regions of the Kingdom. Prince Majed, minister of municipal and rural affairs, was appointed governor of Mecca; Prince Abdullah, governor of Qassim; Prince Abdul Majid, governor of Tabuk and Prince Muqren, governor of Hail. Interior Minister Prince Naif's statement that the basic statutes for government will be based on Islamic principles formed the lead story in *Okaz* newspaper.

In a front-page story, *Al Medina* reported that the Saudi-American Joint Commission for economic cooperation will meet in Washington to early April. *Al Nadwa* gave front-page prominence to the King's patronage of the sixth annual camel race in Riyadh Thursday. In another front-page highlight, the paper carried a story from the White House that President Jimmy Carter will meet separately with Sadat and Begin

in Washington sometime next month in an attempt to keep up autonomy negotiations. *Al Jazirah* gave front-page play to the use of chemical weapons and paralyzing gases being used by the Soviets to annihilate the Afghan revolutionaries.

Newspapers continued to write on the formation of a committee to draw up statutes for ruling, consultative council and the provinces. They said the people's reaction to the royal announcement shows the depth of relation and cohesion existing between the authority and the public. The papers also commented on the 35th anniversary of the Arab League, saying its new headquarters in Tunis will fulfill the aspirations of the Arab nation and help in the achievement of unity, solidarity and mutual understanding.

In an editorial, *Al Medina* commented on the new appointments of governors saying that the royal appointments have their own significance, as King Khaled is keen

to place the right man at the right place. It said the new governors enjoyed the confidence of the monarch and command respect and admiration from the people who expect them to play a large role in the service of the country. The paper congratulated the new governors from the royal family and implored God to grant them success in contributing to the welfare and prosperity of the country.

Commenting on the 35th anniversary of the Arab League, *Al Jazirah* said the celebrations at the League's new headquarters in Tunis means the Arab nation has overcome a new phase and belied the Egyptian regime's claims that the League is a "shelter for the disabled". It said the Egyptian regime tried to "smear the League's face with Zionist filth", and to make it a tool for the Israelis.

The paper also dealt with the Zionist plots to wrest the remaining cords of fraternity between

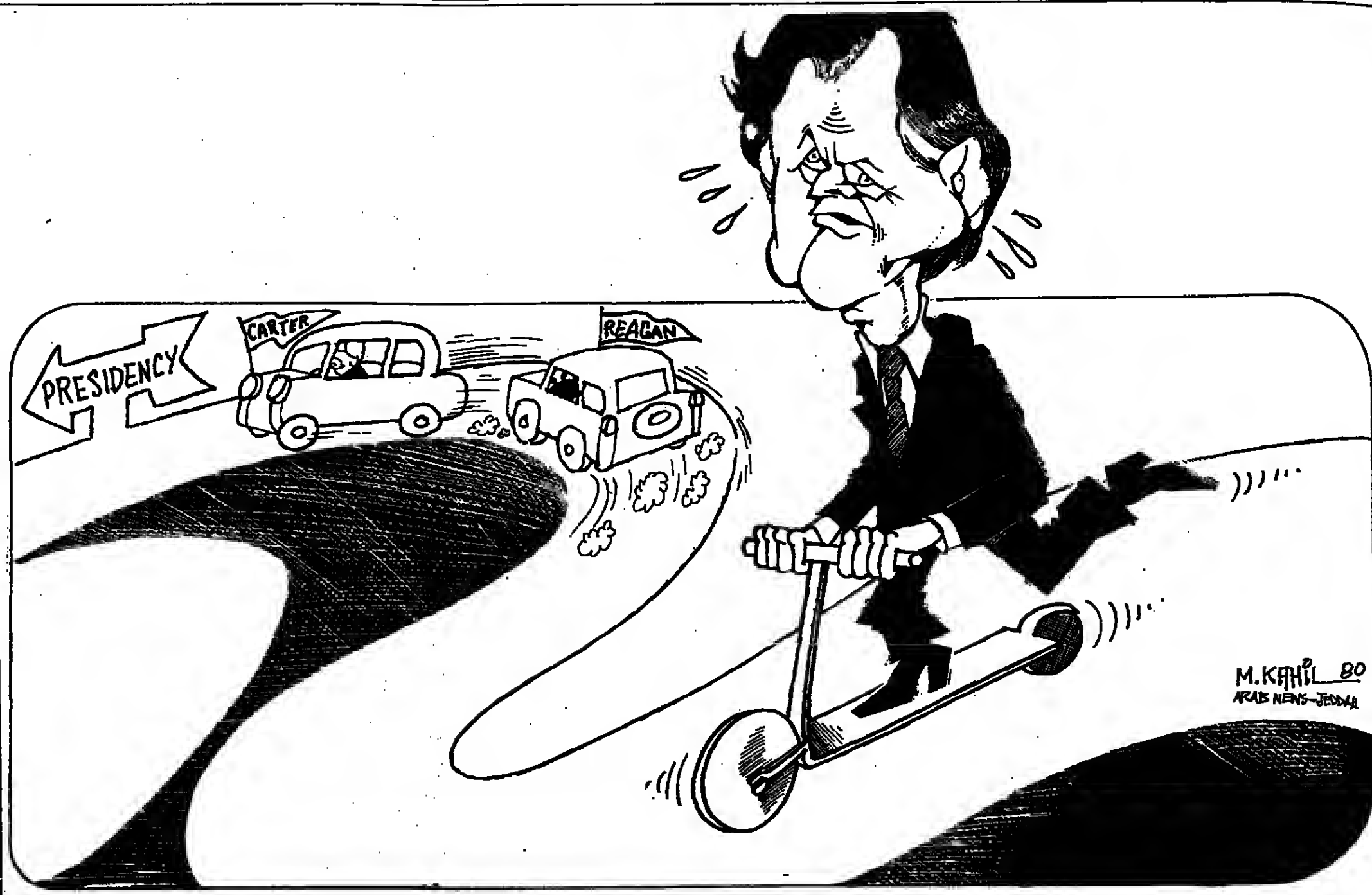
Egypt and the rest of the Arab world, and reaffirmed that the Egyptian people's relations with the Arab nation are too strong to be shaken by Zionist conspiracies. Meanwhile, the paper alerted the Arab world against the massive danger looming on the Egyptians saying that the time has come for the Arab world to make a swift move to put an end to the Zionist plots against Egypt and its people. The League itself has become the target of the Zionist conspiracies, it added.

Okaz said in an editorial that Arab unity has now become a tangible reality, as the Arabs have unanimously refused to accept any partial settlement or individual solutions to the Arab-Israeli conflict. The paper was emphatic in its conviction that the appearance of some minor problems among the Arabs should not be taken to mean that the Arab stance on confrontation with the Zionists has weakened. It said the unity of Arab ranks had brought success in

the summit conferences of Baghdad and Tunis, and it is this unity that determines the present trend of Western Europe toward finding a comprehensive solution to the Middle East problem.

The paper added that Belgium's reaffirmation that the French stance represents the joint position of the European states has, in fact, mirrored the strength of the unified Arab stance that rejects any solution without a proper consideration of the crux of the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Al Bilad dwelled on the formation of a committee for laying the statutes of government, and said the popular reaction toward the royal order shows their strong links with the rulers. Their sentiments demonstrate their aspirations for the future for a life of prosperity and progress. The paper added that the leadership's desire to include the citizens in bearing the responsibilities of the future and its confidence to them would give a real spur to fruitful achievements.



The human tragedy of chemical defoliants

By Joyce Egginton

NEW YORK — For many of the Americans who fought in it, the Vietnam war may not be over. More than 10 years after the event, the use of chemical defoliants upon millions of acres of Vietnamese countryside is alleged to be bringing death and destruction to thousands of young Americans who thought they were survivors.

Some have recently died of cancer. Others have crippling malignancies. Many more have a variety of stubborn medical conditions of a type associated with exposure to dioxin — a highly toxic chemical which was present in "Agent Orange", the defoliant most widely used by the U.S. military. Even more alarming, some American ex-servicemen have fathered children who, in medical terms, are monsters.

Some of these infants resemble "thalidomide babies", in whom eyes or ears have never formed, and limbs are grossly shortened or entirely missing. Others have been born with internal organs outside the body, or with organs lacking or duplicating.

About 500 veterans of the Vietnam war have filed suit against the American chemical companies which supplied Agent Orange to the U.S. military: Dow Chemical Company, the Monsanto Company, Hercules Inc., Diamond Shamrock Corporation, and North American Phillips Corporation.

They are demanding that these companies set up a multibillion dollar trust to cover the cost of medical treatment and disability pensions, not only for themselves and their dependants, but also for all other ex-servicemen and their children who may suffer further health damage from past exposure to Agent Orange.

The law suit is being left open so that others may join as the case proceeds. Victor Yannacone, the Long Island attorney who heads a consortium of 12 law firms representing the plaintiffs, believes there are several hundreds more Agent Orange cases which could be filed now, and that 2.4 million Vietnam veterans are at risk.

A New York federal judge has already cut through a lot of red tape by ruling that all the cases may be consolidated in his court, and the trial is expected to begin within a year.

It is the veterans' contention that the chemical companies knew of the hazards of Agent Orange, but, in their eagerness for the Vietnam contracts, did not warn the U.S. military authorities and did not take time to develop a herbicide which was relatively safe. The military borrowed the idea from the British, who used a chemical known as 2,4,5-T to clear supply routes in Malaysia.

Agent Orange — orange because of the color coding on the drums in which it was packed — was a 50-50 mixture of 2,4,5-T and 2,4-D both of which

have been in civilian use for years as weedkillers. Absolute purity in such chemicals, especially when manufactured on a huge scale, is elusive. It is virtually impossible to produce 2,4,5-T without also creating very small quantities of a dioxin known as TCDD. This is the most toxic of all man-made chemicals — the same kind of dioxin which was spread by a leaking reactor over the Italian town of Seveso in July, 1976.

"During the war, when Dow and Monsanto were turning out large quantities of Agent Orange, no one made much effort to keep out the dioxin," according to Yannacone. "The air force was demanding quantity, not quality control."

This suit does not include the military authorities. It cannot. Thirty years ago the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that men who had served in the forces may not sue the U.S. government for injuries sustained by the negligence of military authorities when they were on active service.

The chemical companies deny liability. In a counter-suit, Dow Chemical (the leading supplier of Agent Orange to the military) has accused the U.S. government of misusing the defoliant in Vietnam. Dow contends that federal authorities should have known the risks involved, and alleges that it was prevented from putting warning labels on the drums which went to Vietnam.

Wherever the blame lies, the decision to defoliate vast tracts of Vietnam is having repercussions beyond anyone's imagining at the time. Many of the men whose health has been damaged or whose children are defective have only just begun to make the link between their exposure to Agent Orange and what started happening in their bodies several years later.

About 100, living in the New York area, met for the first time recently at a rally in a Long Island church hall. Many brought their wives and children — youngsters who included a toddler who was born without a gullet, a baby girl with hands growing directly from her shoulders, and a surprisingly happy nine-year-old named Kerry Ryan who has spent most of her life having corrective surgery.

She was born more than two years after her father, Michael Ryan, returned from the war. "Kerry was injured on the battle field with me," he insists. "If I had not been exposed to Agent Orange she would have been okay." Both Michael and his wife Maureen came from large families with no history of birth defects.

Kerry had 18, including the absence of a rectum, a large hole in the heart, duplicate reproductive organs and malformation one arm. She was blind for two years and cannot walk. Her father's alleged exposure to Agent Orange had less obvious effects — severe weight loss, some apparent liver damage, frequent migraines and a persistent and debilitating skin complaint known as chloracne, the most frequent symptoms of dioxin poisoning.

The bizarre multiplication of effects caused many young couples at the meeting to wonder aloud whether Agent Orange could cause genetic damage which might not only affect their children but persist into successive generations.

"Suppose Kerry had been normal," Maureen Ryan conjectured. "From what I now know about dioxin — how it can change the structure of genes — the problems which we now see in her could appear, instead, in her children."

It was a chilling thought. "Dioxin is one of the chemicals which interferes with DNA," Victor Yannacone told the meeting. "It's something which all those of you of child-bearing age must be aware of."

An ugly solution to this problem has presented itself to a few Vietnam veterans. One young man stated that he had recently had surgery for testicular cancer. "I suffered castration because of my exposure to Agent Orange."

More common symptoms are chloracne, liver damage, just to name a few. There are also reports of the hands and feet and gastro-intestinal problems. Most of these conditions have appeared in the veterans some time after exposure to Agent Orange, and the cancers have taken at least 10 years to develop.

The Veterans Administration, which operates hospitals for ex-servicemen throughout the country, has been reluctant to acknowledge that any of these symptoms are related to exposure to Agent Orange. The men are bitter about this, since it means a lack of proper treatment and, in most cases, the denial of disability payments or survivors' benefits, in case of their deaths.

For the VA's part none of its staff members seems to have been aware of Agent Orange contamination until, quite recently. The first one to suspect it was a case worker in Chicago, Maude De Victor, who interviewed a tearful widow in July, 1977.

A formerly healthy man, he had told his wife: "If ever I get cancer it's from those chemicals we used in Vietnam." She did not know what chemicals he had been talking about, but related the remark to Mrs. De Victor who was sufficiently intrigued to do some research of her own.

She found out about the dioxin in Agent Orange, and how it was a known cancer agent. "These Vietnam veterans aren't exaggerating when they say they have been poisoned," she told her superiors. Few believed her. She was removed from casework and, she maintains, had her mail intercepted and her telephone tapped.

The Veterans Administration has had 5,000 complaints of Agent Orange-related disease but has made only a few disability awards.

If the veterans prove their case in court, the implications for the U.S. government will extend beyond its own citizens to an unknown number of victims in Vietnam. America's use of defoliants from 1962 to 1970 was the most controversial aspect of the war, justified by the Pentagon on the grounds that it was necessary to reduce the Vietcong's jungle cover. As time went on, there were persistent reports that U.S. planes were also spraying rice crops and that innocent peasants were starving.

After bitter criticisms at the United Nations, the American Academy for the Advancement of Science (AAAS) sent some of its own independent experts to Vietnam to investigate. Their reports of devastating damage to the ecology was shortly followed by the U.S. government's decision to end defoliation.

Even so, the AAAS experts had only a glimpse of the human problem. They reported being told of miscarriages and birth defects among Vietnamese, but since practically no statistics were kept in the rural areas it was impossible to tell whether this reported increase was significant, or even correct. The scientists' report concentrated on visible damage to the land.

Several years passed before it was realized that perhaps some of the U.S. air crews who had been on spraying missions might also have been affected by Agent Orange. Now it is emerging that every American who fought in Vietnam (not to mention Vietnamese) may have risked exposure.

Most of the plaintiffs in the suit against the chemical companies were infantry soldiers who camped and fought in areas which had been cleared by the defoliants. Some have no recollection of being sprayed. "The air crews could go back to base after a flying mission and take a shower," said one. "We didn't change our clothes for days, and drank from streams which had been contaminated by the chem-

icals." The plaintiffs have formed an organization, Agent Orange Victims International with a rapidly growing membership. Its president, Frank McCarthy is touring the U.S. on what he calls "the last search and destroy mission" — gathering names of affected Vietnam veterans to add to the list of plaintiffs. He is also in touch with Australian veterans of the Vietnam war who have similar complaints.

"In 12 years of combat in Vietnam the U.S. has 57,002 men killed," McCarthy says. "We believe there are as many veterans suffering from chronic toxicity as the result of exposure to Agent Orange plus about 350,000 with minor symptoms. There are 5,000 cases of cancer alone."

In the absence of official statistics, the estimates of Frank McCarthy and Victor Yannacone of the number of victims are as close as anyone can come. It would be of little value, so long after the war, to do tissue tests of all the men complaining of symptoms. A negative finding could denote an early exposure to dioxin which had passed out of the body, leaving a trail of damage; or no exposure at all.

Dr. James Allen, professor of pathology and toxicology at the University of Wisconsin and one of America's researchers in dioxins, says: "There is little doubt that a large number of soldiers in Vietnam were exposed to Agent Orange. There must be thorough epidemiological studies conducted by the Federal government throughout the country so that we can get a much better idea whether all these birth defects, cancers and other disorders are the result of this exposure."

"I can't do it alone, nor can any other scientist. But I'm very concerned about the effect of these chemicals and the wellbeing of future generations. Our bodies can repair only a certain amount of DNA damage, and, as a society, we could soon find ourselves in an irreversible position."

Only a limited government study is planned — of U.S. airmen who took part in the spraying missions. Dr. Allen shares Yannacone's view about culpability. "Scientists knew what dioxin could do to people. Before the spraying started there had been several industrial explosions involving dioxin, and the effects upon workers had been well documented."

One of these explosions happened in 1949 at the West Virginia plant of the Monsanto Company. There was an outbreak of chloracne among workers at Dow Chemical in 1964 while they were producing the defoliant.

All the men in Yannacone's suit insist that they were not warned of Agent Orange's toxicity. A 1966 handbook given to U.S. airmen who took part in the spraying missions states: "The sprayed chemical is non-toxic to human or animal life."

"For some time I was in a reconnaissance platoon, working in extremely dense jungle that was infested by the enemy," Frank McCarthy recalls. "When the defoliation mission came along I was glad to see them. I thought of the chemicals as just another part of military equipment. If I had known then what I know now I would have probably shot at our own planes."

Tracy Leden, a former aircraft mechanic, told how he helped to load aircraft tanks with Agent Orange. "We would pump it in from 55 gallon drums and the Vietnamese would help us. Some of it would splash in our faces. If we got our shoes soaked with it, they would turn to mush in no time. I was only 19, and it never dawned on me that the stuff could be dangerous."

Eight years later, back in civilian life, Leden developed an ugly rash, numbness in his legs and small growths all over his body. "It took me almost two years to connect these health problems with my exposure to Agent Orange," he said.

Information about the effects upon the Vietnamese is sketchy. Dr. Tam That Tung, North Vietnam's vice-minister for health during the war years, recently visited the United States and reported an apparent increase in liver cancer, birth defects, and miscarriages among Vietnamese who inhabited the sprayed areas.

"We also have chloracne in just the same way as the Italian children in Seveso," he said. But, again, there have been no widespread studies of the population and there are no reliable statistics.

Many of the veterans express compassion for the Vietnamese who were harmed. "If Kerry had been born in Vietnam, she would have been dead within 48 hours," said Michael Ryan. "I don't know if we can do anything about the people still suffering out there, but we must try. It's our moral obligation." (O/N)

Joely molito

The American car sputters toward a future

By Robert G. Kaiser
The Washington Post

DETROIT — Americans who think of the \$2,000 automobile as only yesterday are not going to like the 1980s. By the end of the '80s, a \$2,000 automobile will seem as antiquated as the nickel soft drink, and a new Chevrolet will probably cost about \$15,000. Of course, it will be smaller than the 1980 Chevrolet, the smallest car now made in America. Smaller, lighter and probably slower, too. Here in Detroit the experts reckon that half or more of the new cars sold in America in 1990 will be tiny (if expensive) models. And of course, they may be Datsuns, not Chevettes.

The biggest and most American industry in this country is about to be transformed, perhaps revolutionized, and it is not in good shape as this transformation begins.

The automobile, which defined modern American life, is about to be redefined itself, and the country will be changed in the process. The American companies that engineered the original automobilization of the nation are hoping and planning to be almost as important to the new era for which they are now planning, but this is still problematical.

Even General Motors, a behemoth among corporations, is losing money selling cars in the United States. (It is making a profit on other activities.) Ford Motor Co. lost about a billion dollars on its 1979 car operations in North America, and expects to lose another billion in 1980.

Chrysler Corp. teeters on the brink of bankruptcy, propped up now by the promise of federal loan guarantees, but trapped in a week market that could spell its doom. Only American Motors, newly associated with Renault of France, is both healthy and profitable.

The steadily rising sales curve for foreign-made cars in the United States is

years, I cannot see a better way to move the next 10 or 20 years, I cannot see a better way to move people or stuff around."

Secrest acknowledged that the market has shifted faster toward fuel-efficient small cars than expected, and Ford won't be able to meet the new demand at once. "So we'll have a helluva time (in the next couple of years), but in the longer run we'll be all right."

The world car will be like a kernel of corn that will grow in every kind of soil.

The future is bright, auto executives argue, not the least because Americans will have to replace the 100 million cars they bought in the 1970s, when assumptions were different. In effect, the changed oil situation has given the industry a huge new market — a replacement market for its own past mistakes. Of course, they didn't look like mistakes at the time. "It's just rubbish to say that the industry forced gas guzzlers on an unwitting country," one executive said.

Of course the optimists are assuming that American manufacturers will be able to hold a dominant share of the sales the '80s will bring. They make this assumption in part

than the law required (19), and the industry will soon be able to give its customers the economy they want.

The optimists make these points: General Motors' Chevette and successful new "X-Cars" (the front-wheel drive Chevrolet Citation, Oldsmobile Omega and similar models) demonstrate that the industry giant is well-placed for the '80s. Using its enormous financial resources, GM has already shrunk all its cars, moved strongly into front-wheel drive and diesel-powered cars and is experimenting on the most advanced fringe of auto technology.

After years of watching Fords make the biggest profits overseas, GM is poised to begin a worldwide offensive in foreign markets. Using its successful operations and other overseas branches as a springboard, GM is ready to shed its insular, America-first reputation.

Ford, after lagging behind GM in converting to smaller cars — apparently by deliberate choice, on the theory that more money could be made by keeping big models in production — is now ready to compete with the imports. Next year, Ford will introduce the small Erika, drawing heavily on the expertise of German engineers who have made Ford's German subsidiary hugely successful and profitable.

American Motors will be able to prosper by concentrating on the small cars that it will soon start producing with Renault and on the specialty vehicles that have served it well in recent years, particularly Jeeps. Renault is big and rich enough to keep AMC current with "the state of the art" in engine technology as it continues to develop in the coming decade.

Competition from Japan will diminish once the Japanese begin to make cars in this country.

In Detroit it is widely assumed that the principal reason for Japanese success has been substantially cheaper Japanese labor

side Pittsburgh.

Japan eventually will see that it faces import restrictions in the United States if it fails to build cars here — or so the people of Detroit believe. And when the Japanese are producing with American labor, they won't be able to maintain any competition advantage in their pricing.

Later in the '80s, something called the "world car" should come into being, to the advantage of GM and Ford. Arvid Jouppe, a financial analyst here who specializes in the car industry, predicts flatly that during the '80s there will be a standardized vehicle whose major components are made in a variety of countries. The world car "will be like a kernel of corn that will grow in every kind of soil," Jouppe predicts.

The optimistic analysis rarely includes Chrysler Corp., unless one is talking to a Chrysler executive. Many in Detroit fear Chrysler is doomed, though it is unpatriotic for any Detroiters to say so out loud. Others think it will survive only by lowering its horizons and adopting a marketing strategy closer to AMC's than Ford's or GM's, which means producing less than a full range of vehicles and looking for market segments where it can compete with the giants.

The optimists may well be right. The resources of the big companies here are formidable. As executives of American companies have repeatedly pointed out, all four have extensive experience making the small cars that all foresee as increasingly important — though for some of the companies, this experience has been more in foreign subsidiaries than in America.

But there are competing views on all of these subjects: a bad news view of Detroit's future.

Perhaps the most articulate skeptic is Prof. William Abernathy of the Harvard Business School, one of the country's few academic experts on the car industry, who has published a book on the history of innovation at Ford.

In Abernathy's view, the '80s will be difficult for Ford and Chrysler, and he believes that the whole industry is poorly prepared for an era in which auto technology could change very rapidly.

The instinct of the auto industry, Abernathy said, is to seek "economies of scale" — the mass production techniques that allow the companies to save production costs.

The historic effect of economies of scale has been to discourage innovation, Abernathy believes, because new technologies require new production techniques, and thus disrupt economies of scale. Alfred Sloan, the founder of General Motors, understood this perfectly. So he made it part of the original GM philosophy not to seek innovations, but rather to perfect existing technologies.

Abernathy, and others, predict that the industry is on the eve of radical changes that could leave behind companies so wedded to their economies of scale that they cannot adapt. He predicts that in the future there won't be a single "best" auto technology, but many "best technologies."

"It will be impossible for the small number of existing firms to stay on top of a large number of technologies," he said. "We're going to have to have more firms to cover more options. Economies of scale can no longer work as a strategy."

Of the existing companies in the world, Abernathy thinks only GM and Volkswagen, which is now a mini-GM after its acquisition of Porsche and Audi, are well-placed to cope with this kind of rapid change.

Specifically, Abernathy questions the viability of the "world car" notion. He thinks the American and European markets are too different for it to work. For example, the leading American manufacturer of disc brakes makes one type: a leading European manufacturer makes more than two dozen.

Abernathy predicts that new firms could come into the industry — the way Honda of Japan has in recent years — exploiting new technology to take business away from the old firms. This, he notes, is what Henry Ford, Sloan and other pioneers did to traditional makers of transportation equipment in the early 20th century.

Another skeptic about the auto industry is David E. Davis Jr., editor of Car Driver, an influential if irreverent magazine with a monthly circulation of 725,000. Car and Driver has been arguing for years that American companies have failed to satisfy the desires of growing numbers of American car buyers for machines that are fun to drive, not just reliable and comfortable.

"The people who run the auto companies now graduated from high school in maybe the late 1940s," Davis said in an interview. "Their dream was a Buick convertible — that

was the ultimate car." The fact that several new generations with different dreams have grown up since then has not sunk in, Davis contended.

"It's very hard for these guys to adjust," he said. "They say to themselves, 'People I know, who were in the Young Republicans with me, are actually buying Toyotas!' They can't believe it. They know the Japanese have got it wrong — that their cars are too small, make too much noise, ride too hard."

So GM's most radical new small cars, the X-Cars, ride like Buicks. Car and Driver has given the X-Cars rave reviews, but Davis notes that they're still Detroit products of the old school. After driving one of them, "you'll never feel like you just met the greatest girl in the world," Davis said.

Moreover, though X-Cars are selling well, GM's market research shows that most buyers of the new models picked them over another American car. In other words, these unusually economical and well-designed American cars still are not seriously challenging the foreign imports.

Skeptics have other questions about the optimists' arguments. For example, if GM is about to mount an offensive overseas, as it is, what will that do to Ford's foreign earnings, which now keep Ford afloat?

And if price is the key to the success of Japanese cars, why are they still outselling American models now that their prices are often higher? The same can be asked of the relatively expensive but hot-selling Volkswagen Rabbit, which is now made in America.

In fact, the optimists and the skeptics are making predictions that neither can yet count on with confidence. The future is extraordinarily cloudy.

The behavior of the market is also unpredictable. Executives at AMC note that barely

a year ago they were seriously considering junking tens of thousands of Volkswagen engines they had bought and felt then they could not use. At the same moment, early in 1979, Ford was happily selling out its entire year's production of its Mark V Lincoln Continental, its biggest gas guzzler. Then the spring gas lines appeared.

The future also depends on unforeseeable technological developments — or a lack of them. Some in Detroit feel the car as we have known it is on the verge of extinction; others say they can't yet foresee a substitute.

So prophets must retreat to the short term and that can be seen with some clarity. It will be filled with smaller, more expensive cars.

At least the American industry will be able to make small cars. Arguably the government regulation the industry decries made this possible; without it, GM, Ford and Chrysler were unlikely to move as fast as they did to shrink their automobiles.

Now they must expand their profits. Traditionally the American companies made their money on big cars, spare parts and accessories. "No one (in Detroit) has figured out how to make a high profit on a small car," according to analyst Jouppe. Now that must change.

The industry's solution is easy to imagine — it is already under way. While the cost of all cars has risen steadily, small car prices have gone up the fastest. The price of the new Chevy Citation, one of the X-Cars, has gone up nearly 15 per cent since the model was introduced last April. A fully-equipped Citation can cost nearly \$7,000.

And the Chevette's sticker price has risen almost 20 per cent since the fall of 1978, substantially more than the rate of inflation. With price rises like this and continued inflation, the \$15,000 Chevette will be a reality before the end of the decade.



From this 1926 Model T to a \$15,000 Chevette?

perhaps the most vivid symbol of the difficulties America's carmakers now face. One-fourth of the cars sold in America today are made overseas. In California, the figure is one in two. Every time these numbers have jumped another notch, Detroit has declared that the trend to foreign cars has about ended. Every time the numbers have jumped again.

Despite the problems of unprofitability and foreign competition, though, people who work in the auto industry here exude optimism about the '80s. Fred G. Secrest, for example, a vice president of Ford, put it like this: "I do not see on the horizon a replacement for the product. Over the next 10 or 20

because 60 per cent of American car buyers stick to the same make of American car.

Discussions with a variety of industry executives and outside analysts indicate there are two equally plausible, if mutually contradictory, ways to look at the future of the American car business — a good news view, and a bad news view.

According to the good news view, the worst has passed, or nearly. "This industry has been through hell," in the words of Thomas H. Hanna, executive vice president of the Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association. But last year, he and others noted, the American cars sold in this country actually got better gas mileage (on average, 19.6

costs and a deliberate policy of pricing Japanese cars sold here at low levels. According to a common analysis, the Japanese make their real profits at home, and use the American market to keep their large permanent workforces employed and achieve economies of mass production.

American auto executives and officials of the United Auto Workers believe it is inevitable that the big Japanese carmakers will begin production in the United States. Honda already has announced plans to do so recently, Douglas Fraser, President of the UAW, visited Toyota officials in Japan to press the case for American plants comparable to the one Volkswagen has opened out-



UNITED ARAB SHIPPING COMPANY (SAG)

Dammam, Tel: 8328734, Telex: 601331 UNISHIP SJ.
Riyadh: Tel: 4786647, Telex: 202384 ARSHIP SJ.

Dear Consignees,

United Arab Shipping Co. the National Flag Line of Saudi Arabia have the pleasure to announce the arrival of the following ships to the indicated ports on the prescribed dates:

VESSELS	ETA DAM	ETA JUBAIL	ETA JEDDAH
HIJAZ	20-3-80	—	—
IBN AL NAFEEES	22-3-80	—	—
IBN MALIK	23-3-80	—	—
IBN HAYYAN	23-3-80	—	—
AL WATTYAH	23-3-80	—	—
IBN AL NAFEEES	—	24-3-80	—
IBN JUBAYR	—	—	22-3-80
CAPELLA	—	—	24-3-80

You are requested to collect the delivery orders by submitting your Original Bill of Lading to avoid any delay.

Agents:

YUSUF BIN AHMED KANOO

DAMMAM
P.O. Box 37 Tel: 83 23011
Telex: 601011 KANOO SJ.
JUBAIL: Tel: 8331877 Ext: 57

RIYADH
P.O. Box 735
Tel: 4789496/4789578
Telex: 201038 KANOO SJ.

JEDDAH
P.O. Box 812
Tel: 709327/1608/74241
Telex: 401039 KANOO SJ.

ELECTRONIC KEY TELEPHONE



The NEC Key Telephone system is ideal for any modern office or home, with capacities ranging from 2 to 30 extensions and up to 8 outside lines.

Make internal or external calls in absolute privacy; call a colleague on the intercom; hold or transfer calls,

or set up a telephone conference with up to five people. It's completely automatic and you don't need an operator.

The NEC Key Telephone system, available from GCC starting at only SR 5,000, including installation!

A FULLY AUTOMATIC TELEPHONE SYSTEM AT A PRICE YOU CANNOT AFFORD (To Miss)

NEFAX-1000SB FACSIMILE TRANSCIVER



The Nefax 1000SB facsimile transceiver sends almost anything by phone — documents, contracts, photographs or drawings. It's supremely versatile and cheaper to use than telex.

The Nefax works worldwide, through any telephone, producing exact duplicates, transmitted anywhere within minutes. No special training or operator skill is needed — if you can phone, you can facsimile.

And the price? Unbelievably, just SR 12,000!

SPACE AGE COMMUNICATIONS AT DOWN-TO-EARTH PRICES



EXCLUSIVE DISTRIBUTORS:

ELECTRICAL DIVISION

P.O. BOX 358 AL-KHOBAR TEL: 671204 OSHCOK SJ.
TEL: 8643377 EXT: 216 & 221. MR. BROWN

In effort for home-rule

Spanish Catalans control elections

BARCELONA, Spain, March 21 (AP) — Catalan Nationalists led by industrialist-banker Jordi Pujol swept to victory in Friday's home-rule elections, but fell short of the majority needed to govern alone.

With final results in from three provinces and the count in the remaining province of Barcelona 42 per cent complete, Pujol's "Convergence and Unity Party" had won 17 seats and was leading in contests for 39 others. This would give him 46 seats in the 135-member Catalan parliament, 22 short of

a majority.

Spain's socialists, given a slight lead in pre-election polls, were winning 32 seats, followed by the communists with 24 and Premier Adolfo Suarez' Centrists with 19, the interior ministry reported.

The Catalan Republican Left Party won 14 seats.

The elections were the second in Spain to come autonomous governments since the 1935-39 Spanish Civil War. Catalans elected their last parliament in 1932.

Violence raises Salvador deaths to 14

Conditions called ripe for leftist takeover

SAN SALVADOR, March 21 (R) — At least 13 people were killed in clashes between leftist militants and security forces in El Salvador Thursday, a military spokesman said.

He said nine leftists were killed when some 50 well-armed members of the self-styled "Popular Revolutionary Bloc" attacked an army patrol at Teolucua in San Vicente, 75 kms southeast of the capital. Several soldiers were wounded.

In another clash at nearby Coyolito troops repulsed an attack by about 60 guerrillas of the "Popular Liberation forces," killing one

of them.

Fighting broke out near the village of Perical, in San Vicente, but no casualties on either side were reported.

Since the ruling civilian-military junta introduced agrarian and banking reforms early this month, violence has increased and at least 140 people have been killed in this Central American republic.

Leftist and rightist extremists oppose the reforms, the former claiming they are not enough and the latter fearing a challenge to their position in the country's economic life.

Basques voted 12 days ago to install with a clear majority a Nationalist local government led by Businessman Carlos Garaicoechea.

Both regions fought against Gen. Francisco Franco during the civil war.

Despite good weather, 37 percent of the 4.3 million Catalans eligible to vote stayed away from the polls.

Pujol had said before the voting he would exclude the communists from any government he formed.

Meanwhile on the highway just outside San Salvador the two laborers were found dead with bullet wounds in their heads.

A military spokesman said that in the eastern El Salvador town of Morazan the wife of a soldier was killed by guerrillas who broke into her home.

In Mexico City last night leaders of the revolutionary coordinator of the masses, the umbrella organization for Salvadoran leftists, said conditions were ripe for a takeover and again outlined their government platform.



TRENCH: A large earth mover digs an anti-tank trench just inside the Thai border north of Aranyaprathet. The trench will stretch over 80 kilometers, is about 20 feet deep and 20 feet wide.

For same benefits with reduced costs

Cancer Society modifies checkup guidelines

WASHINGTON, March 21 (AP) — The American Cancer Society, modifying its recommendations for cancer detection checkups, says annual chest X-rays, pap tests and breast examinations no longer appear necessary for most people.

In announcing the changes, the Society said it has determined the public can get the same benefits with greatly reduced costs and health risks by using the revised recommendations.

However, the Society cautioned that the guidelines do not fit all individuals and urged people to consult their doctors about how the new suggestions relate to them.

Many doctors and patients have long used the private group's guidelines in scheduling checkups for the early detection of cancer. No other group, including the federal government, issues such guidelines.

Announcing the revised recommendations in New York and at a news briefing here, Society officials stressed that the guidelines apply only to people with no cancer symptoms. Those with symptoms should see their doctors immediately, the officials said.

"These changes are based on updated information on the effectiveness, costs and risks of tests used for early detection of cancer," Dr. Lasalle D. Leffall, the immediate past president of the society, said at the briefing in Washington.

"About three years ago, the society was asked to update its recommendations because they didn't seem to be current based on the latest clinical and epidemiological data," said Leffall, chairman of surgery at Howard University Medical School.

The society revised its recommendations for tests for cancer of the lung, cervix, colon,

rectum and breast after a study by Dr. David Eddy of Stanford University, which reviewed data on cost and effectiveness.

As a result, the society dropped its recommendations that people with a higher-than-normal risk of lung cancer get annual chest X-rays. These are people over age 40 who are heavy cigarette smokers or who work with known inhaled carcinogens, such as asbestos.

X-rays and sputum cytology tests, which look at mucus from the lungs, do detect lung cancer early. But studies indicate this early notice does not reduce mortality because present treatment isn't very effective, the society said.

In other revisions, the society recommends — That women aged 20 to 65, and those under 20 who are sexually active, have a pap smear test every three years if they have two negative tests a year apart.

French philosopher Sartre hospitalized

PARIS, March 21 (AP) — French philosopher Jean-Paul Sartre, 74, was hospitalized Wednesday night with a pulmonary edema, a spokesman for his publishers, Editions Gallimard, said Thursday.

She said that as of mid-Thursday, she had been told his condition had not changed, but she had not been informed how serious it was.

The French News Agency said Thursday afternoon he was in intensive care at the

Broussais Hospital. It said the hospital would not be issuing medical bulletins, at the request of Sartre's family. The writer Simone de Beauvoir has been the life-long companion of Sartre.

Angolan president receives Cuban medal

HAVANA, March 21 (R) — Angolan President Jose Eduardo dos Santos left Thursday night after a four-day official visit during which Cuban President Fidel Castro said relations between the two pro-Soviet states were better than ever.

During the visit the two presidents toured

boarding schools where thousands of African children are being educated.

Official sources said the talks covered relations between the two countries, world affairs and the situation in the non-aligned movement, of which Cuba is currently chairman.

President Castro decorated the Angolan

leader with a medal for "internationalist solidarity in the struggle against imperialism and neo-colonialism."

Thousands of Cuban troops and technicians are based in Angola.

It was the first visit to Cuba by Dos Santos since he succeeded President Neto, who died last September.

China today: preserving the old while moving ahead

PEKING, March 21 (Agencies) — China's Communist Party Central Committee has posthumously rehabilitated another of Chairman Mao Tse Tung's old adversaries, Li Lisan, who was reported to have hanged himself during the cultural revolution.

The New China News Agency said his reputation was restored at a memorial meeting attended by senior Vice-Premier Deng Xiaoping.

Li Lisan, while senior to Mao in the Communist hierarchy in 1950, ordered a number of abortive mass uprisings in Chinese cities against the nationalists which proved disastrous for the Communists.

This policy, which ran counter to Mao's theory of peasant revolution, was later denounced as "the erroneous Li Lisan Line."

But the official news agency, reporting his rehabilitation, said, "It was not long before he became aware of his mistake and corrected it."

Vice-Premier Wang Zhaohu, who also attended the memorial meeting, was quoted as saying, "Comrade Li Lisan was a fine member of our party, a proletarian revolutionary and one of the outstanding leaders of the workers' movement in China."

CHINESE DIVORCE
China has allowed the Western world a glimpse into its legal system, permitting reporters into a Chinese court that

granted a divorce to a 30-year-old woman who said her husband beat her.

The divorce was given to bank cashier Zhou Huijie after a Feb. 8 hearing in which she wept and pleaded with the judge to end almost four years of marriage.

The trial was believed the first opened to the Western press and was widely publicized as an example of marital law proceedings in China.

At the end of the 2½-hour proceeding, the court adjourned without a finding and urged a reconciliation.

The decision was announced Friday by the information department of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, which deals with journalists.

"The husband agreed to the wife's divorce appeal," a ministry spokesman said. "The court was not able to reconcile the marriage and granted the divorce."

The Peking People's Intermediate Court conducted the hearing on the wife's appeal which already had been turned down by a lower court.

She said her husband, truck driver Han Fali, 35, beat her, sometimes during arguments over his support of her mother, and she suffered two miscarriages as a result. She also accused him of gambling.

The husband at first denied, then acknowledged, the beating but said they were minor. The judge accused him of chauvinistic thinking.

In China divorce still is regarded as

shameful. National statistics are not available but Peking's Chongwen district reported 9,263 weddings and 174 divorces for 1979.

A court officer said the main causes of divorce are loss of affection, maltreatment, adultery, constant quarrels and sometimes political and financial problems.

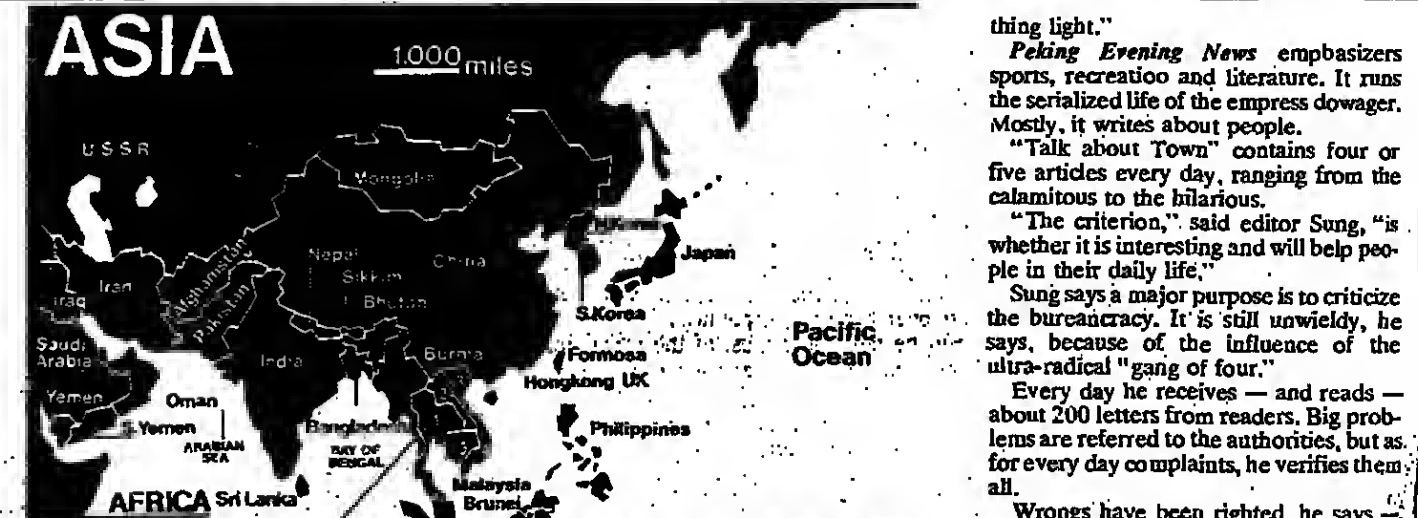
Traditional Chinese medicines — a secret combination of ingredients handed down for generations in doctors' families — have proven effective in treating several bone diseases.

Doctors at the Chungking Surgical hospital, located in China's Sichuan province, have used a combination of Western medical techniques and the secret Chinese medicines to treat bone diseases and osteomyelitis.

Xinhua said the secret prescription was presented to the hospital's doctors by a doctor of traditional medicine, Tai Kuan-guacum during the past 10 years the medicine has had "an effective treatment rate" of 97 per cent for tuberculosis of the bone, and has been 90 per cent effective against infections such as osteomyelitis.

"TALK ABOUT TOWN"
Aspiring Chinese actresses are warned against unscrupulous young men who impersonate a director's son and offer them stardom.

Waiters and waitresses are told sharply to stop their rocking and rolling and mash more minced meat dumpling while on



company time.

Items like these are published every day in "Talk about Town," a lively gossip corner and consumer action line in the Peking Evening News.

Edited by 24-year-old Sung Xi, a former bean curd cook, the page one column may go to bat for a reader who was duped into buying soy sauce instead of wine for spring festival.

The column may inveigh against bureaucratic failings, or against the courtesy of the owners of a barking dog. It even warns readers to beware of greedy vendors of real estate.

"This is a newspaper for leisure reading," said editor-in-chief Gu Hsin. "We try to supply what the others lack, something light."

"Talk about Town" is one of the best

read features in the newspaper which resumed publication Feb. 15, the Peking Evening News was suspended in 1966 at the start of the cultural revolution and was denounced for publishing articles which criticized the party.

The newspaper is published by the more than 750,000. The new entry in the evening field already has a circulation of 500,000.

In a capital town which abounds in wealthy and windy journalistic talk, "Talk about Town" is spicy, breezy, brief and witty.

"This is a newspaper for leisure reading," said editor-in-chief Gu Hsin. "We try to supply what the others lack, something light."

Wrong have been righted, he says. Wrongs have been seen the light some examples:

— A factory complained that a power company refused to connect its electricity unless the factory first sent a Sedan to pick up the work crew, the head of the power company apologized, criticized the workers and booked up the power.

— A reader complained he bought a thermos that did not keep tea warm, the manufacturer investigated and the buyer got his money back.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Every day he receives — and reads — about 200 letters from readers. Big problems are referred to the authorities, but as for every day complaints, he verifies them all.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

Peasants on their way to sell their produce were warned someone was impersonating an inspector. Unsuspecting and glib peasants were told they need a license and paid a 48 yuan (\$36 U.S.) fine.

PETER EVANS & PARTNERS

HAVE VACANCIES FOR THE FOLLOWING PERSONNEL FOR PROJECTS IN RIYADH, JUBAIL AND JEDDAH.

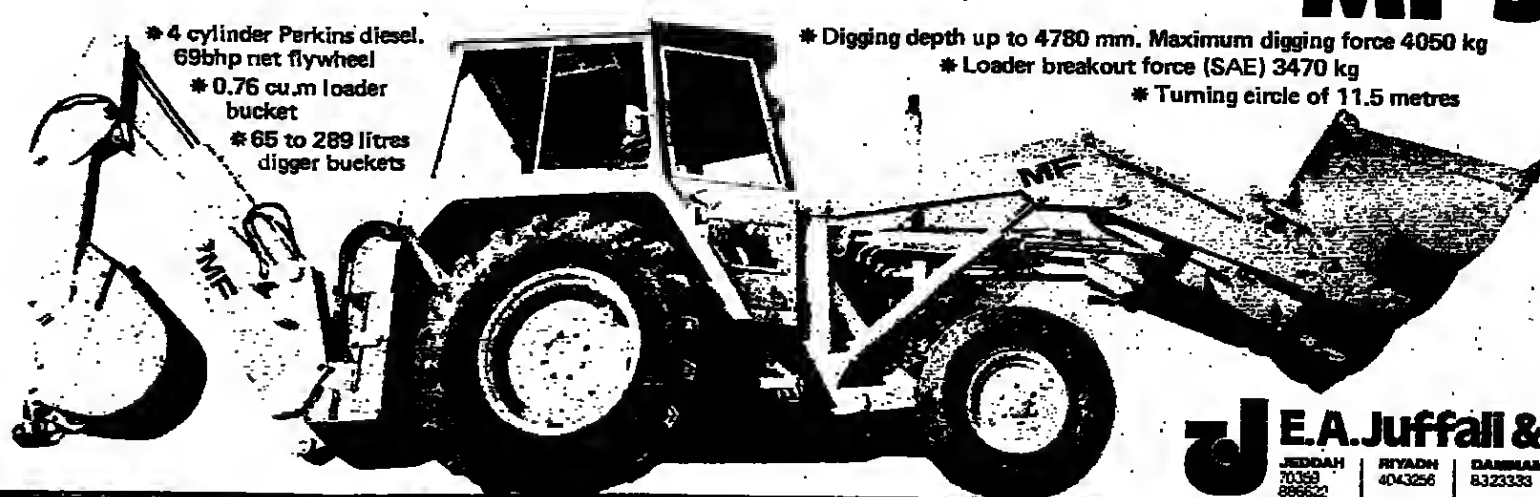
- SENIOR BRITISH QUALIFIED CONTRACTORS QUANTITY SURVEYOR
- QUALIFIED QUANTITY SURVEYOR
- ASSISTANT QUANTITY SURVEYOR
- EXPERIENCED ARABIC SPEAKING CONTRACTORS ESTIMATOR

GOOD SALARIES AND CONDITIONS OFFERED TO THE RIGHT CANDIDATES PLUS THE OPPORTUNITY TO JOIN A YOUNG AND RAPIDLY EXPANDING PROFESSIONAL FIRM.

APPLY:
PETER EVANS & PARTNERS
CHARTERED QUANTITY SURVEYORS
P.O. BOX 8187 RIYADH TEL: 69901

Massey Ferguson Digger Loader MF 50B

Top in Performance * Low in Running Cost * Fast & Powerful

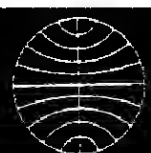


J.E.A. Juffall & Bros.
JEDDAH 70333 86622 RIYADH 4043266 DAMMAM 8323333 JUBAIL 3806 3807 84157

Round-the-World via New York and Los Angeles for as low as SR 4234*

Departures every Wednesday from Bahrain.

For reservations or information call your local travel agent or Alkhabar 8642977. Riyadh 4650779, Jeddah 54700, Taif 28333, Sana'a 6677.



PAN AM

We fly the world the way the world wants to fly.

جالي ميليتو

Russians reject germ accusation

MOSCOW, March 21 (R) — Moscow has rejected U.S. suggestions, based on reports of possible germ warfare accident in Sverdlovsk, that it violated a treaty banning biological weapons.

A foreign ministry statement telephoned Western correspondents Thursday night denied what it called U.S. government attempts to cast doubt on Moscow's good faith towards the 1972 accord.

But there was no comment in the statement reports from Washington that the Russians had explained the reported deaths in Sverdlovsk last April of hundreds of people as a national outbreak of anthrax. According to the State Department, the Soviet foreign ministry said the deadly disease spread through bad handling of food.

“Anthrax, which is borne by both live animals and carcasses, is thought rare in the

Soviet Union. According to Soviet sources, there is a meat processing plant in the Urals city, which is closed to foreigners.

It was understood that U.S. Ambassador Thomas Watson received the informal Soviet explanation Thursday, although the U.S. embassy would not comment.

It was in response to an enquiry lodged on Saturday.

Washington officials said earlier that hundreds of civilians might have died in the outbreak. But it was not clear if the Soviet explanation had referred to any casualties.

The official foreign ministry statement said the Soviet Union strictly observed the five-year treaty, which was signed in 1972 but did not go into force until 1975.

It bans germ warfare research, as well as the production and storing of biological weapons.

Say U.S. political experts

White House race sewn up

NEW YORK, March 21 (R) — Although the quarters of the battle still lies ahead, the 1980 fight for the Republican and Democratic presidential nominations seems to be over save the shouting.

Barry Goldwater, a blunder of major proportions in a political miracle, pundits and the American public seem agreed that President Jimmy Carter will be the Democratic nominee and Ronald Reagan the Republican party's White House contender.

Their victories in last Tuesday's Illinois primary appeared to leave no hope for their opponents — Democrat Edward Kennedy, Republican John Anderson and George Bush — even though 85 per cent of state electoral primaries have still to be held.

The next battlegrounds are the New York and Connecticut primaries on Tuesday and results are expected to mirror those of the Iowa.

Carter already has, according to unofficial tallies, 615 delegates to 192 for Kennedy. He needs 1,666 delegate votes to secure the Democratic nomination at the party's August national convention.

When the results are counted in New York state, where 282 Democratic delegates are to be elected, Carter may be over the half way mark after only 10 of his party's 34 primaries.

On the Republican side, Reagan, the former film actor and ex-governor of California, has 206 of the 998 delegates he needs to score his party's nomination.

His nearest rival, former Central Intelligence Agency Director George Bush, has 47 delegates.

Anderson has 39.

Writing in the Washington Post, political writer Lou Cannon said: “When the history of the 1980 presidential election is written it will likely be said that both President Carter and Ronald Reagan clinched the nominations of their parties in Illinois.”

That large mid-western state which races every ethnic group and minority as well as every shade of opinion in American politics, Carter trounced Kennedy by 65 to 30 per cent while Reagan beat Anderson by 48 to 37 per cent.

In the all-important quest for delegates Carter won 165 to 14 for Kennedy, who had the backing of the powerful Chicago Democratic machine and saw it go down to rare defeat with him. Reagan secured 40 Illinois delegates to 29 for Anderson, fighting in his home state, and two for Bush.

The one man who could possibly have mounted a challenge strong enough to stop Reagan from winning the Republican nomination, former President Gerald Ford, last week refused to enter the race.

With Ford out, it appears that Reagan will win the nomination even though all the polls have consistently shown that Carter, even at the lowest ebb of his popularity, could easily beat him for the presidency.

Ever since the defeat of Republican Barry Goldwater in the 1964 presidential race, Reagan has commanded his party's right wing.

In the nine Republican primaries held so far, that wing has dominated, and Reagan has stayed ahead easily.

He prevails despite protest at joke he told disparaging Poles and Italians, and despite declaring that the Shah of Iran had a progressive regime.

He dismissed his campaign manager, overspent in early contests, but still manages to go from strength to strength.

Anderson, a relative liberal, at one point had a chance to beat Reagan in Illinois because the Republican primary there allowed Democrats and Independents to cross over and vote Republican.

But he failed and most of the remaining Republican primaries are for Republicans only.

There has been talk of Anderson's staging a third party fight against both Reagan and Carter in the November presidential election — a move certain to hurt Carter as it would draw away from him liberal and moderate votes.

The white-haired Illinois congressman says, however, that he will not run on a third party ticket.

Peace activists fighting U.S. draft

WASHINGTON, March 21 (AP) — Some 100 names from the 1960's U.S. anti-war movement, joined by a new generation of peace activists, are gearing up for another anti-draft rally — this one aimed at blocking all of draft registration.

Organizers said Thursday they hope to have at least 15,000 persons march Saturday near the White House to the capitol.

Hundreds of persons are planning to lobby congressmen individually Monday.

The object of all the attention is U.S. President Jimmy Carter's call last month for the registration of men and women for the draft.

Carter's proposal has run into repeated opposition in Congress, with prospects of registration virtually dead. Congressional administration sources said this week, however, that money to register men is likely

to be approved, although the outcome is still uncertain.

Carter, who says registration is needed to send the Soviet Union a signal of America's military resolve, has called criticism by young persons of his proposal “a gross overreaction.” Some young people have openly supported registration and three weeks ago it received the endorsement of the country's labor leaders.

Carter's plan calls for the registration of all 19 — and 20-year-old born in 1960 and 1961. He has not asked to resume the draft.

Conscription was first introduced in the United States during the 1861-1865 Civil War. Congress enacted the first legislation covering the drafting of men for military service in 1917. The draft was abolished in June 1973 in favor of an all-volunteer army. Military registration ended in 1975.



BEATING THE BLIND: A Delhi policeman swings a cane at a blind man who is also grabbed by another policeman during a rally recently by about 500 blind persons. The incident triggered angry protests in the Indian Parliament and an apology from Prime Minister Indira Gandhi.

38th crisis in 35 years Italian government toppled

ROME, March 21 (R) — Italian political leaders are facing their 38th government crisis since World War II, coupled with a violent challenge to their authority from far-left urban guerrillas who have killed three magistrates this week.

Christian Democratic Premier Francesco Cossiga's minority three-party coalition resigned Tuesday night after the Socialist group said it would not give any more indirect support, which it had provided by abstaining in parliamentary votes.

Cossiga, who is staying on as caretaker premier, told parliament: “We need a clear and stable political order... the people have a right to see their public institutions functioning better.”

President Sandro Pertini planned meetings with political leaders over the government

crisis, and talks with police chiefs over the fresh wave of political violence.

Left-wing guerrillas have killed three magistrates this week.

The far-left “Front Line” guerrilla group claimed responsibility for the death of Guido Gali, killed Tuesday as he entered a building on the Milan University campus to deliver a lecture on criminology.

On Tuesday, magistrate Girolamo Minervini died of a heart attack as he traveled on a crowded bus in Rome. Nicola Giacomini was killed on Sunday night while returning to his home in Salerno.

Political commentators say one solution to the government crisis could be the formation of a “truce government”, which would stay in office until June.

In southern Philippines

16 die in Moro strife

ZAMBOANGA CITY, Philippines, March 21 (R) — Muslim rebels killed 16 people in ambushes on the far southern island of Tawi Tawi last week, military sources have said.

They said Thursday the latest incidents appeared to be part of an attempt by the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF) to revive interest in its eight-year-old secessionist rebellion prior to next week's Islamic nations conference in Islamabad, Pakistan.

Six marines were killed and an officer was wounded in an ambush on the island, about 1,000 km from Manila, last Friday, the sources said.

Two women, two children and six members of a paramilitary village defense unit were killed in a second attack the next day, in which five people were also wounded.

The Tawi Tawi attacks followed five months of strikes against timber trucks in the area north and east of the Zamboanga military regional headquarters, in which at least 21 people were killed and 33 wounded this month.

Mohammad Natsir, vice-president of the World Islamic Congress, said in Jakarta the Manila government statement was a slap in the face for Islamic foreign ministers who had been striving for a solution to the Moro problem based on the Tripoli agreement.

Natsir warned the Philippines government against escalating its conflict with the Muslim rebels and said repudiation of the Tripoli agreement could only aggravate the situation.

In Kuala Lumpur, a statement by an MNLF representative warned that the liberation front would be forced to fight for complete independence of the southern Philippines if Manila unilaterally repudiated the Tripoli agreement.

Transit workers' walkout halts Tokyo trains

TOKYO, March 21 (AP) — The 5,600-member labor union of Keisei Electric Railway Co. staged a half-day walkout in and around the capital area Friday resulting in the cancellation of 435 train runs and 5,841 bus runs.

Transportation officials said more than half a million commuters were inconvenienced.

The union said the strike was to protest the company's recent withdrawal from the Japan Non-Government Railways Association, an organization of private railway firms.

The withdrawal, the union contended, would mean a wage increase offer this year would be lower than a coordinated pay increase rate the association would come up with sometime next month.

The company said it withdrew from the association because of financial deficits which it said would make it unable to offer wage increases of the same level as those of other association member firms.

Keisei operates trains and buses between Tokyo's Ueno Station and cities in Chiba prefecture, including the new Tokyo International Airport of Narita.

PUBLIC NOTICE

AL AKEEL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY

ANNOUNCES THAT MR. J. J. ANN OF KOREAN NATIONALITY, WHO WAS WORKING WITH THE COMPANY HAS RESIGNED AS FROM 1-4-1980 WHILE HE STILL HAS OBLIGATIONS WITH THE COMPANY. THE COMPANY, HEREBY, WARNS ALL CLIENTS NOT TO DEAL WITH HIM IN THE NAME OF THE COMPANY. ANYBODY HAVING KNOWLEDGE OF HIS WHEREABOUTS IS REQUESTED TO CONTACT THE NEAREST POLICE STATION OR THE COMPANY AT TELEPHONE 43183 JEDDAH OR TELEPHONE 64032 RIYADH. THE COMPANY HAS NO OBLIGATIONS TOWARDS HIM, UNTIL HE PRESENTS HIMSELF TO THE COMPANY FOR A FORMAL RELEASE.

KOMATSU WHEEL LOADERS

THEY COST YOU LESS IN THE LONG RUN

NEW LOWER PRICES

W70

BUCKET CAPACITY:	1.7 Cu. M. (2.2 Cu. yd)
ENGINE:	105 HP.
BREAKOUT FORCE:	8350 KG.

FREE TRIAL

W90

BUCKET CAPACITY:	2.3 Cu. M. (3 Cu. yd)
ENGINE:	143 HP.
BREAKOUT FORCE:	12400 KG

EXTENDED WARRANTY

W120

BUCKET CAPACITY:	3.1 Cu. M. (4 Cu. yd)
ENGINE:	200 HP.
BREAKOUT FORCE:	12550 KG.

10% OFF SPARES

W170

BUCKET CAPACITY:	3.5 Cu. M. (4.5 Cu. yd)
ENGINE:	239 HP.
BREAKOUT FORCE:	15650 KG.

So before you buy any Wheel Loader Does't it make sense to see KOMATSU first

KOMATSU
A.S. BUGSHAN & BROS

JEDDAH: P.O. Box 3329, Kilo-3, Mecca Road, Tel: 74793, 70141, 75253, 73404 Tel: (code) (021) Cable: "KOMATSU" Telex: 401336 Bugkom-SJ

RIYADH: P.O. Box 3586, Khurais Road, Tel: 68530, 60105, 4774021, 4774004 Tel: (code) (01) Cable: "KOMATSU" Telex: 202337 Bugkom-SJ

DAMMAM: P.O. Box 2277, Damman Khobar Road, Tel: 46482, 46871, 46081 Tel: (code) (0386) Cable: "KODAM" Telex: 671389 Bugkom-SJ

Production reduced

Libya cuts oil sales 15%

ROME, March 21 (R) — Libya is cutting oil production, running at about two million barrels per day last year, with foreign sales being reduced from April 1 by about 15 per cent.

Benedetto Cao, a senior official of the Italian state oil company AGIP, which runs a joint venture with its Libyan equivalent, said Friday that Libya had reduced production and had advised all purchasers of the consequent cuts in sales which would average between 15 and 16 per cent.

Major buyers of Libyan crude include Exxon, Occidental, and Shell as well as AGIP.

"We do not know what the reason for the cut is," Cao added, "but it was appar-

ently a political decision and might represent a desire to conserve Libyan supplies."

The oil industry had expected Libya to cut production this year, in line with some other OPEC members such as Kuwait which plans a 25 per cent reduction from April 1 to 1.5 million barrels per day.

Producers are trimming output because of a modest glut of oil. Demand has fallen following a mild northern winter and a slowing of economic growth in industrial countries.

Industry sources said total OPEC output in January averaged 29.5 million barrels per day, compared with 30.7 million in December.

EEC downplays Thatcher fund withholding threat

BRUSSELS, March 21 (R) — Common Market officials sought to dampen the controversy set off when British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher threatened to withhold funds to back her government's demands for a cut in its EEC budget contributions.

Some EEC diplomats in Brussels regarded both Mrs. Thatcher's threat, made during intense questioning in Parliament, and a call by French Gaullist leader Jacques Chirac for Britain's expulsion from the community, as political posturing prior to the March 31 Common Market summit.

In London, informed British sources said Mrs. Thatcher wanted to show her determination to reduce Britain's contribution to the 1980 EEC budget, estimated at about \$1.1 billion. The sources termed her remarks in Parliament as "pre-conference atmospherics."

Mrs. Thatcher said, "If we do not get an equitable solution, we shall have to consider withholding part of the contribution. I hope it will not come to that."

British newspapers widely interpreted this

to mean London would hold back its value added tax (VAT) payments to the EEC, estimated at 800 million sterling (\$1.75 billion) or about 80 per cent of its budget contributions this year.

In Paris, Prime Minister Raymond Barre said at a cabinet meeting that France was ready to discuss Britain's call for a budget cut as long as the negotiations touch on the Common Market's other points of friction.

He particularly cited the France-British "lamb war" as one of the community disputes which must be discussed. Others he mentioned were energy and fisheries.

Chirac, who is likely to challenge President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing in next year's presidential election, took a much tougher line than the chief of state when he advocated British expulsion from the community.

In a television interview Thursday night he accused Giscard d'Estaing and West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt of apparently lacking the will to impose a firm solution of the dispute.

Foreign Exchange Rates

Quoted at 7.00 P.M. Wednesday

	SAMA	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.34	3.35	3.35
Pound Sterling	7.34	7.45	7.37
Deutsche Mark (100)	179.00	185.00	178.90
Swiss F (100)	189.00	193.00	189.00
French F (100)	77.00	77.00	76.70
Italian Lira (10,000)	38.00	40.00	38.75
Lebanese Lira (100)	—	99.00	97.60
Syrian Lira (100)	—	79.50	87.50
Egyptian Pound	—	4.50	4.45
Kuwaiti Dinar	—	12.15	12.12
Jordanian Dinar	—	11.25	11.12
Emirates Dirham (100)	—	90.00	90.00
Qatari Riyal (100)	—	91.20	91.20
Bahraini Dinar	—	8.88	8.88
Iranian Rial (100)	—	—	—
Iraqi Dinar (100)	—	—	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	—	74.00	73.75
Moroccan Dirham (100)	—	84.50	88.50
Indian Rupee (100)	—	—	41.25
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	—	34.00
Gold kg.	—	57,000.00	—
10 Tolas bar	—	6,550.00	—
Silver kg.	—	—	—
Japanese Yen (1,000)	13.40	—	13.50
Canadian Dollar	2.84	—	—
Belgian Franc (1,000)	111.00	118.00	—
Dutch Guilder (1,000)	163.00	—	163.00
Spanish Peso (1,000)	—	50.50	51.50
Greek Drachma (1,000)	—	81.00	—
Philippines Peso (1,000)	—	—	—
Singapore	—	—	1.55

Cash and Transfer rates supplied by Al-Rajhi Company for Currency Exchange and Commerce, Gabel St., Jeddah — Tel: 23815

PORTS AUTHORITY

JEDDAH ISLAMIC PORT

SHIPS MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS ON

THE

20TH MARCH, 1980

3RD JAWAL, 1400

Berth	Name of Vessel	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival
3	Blanca Leonhardt	S.N.L.	Containers/General	19-3-80
4	Norway	A.E.T.	Dunn	17-3-80
7	Sas Star	Kanoo	Rice/Flour/General	19-3-80
9	Mindanao	O.C.E.	Reefer	8-3-80
11	Nesabank	A.E.T.	General/Sugar/Oil	18-3-80
12	Maracah 1	Barber	Timber/Tiles/General	15-3-80
14	Char Yeung	Abdulla	Containers/Steel/General	16-3-80
16	Kil Maru	Alireza	Container/Loading/MTVs	—
18	Pytheus	Rolaco	Bulk Cement	19-3-80
19	Tok Arrow	Alireza	Bulk Cement	13-3-80
20	Lok Vihar	Alireza	B a g a d	19-3-80
21	Agelos Protastatia	S.A.	Cement	14-3-80
22	Krishnaraja	Gulf	Bagged Cement	8-3-80
23	Albyon	Barnadiah	Bagged Cement	16-3-80
24	Dalla 2	Rolaco	Bagged Cement	9-3-80
25	El Obeld	A.E.T.	Bagged Cement	17-3-80
28	George Z	El Hawi	Containers/Steel	19-3-80
30	Korinthos	M.T.A.	Reefer	18-3-80
40	Lella 1	El Hawi	Reefer	11-3-80
41	Vasja Alekseev	Barber	Timber	19-3-80
42	Artesga	Alireza	Timber	19-3-80
Ro Ro	Merzato Fenicia	A.E.T.	Bagged Barley	19-3-80

King Abdul Aziz Port

SHIP MOVEMENTS UP TO 0700 HOURS

ON 3.5.1400/20.3.1980—CHANGES

PAST 24 HOURS.

Berth	Name of the Ship	Agent	Type of Cargo	Arrival
6	Strathounds	Kanoo	General	19-3-80
8	Corinthos	Gulf	Barley in Bags	14-3-80
12	Mellina	UEP	General	20-3-80
13	Globe Trader	Razayat	Barley in Bags	19-3-80
14	Ziaret	SEA	Bulk Cement	16-3-80
21	Pacific Importer	AET	Containers	19-3-80
24	Australia Maru	AET	Barley in Bags	14-3-80
28	Basileis	Gosabti	Pipes/Phywood	19-3-80
29	Chiko	UEP	Cement Silo Vessel	1-3-80
36	Pesara Faly	SMC	Cement in Bags	16-3-80
38	Sas Trade	SMC	—	—

Iran trade regulations mean great commercial changes

TEHRAN, March 21 (R) — New trade regulations announced by the Iranian government could bring great changes in the country's commercial system and have important political implications, diplomats and economic experts said.

The measures disclosed Wednesday by Commerce Minister Reza Sadr give the government control of all imports and allow it to fix their selling prices.

Diplomats said the measures reflected President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr's aim of creating an economically independent state, increasing domestic output and cutting dependence on imports.

They would also help in the fight against profiteering and inflation.

But the effect on merchants in the Tehran bazaar, center for much of Iran's trade, remains unclear and the experts said it was hard to see much scope for private businessmen if the new rules were fully and quickly implemented.

Merchants will still be to seek out foreign suppliers. But all goods will have to be imported through state buying and distribution centers.

The merchants will be able to clear goods through customs with authorization from a state center. But they will have to hand over between 30 per cent and 50 per cent of the merchandise to the centers which will sell them through government cooperatives.

The system was announced on the eve of the Persian new year and the reaction of merchants will not be known until the bazaar reopens next Wednesday.

The bazaar, which operates from a large section of mosque-owned land in south Tehran, is an influential and very conservative body which has traditionally backed the Islamic clergy.

It finances a vast majority of private sector industry and commerce.

The economic experts said it has so far remained relatively untouched by revolutionary measures such as the abolition of interest rates announced last year but may resent what it sees as "unislamic" government interference in commercial affairs.

Bazaar merchants played a vital role in the creation on last year's revolution and their reaction to the latest measures will be vital.

Some diplomats say the immediate effect

of the system could be to halt new private sector imports until the situation becomes clearer. They added, however, that in the longer run it could simply become an extra layer of bureaucratic interference without fundamentally changing the highly resilient traditional system.

Other diplomats, taking a more positive view, said the loss of import business in the bazaar would be compensated for by increased domestic trade and more effective measures against inflation, now running at more than 20 per cent, measured by wholesale prices.

Venezuela hits oil import tax

CARACAS, March 21 (R) — Venezuelan Energy Minister Humberto Calderon Berti has criticized President Jimmy Carter's decision to impose taxes on oil imports as inconvenient and undesirable.

Calderon Berti, who is president of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), said the new tax, announced last weekend, was expected to bring in about \$10 billion a year.

"This makes one think the main aim of the measure was to seek to balance the national budget, which has been in deficit for the past 12 years," he said in a statement distributed by the state news agency VENPRES.

"It is inconvenient and undesirable that industrialized countries should regularly raise taxes on oil products as a basic source of tax revenue," Calderon said.

The minister said he would have preferred a direct tax on petrol sales to the public, as opposed to oil imports, imposed by Congress.

As it was, the U.S. public might be led to link higher import costs to some OPEC decision, which would be a completely wrong conclusion, he said.

In Quito, Ecuadorian natural resources minister Jose Corsio Cardena expressed fears that the U.S. import tax would "cut Ecuador's oil sales."

The minister said he hoped the U.S. Congress would approve a direct sales tax as soon as possible so the import tariff could be waived.

Market gains, dips, recovers, falters

NEW YORK, March 21 — Prices seceded throughout the day making gains in early trading, faltered dipping into negative territory, recovered in mixed trading edging slightly above yesterday's close dipped again as the market finally closed off .68 at 800.94. All other DOW averages were up on the day DJTA 1.41 at 800.94, DJUA .50 at 101.79, DJCA .51 at 290.06 vol 36.91 adv. 887 Dec. 573 unch 399 new hi's 1 new lo's 120 AMEX 5.01 at 258.28 NASDAQ comp. 1.40 at 139.96.

Earlier in the day, F.W. Dodge said 1980 bldg. contract awards to decline 7 per cent to 155 billion 1979's 165.4 billion following an earlier forecast 2 per cent higher. US corp. profits rose 0.3 per cent after taxes for the 4th qtr to 148.08 billion annual rate. The Commerce Dept. also reported a revised real GNP increased rate at a 2 per cent seasonally adj. annual rate. Prices during the 4th qtr. rose at an 8.4 per cent annual rate rather than a previously reported 8.7 per cent rate.

Energy issues closed mixed. Freeport Mins. up 2 1/2 to 55 1/2, Marathon Oil up 1 to 59 1/2, Mesa down 2 1/2 to 57 1/2, Royal Dutch Petco off 1 1/2 to 74 1/2, Std. of Ind. off 1/2 to 101 1/2, Mobil up 1 1/2 to 75 1/2, Halliburton off 1/2 to 93 1/2, Hughes Tool up 1 1/2 to 58 1/2, Transco up 2 to 38 and Murphy Oil up 3 1/2 to 94 1/2.

Growth and glamour also mixed. J and J, up 1/2 to 68 1/2, Smithline down 1 1/2 to 47 1/2, Baxter Labs up 1 to 39 1/2, Humana up 1 1/2 to 37, Digital Equip. off 2 1/2 to 63, Honeywell down 1 to 81 1/2, MMM off 1/2 to 48 1/2, Xerox down 1/2 to 55, Ma Com. up 1 1/2 to 34 1/2, IBM off 1/2 to 58 1/2, National Semi up 1/2 to 23, Computervision up 1 1/2 to 49 1/2, Hewlett Packard up 1 to 62 1/2, Procter and Gamble up 1/2 to 64 1/2, and Time Inc. down 1/2 to 46 1/2.

Precious metal and metal were higher. Campbell Red Lake up 3 1/2 to 31 1/2, Dome Mines up 4 to 60 1/2, Hecla Mining up 3 1/2 to 32 1/2, Callahan Mining up 3 1/2 to 38 1/2, Alcan up 1 1/2 to 53 1/2, Reynolds Metals down 1/2 to 32, Phelps Dodge up 1 1/2 to 31 1/2, and St. Joe Minerals up 2 to 45 1/2, among the aerospace, airlines and rails, Boeing up 1 1/2 to 57 1/2, Northrop up 2 1/2 to 49 1/2, Raytheon up 2 1/2 to 73 1/2, General Dynamics up 1 1/2 to 69 1/2, Northwest down 1 to 23, Burlington No. off 1 1/2 to 65 1/2, Norfolk and Western up 1 1/2 to 27 1/2, and Union Pacific up 2 to 45 1/2.

Basic industry issues were mixed lower. Allied Chem. up 1 1/2 to 50 1/2, Monsanto off 1 1/2 to 49 1/2, Intl. Paper off 1/2 to 34 1/2, Boise Cascade off 1/2 to 29 1/2, Weyerhaeuser off 1 1/2 to 29, Lone Star up 1/2 to 24 1/2, Owens Corning off 1/2 to 24 1/2, U.S. Gypsum off 1 to 26 1/2 and Gilbar. up 1/2 to 8. In the machinery sector, Bucyrus Erie off 1/2 to 17 1/2, Caterpillar off 1/2 to 46 1/2, Deere up 1/2 to 32, Ingersoll Rand off 1/2 to 54 1/2, Bally lost 1/2 to 25 1/2, Hilton Hotels up 1/2 to 28 1/2, in the gaming sector.

Supplied by Merrill Lynch International and Co. Bahrain

Federal Reserve pledges tight money maintenance

WASHINGTON, March 21 (R) — The head of the U.S. central bank has pledged to maintain a tight credit and money policy despite Congressional plans for slashing federal spending to balance the 1981 budget.

Paul Volcker, chairman of the Federal Reserve Board, said his fundamental aim would be to continue the policy until he actually saw a drop in inflation, now running at about 19 per cent.

A strong advocate of budget restraint to fight inflation, Volcker also warned it would be dangerous for Congress to cut taxes at present and predicted that the long-anticipated recession would occur this year.

Testifying before a joint Congressional economic committee hearing, he sought to dispel the notion that if Congress balanced the budget he could ease up on the board's tight money policy.

He said restricting money would continue but his job would be easier with federal spending cuts, removing pressures on credit markets that arise when the government has to keep borrowing to pay its bills.

Meanwhile, the House of Representatives pressed on with cuts in federal pro-

grams to meet its goal of slashing \$1 billion from the 1981 budget to produce the first surplus in 12 years.

A balanced budget is at the heart of President Jimmy Carter's new inflation program, combined with a credit card restrictions, and a \$1 billion import fee on oil to conserve energy. The fee will become effective May 15, raising gasoline prices by 10¢ a gallon.

Republicans in Congress are demanding tax cuts to improve savings and business productivity, and Volcker said enthusiastically supported them — not now.

Despite record high interest rates, a ing inflation, sluggish economic growth, standstill productivity, and depressor and housing industries, the govern was still able to report some mod good economic news.

It said the overall 1979 balance of ments with other countries was near ance, with only a \$317 million deficit current account on goods and ser bought and sold in international merce. In 1978 the deficit was \$13.4 lion.

Congress restores banks' funds

WASHINGTON, March 21 (AP) — House-Senate conferees in the U.S. Congress worked out a bill Wednesday that would authorize a \$4 billion U.S. contribution to three world banks, restoring all \$1.5 billion that had been cut by the House.

The bill includes \$3.4 billion for the Inter-American Bank \$475 million for the Asian Development Bank and \$125 million for the African Development Fund.

The House cut the bill to \$2.5 billion March 6, largely on arguments that the United States economy could no longer bear foreign assistance at past levels.

But the Senate approved U.S. President

Jimmy Carter's request for the \$4 billion U.S. contribution to the three world banks and the Senate-House conferees approved it.

After severely cutting the bill, House had added \$100 million for o tries harboring Indochinese refugees the Senate-House conferees rejected.

Senate conferees argued the Se could not agree to increasing the to the bill to \$4.1 billion.

The bill worked out by the confs now goes back to the House and Sena he considered for Congress approval.

Soviets double Argentine impor

BUENOS AIRES, March 21 (R) — Soviet imports of grain from Argentina have doubled as a result of the U.S. embargo on sales of cereals to the Soviet Union, market sources said.

The sources said Soviet purchases of

corn, wheat, sorghum and soybeans now reached about five million tons, pared with an estimated 2.62 million last season.

The U.S. banned sales of its grain to Soviet Union in January in retaliation the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan.

Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Directorate General of Education, Eastern Province Municipality of Buraidah	Cleaning of the directorate building	32	30	March 2
University of Petroleum & Minerals, Dhahran	Supply and spreading of 250,000 flat meters of hot asphalt	25	50	April 1
" " "	Supply of furniture and linen at the students' hostel	25	—	March 30
" " "	Supply of refrigerators, washing machines, cooking ranges and water coolers at the teachers' hostel, and airconditioners at the students' hostel	25	—	March 23
Directorate of the National Guard, Riyadh	Supply and installation of power units at the fire-fighting unit in Khassim Al-Aau	22-99/1400	200	March 22
Islamic University, Medina	Catering for students	14	200	March 29

WAREHOUSES FOR RENT

Tel: 693423/26 - JEDDAH

Wood Folding Doors

AL DANNA EST.
Off. Macarona Street,
Tel. 57587- 693556.

LOST

An Indian passport No. K 634464 issued in the name of Sapawala Dilawer Ibrahim Yusuf at Ahmedabad in June 1975 has been lost. Finder please deliver it to Indian Embassy Jeddah.

REAL ESTATE

JEDDAH

FOR RENT OR SALE: APARTMENTS, VILLAS, OFFICES AND LAND

INVESTMENT ABROAD

ENGLAND, FRANCE, SWITZERLAND & UNITED STATES

CONTACT: SAUDI INTERNATIONAL PROPERTIES P.O. BOX 2734, JEDDAH TEL: (021) 50881 TELE: 401071 BINBROS 401044 BINLADN

IMPORTANT NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM ALL OUR VALUED CUSTOMERS AND CLIENTS THAT AS FROM SATURDAY, 22ND MARCH 1980, WE WILL OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WORKING HOURS

SATURDAYS TO WEDNESDAYS

8:00 A.M. TO 1:00 P.M.
2:00 P.M. TO 4:00 P.M.

THURSDAYS

MORNINGS ONLY
8:00 A.M. TO 1:30 P.M.

FRIDAYS

CLOSED HOLIDAY

WE ARE AT YOUR SERVICE

HAJI HUSEIN ALIREZA & CO. LTD.

MAZDA — POWER GENERATION — AGRICULTURE
FOODSTUFFS — TYRES & ACCESSORIES.

P.O. BOX 40 JEDDAH

PHONES: 23509 — 23802 — 23702

طريق الملك فهد

Olympics committees to decide

Europe balks at U.S. boycott support

STRASBOURG, France, March 21 (P) — The United States' efforts to put together a boycott of the Moscow Olympics has received scant encouragement from Western European sports ministers meeting here.

Of the 21 member-states of the council of Europe, the 30-year-old symbol of European unity, only Britain, Holland and Portugal voiced support for a boycott.

At the meeting of ministers and secretaries of state for sport Thursday, Sweden, Switzerland, Austria and Cyprus took a strictly neutral line, saying they would leave the decision to their national Olympic committees and not try to influence them one way or the other.

The other 14 member states also say the decision is up to their Olympic committees, but have not decided whether they will influence them for or against a boycott.

This breakdown was announced by West German Interior Minister Rudolf Baum, who is also in charge of sports and chaired the meeting on this eastern French city.

Even two of the countries listed by the U.S. State Department as officially pro-boycott — Norway and Luxembourg — turned out to be undecided.

Holland's secretary of state for sports, C.G. Wallis De Vries, told his colleagues that if they attended the Olympics, they would be lending the Kremlin "use sport for a very bad policy."

He could not see Western sportsmen going to a country "which has crossed the border of another country" with its army, he said.

British minister for sports Hector Monro told reporters that European governments lack popular support for a boycott. He blamed "the politicians" who have failed to bring home to the people the seriousness of what happened in Afghanistan.

French sports minister Jean-Pierre Soisson was most forceful in arguing against a boycott, saying it would be an intolerable mingling of sports and politics. He quoted to the meeting from earlier council of Europe resolutions against mixing the two.

Monro said to reporters that "in a perfect world" sport and politics might be kept separate. "But unfortunately we don't live in a

perfect world."

The French placed themselves in the camp that has not yet decided whether or not to influence its Olympic committees' decision, and some detected in this a slight softening of the French position.

French officials say they are disappointed that the Soviets have not warned at all to France's conciliatory approach of keeping its diplomatic lines to Moscow clear while demanding it withdraw its troops from Afghanistan.

The meeting, billed as "an informal gathering" of sports ministers and not a full-scale council of Europe conference, spent only a couple of hours discussing the boycott and then adjourned.

West Germany, initially thought to be moving towards a boycott, also was non-committal Thursday. Sports minister Rudolf Baum, who chaired the meeting, told a reporter: "The West German position is to not decide now." He said no decision would be taken "without consideration of the position of our sporting organizations."

To counter Soisson's argument about keeping politics out of sport, sources said, Britain's Monro quoted to the delegates from a council of Europe resolution on sports in April, 1978, recognizing "that international politics have become involved in sport."

Soisson promptly quoted a different clause of the same document affirming "the independence of the national and international sports bodies in all matters concerning...the organization of the international sporting events."

Meanwhile, U.S. President Jimmy Carter met with 100 U.S. athletes at the White House Friday to discuss his call for a boycott of the Olympic games in Moscow plans for possible alternative competitive events.

Edward Williams of New York, chairman of the U.S. Olympic Committee Athletes Advisory Council, said 40 of his 47-member group will attend along with representatives of the national governing bodies of various Olympic sports and several gold medal winners.

The athletes have been promised that a

question and answer session will be held by the Carter administration spokesman after each makes a presentation, including the president.

Williams said the athletes will be briefed by Zbigniew Brzezinski, Carter national security adviser, on why the government wants to boycott the Moscow Olympics and by Lloyd Cutler, general counsel to the president, on plans for the substitute competition, and then hear from Carter.

The Supreme Council for Sport in Africa (SCA) will not dictate to member countries on whether to participate in the Moscow Olympic games, the council's Nigerian president Ibrahim Odiya said Thursday.

He told the new executive committee of the African Sports Journalists union it was up to the 48 member countries decide on their own athletes participation in the games next July.

Odiya said: "we cannot dictate terms to member countries. Who are we to do so? These are our financiers."

"But what we decided at our ninth general assembly in Yandunde last December was that we should take part in the Olympics."

He said he was happy that Zimbabwe had severed sporting links with South Africa and added: "True there is a little progress that has been made in the integration of sports men and women of all colors in South Africa, but that has not eliminated the system of apartheid."

The struggle is, therefore, to be intensified to insure that South Africa's attempt to get back into international sport doesn't take place."

The general sales agent in London for the Moscow games Thursday reported a 10 per cent cancellation of tickets despite the loss of 100-pound (\$ U.S. 220) deposits or more by customers.

David Dryer Sports Travel Ltd., said 4,500 of the 7,000 tickets allotted Britain by the Moscow organizers have been sold for at least 350 pounds (\$ 770). Prices of seat tickets for individual games three to 20 pounds (6 to 44 dollars).

Some paid for their travel and game tickets in full and will lose it all, Dryer said. Others



BOYCOTT SUPPORTERS: Lloyd Cutler, counsel to President Jimmy Carter and Douglas Hurd (right) field questions after a meeting of 12 Western countries discussing alternate games to the Moscow Olympics. The post Olympic games will be open to all athletes, according to Hurd.

paid only the 100-pound deposit which is lost on cancellation.

Dryer said he expects to sell only 65 per cent of the 7,000 tickets and is returning the rest to Moscow.

"We do not consider it viable to continue to promote the event because it would be against ordinary economic sense."

The British government is strongly backing U.S. President Jimmy Carter's appeal for a Western boycott of the Moscow games.

"We anticipated a profit at first," Dryer said. "But now it has become a nightmare. We are only insured against the games not taking place, but not if they take place and certain countries decide not to participate."

Dryer was appointed general sales agent by the British Olympic Association. More than half the Swiss who have booked trips to Moscow for the summer Olympics have cancelled their reservations, it was learned Wednesday.

A spokesman for Kuoni Travel Agency, which has been negotiating with Intourist on

behalf of all Swiss agents, said that of the 820 persons who made downpayments on trips to Moscow, 420 made use of an offer to cancel their reservations free of charge up to the March 8 deadline.

Any of the remaining 400 who still decide against going to Moscow will have to pay 75 per cent of the original price, between 1,500 and 3,000 francs (\$ 850 and \$ 1,700).

The Coca-Cola Co. announced Thursday it will support a U.S. boycott of the Summer Olympics in Moscow despite a contract to distribute its soft drinks during the international games.

But in a statement by J. Paul Austin, chairman and chief executive officer, the soft-drink giant warned it could not control the use of its products already available to Russian bottlers.

"The Coca-Cola Co. will comply with President Carter's appeal for non-participation by U.S. companies in the 1980 Olympic games in Moscow. The company has informed the president of this compliance," Austin said in the prepared statement.

'She can beat anybody'

Billie Jean King rides the comeback trail

NEW YORK, March 21 (AP) — Billie Jean King, playing her "first great matches since 1974," says returning to the summit of women's tennis "is not necessarily my goal."

"On any given day I'm capable of beating anyone in the world. But I have to be reasonable at my age," said King, at 36 the oldest player in the \$300,000-dollar women's championships. "I can't play week in and week out at the same pace that Martina (Navratilova) and Tracy (Austin) play."

King, ranked No. 1 in the world four times, lost to top-seeded Navratilova 6-2, 6-1 Thursday night after disposing of Virginia Wade 6-1, 6-3 Wednesday in the double-elimination championships.

She broke Navratilova's 28-match streak last month in Houston, where she won her second tournament title of the circuit, and had two other semifinal finishes.

"The feedback I get from the public is that she can't do it any more. If I heard some one say, 'she's in great shape and looks better than when she was a fat 22-year-old,' said King. "I feel better now at 36 than 23. I'm not tired physically at all."

Navratilova, who captured the Wimbledon doubles championship with King in 1979, said King "can beat anybody."

"The only way you can say she's really made it is if she becomes No. 1 again. People don't expect her to do it because she's 36. I wouldn't put past her," said Navratilova.

King has undergone knee and ankle surgery four times, most recently in 1978. She lifts weights to keep in shape and will take two weeks off after the championships to work out.

King, had the crowd of 10,312 at Madison Square Garden firmly in her corner Thursday but she never got her serve-and-volley game in gear. Navratilova was simply too strong from both the baseline and the net.

"Everything was low at her feet. She didn't

get any easy points," Navratilova said. "I was really nervous tonight, especially with the way she cleaned up the court with me last time."

"I haven't been this psyched up for a match in a long time. We're friends, but once we do play, we're out there for killing."

But King was not at all pleased with her play Thursday.

"I moved like a cow tonight," she said. "I

really blew the match in the second set. I never double-faulted so much. I'm really angry."

In Frankfurt, West Germany, Former Wimbledon champion Stan Smith of the U.S. pounded out a thrilling 6-3, 7-6 win against Hans Gildemeister of Chile that went to 10-8 in the deciding tie-break to gain the quarter-finals of the \$175,000 Frankfurt WCT men's tennis tournament.

Egypt meets Morocco for third place

LAGOS, March 21 (R) — Egypt and Morocco, narrowly beaten in semi-finals, met here Friday in the third place playoff in the African Nations' soccer cup.

Egypt lost their semi-final against Algeria in a penalty competition after the score was level 2-2 after 90 minutes and two periods of extra time produced no further goals.

Morocco lost 1-0 to Nigeria, who reached the final for the first time with an early goal which resulted from a defensive error.

The battle for third place promises to be a close thing with Egypt probably entitled to regard themselves as favorites but only by a shade of odds.

Egypt showed the better form in the group matches although they also lost 1-0 to Nigeria in the last of their qualifying games.

Morocco looked out of the running when they drew with Guinea and then lost to Algeria in the group matches. But they scraped into the semi-finals by beating title-holders Ghana.

Nigeria and Algeria meet in the final on Saturday.

Meanwhile, Real Madrid, the elite Spanish club who almost made the European soccer cup their own property in the late '50s, squeezed into this season's semifinals thanks to a goal five minutes from the end in Madrid.

Their Scottish visitors, Celtic — also former winners — brought a 2-0 first leg lead from the Glasgow leg but a minute before halftime Carlos Santillana scored, signaling a tough second half in prospect. West German star Uli Stielike made it 2-2 on aggregate and Juanito's late goal crushed the Scots.

Britons disappointed by Celtic were consoled by the startling recovery in East Berlin of Nottingham Forest, the holders.

Dynamo Berlin's 1-0 away leg lead vanished in 15 minutes when Trevor Francis headed in. Next he put Forest ahead and John Robertson made it 3-0 from the penalty spot after Michael Nosck had fouled him.

Early in the second half Dynamo in turn scored a penalty goal — through Frank Terletzki — but Forest stood firm and won 3-1 on aggregate.

The West German champions Hamburg plus two past winners, Ajax (Netherlands) and Real Madrid (Spain) joined the English holders, Nottingham Forest, in the last four of the European soccer cup when the quarter-finals were completed.

Hajduk Split beat Hamburg 3-2 in Yugoslavia, falling only on the away goal rule — after Primorac had missed a penalty. He shot straight at German goalkeeper Kargus.

Ajazz, inspired by world cup star Ruud Krol, made light work of their French visitors, St. Etienne, winning 4-0.



DEFEAT: Victor Korchnoi raises from his chair and leaves Tigran Petrosian meditating for 15 minutes. Petrosian laid down his king after 15 minutes in a gesture of defeat.

Petrosian takes rest after dispute

VELDEN, Austria, March 21 (AP) — Following a dispute with the referee, Soviet Chess grandmaster Tigran Petrosian Thursday called for a third — and his last — rest day in his quarterfinal clash with exiled Russian Viktor Korchnoi.

Korchnoi and Petrosian Wednesday night played their sixth game to a draw, with Korchnoi leading his opponent 3.5 to 2.5 points.

Referees Harry Golombek of Britain on Wednesday had scheduled the seventh game to start Thursday the day earlier reserved for a possible adjourned game.

Petrosian, team contested that for lack of such adjournment, the day should be automatically free. When the jury overruled the Soviet protest, Petrosian claimed a rest day.

With no game scheduled for Friday, the seventh game will start Saturday, March 22. Either player may ask for a total of three rest days in addition to play free days scheduled by organizers under tournament rules. Korchnoi has so far not claimed any of the three rest days due to him.

Alexander Beilin, leader of the Soviet chess delegation here, said in an interview in future his team may not accept Golombek as a referee in crucial chess meets.

Petrosian, 51, who was world champion

from 1963 to 1969, protested vigorously against the jury's original ruling that the seventh game should be played Friday instead of Saturday as scheduled.

When they refused to change the date, he invoked his last free day to block play. He also said the Soviet Chess Federation would issue an official protest against the jury's decision.

It is unlikely that Korchnoi will call for any of his free days, officials said since he is scheduled to participate in an international tournament in London early next month.

Fourth consecutive victory Maravich scores 20 in Detroit rout

NEW YORK, March 21 (AP) — Pete Maravich, 31, is understandably happy having moved from the Utah Jazz, the team with the National Basketball Association's third-worst record, to the club that leads the pack.

"All I ever wanted to do was play basketball the way the Boston Celtics play it," he said Thursday night after scoring 20 points and helping the Celtics to a 124-106 rout of the Detroit Pistons.

It was the Celtics' fourth consecutive victory.

The Celtics had eight players in double figures. Rookie Greg Felsner scored 24 points for Detroit.

Mike Mitchell scored 24 points, Randy Smith added 20 and Celveland kept its playoff hopes alive by running its winning streak to seven games with a 109-96 triumph over Houston.

The victory pulled the Cavaliers within three games of the Rockets in the race for the final Eastern Conference playoff spot.

Robert Reid and Moses Malone led Houston with 19 points. Kings 121, Nuggets 105. Phil Ford scored 25 points to lift the Kansas City Kings within one-half game of first-place Milwaukee in the Midwest Division, beating the Nuggets 121-105.

Denver got 40 points from Alex English while Otis Birdsong added 32 for Kansas City.

Greg Ballard had 30 points and Kevin Grevey scored 27 — including Washington's last five in overtime — as the Bullets recorded their first victory in seven tries over Philadelphia 119-113 and remained within 1 1/2 games of Houston.

Washington's Greg Ballard added 30 while Maurice Cheeks had 22 for the 76ers. Utah was even colder than the Hawks

before getting things together and turning back the Bulls 103-100. The Jazz fell behind 15-0 after half of the first period and didn't take the lead until Don "Duck" Williams stole a pair of inbound passes in the fourth period scored each time for a 92-88 lead. Spurs 105, 76ers 5.

Thirty-three points by San Antonio's George Gervin offset 33 by Philadelphia's Julius Erving and the Spurs with Larry Kenon adding 24 points, topped the 76ers. 105-95. The Spurs remain second in the Central Division, one game ahead of Houston. The 76ers are three behind Boston in the Atlantic Division.

Twenty-four points by center James Edwards and a career-high 23 by reserve Guard Joe Hassett enabled the Pacers to shake off a new Jersey rally and beat the Nets 125-112.

Indiana saw a 10-point lead in the second period turn into a two-point deficit starting the fourth quarter. But successive baskets by Hassett, Edwards and George McGinnis put Indiana comfortably ahead with nine minutes to play. Ed Jordan had 24 points for the Nets.

Paul Westphal's 30 points, two of them crucial free throws with seven seconds to play, enabled the Suns to match a club record with their 50th victory of the season defeating the Lakers 112-108.

Phoenix, at 50-26, is third in the Pacific Division, 4 1/2 games behind the 55-22 Lakers, who got 29 points from Kareem Abdul-Jabbar.

The Lakers' center got a field goal and free throw to pot the Suns' lead to 110-108 before Westphal locked things up. Jamaal Walkes added 19 points for Los Angeles — just two of them in the second half. Blazers 115, Warriors 113.

GAC RYAN RENTS

- CRANES
- COMPRESSORS
- TRUCKS
- GENERATORS
- BACKHOES
- AND MUCH MORE

CALL
Jeddah 59024
670956
Riyadh 465-7783

saudi business

A Local Magazine of International Standard

THIS WEEK IN saudi business

- A House for Each Citizen
- Insuring Jubail and Yanbu
- IDB Comes of Age
- Saudi Ports in the 1980s
- The Building Professionals

Read Saudi Business in its new format and cover and you'll feel that you are reading a prestigious magazine published in London, Paris or New York.

Don't forget you have an appointment with Saudi Business every Saturday.

AVAILABLE IN ALL BOOKSTORES, KIOSKS AND NEWSPAPER STANDS.

السعودية

notice

GH Industrial Services Ltd. wishes to advise its friends and clients of the following new Telephone and Telex Nos. at its main office, workshop and terminal.

Tel: SAIHAT 61896
Telex: 697014 GHREEM SJ

We have pleasure to announce
GRAND OPENING
on

Thursday March 20th
at 40th Street. MALAZ
Carawan
GAZZAZ



Where you will find the most famous and
International perfumes,
gifts for all occasions.

CARAWAN - GAZZAZ RIYADH
40th Street, Malaz.
Phone: 4777623

TIMBERFORM®

The first name in wood for play

and the largest exclusive producer
of landscape architectural wood
products in the world.

**Heavy
Duty
Timber
Playground
Equipment**

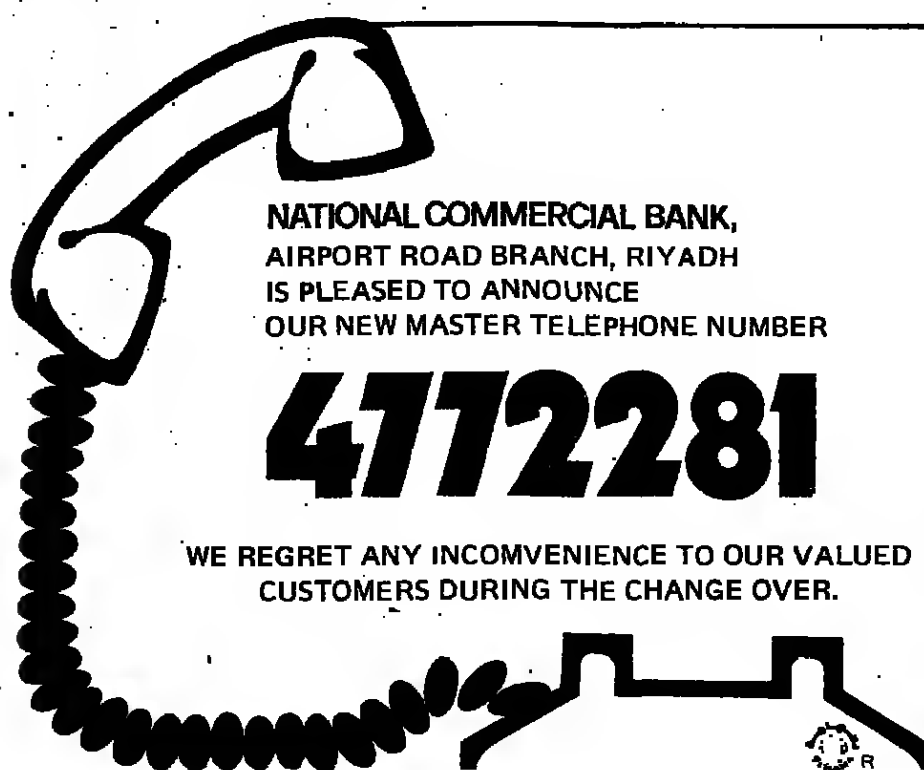
TimberForm is the acknowledged
quality leader in innovative play
systems of wood.

SAUDI ARABIAN REPRESENTATIVE:
TRADING AND MAINTENANCE CORPORATION
(TAMCO)

FOR ALL YOUR RECREATION EQUIPMENT
NEEDS:

P.O. Box 1552 Jeddah, Saudi Arabia CR No. 7033
Phone: 57319/56528 Telex 400120 TAMCO SJ

P.O. Box 3768 Portland, Oregon 97208 USA
Phone: 503/287-2411 Telex: 360-807 LENTS PTL



NATIONAL COMMERCIAL BANK,
AIRPORT ROAD BRANCH, RIYADH
IS PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE
OUR NEW MASTER TELEPHONE NUMBER

4772281

WE REGRET ANY INCONVENIENCE TO OUR VALUED
CUSTOMERS DURING THE CHANGE OVER.

HANSA LINE

VESSEL'S NAME	VOY	CARGO	ARR/ETA	DEP/ETD
FRAUENFELS	0207H	Cont.	22-3-80	24-3-80
REICHENFELS	ROA-39	Cont/Ro-Ro	27-3-80	28-3-80
STOLZENFELS	0307H	Gen.	29-3-80	31-3-80
STRAHLENFELS	0308H	Gen.	30-3-80	31-3-80
RHEINFELS	ROA-40	Cont/Ro-Ro	1-4-80	1-4-80
RAUENFELS*	0108H	Cont.	3-4-80	4-4-80

*will accept Con/Ro cargo for BREMERHAVEN & ANTWERP.

Consignees are requested to collect their delivery orders.

Agents: **Haji Abdullah Alireza & Co. Ltd.**

P.O. Box 8, Dammam. Tel: 8324133/4, 8323728/9, 8326387,
Telex: 601008 ZAINAL SJ.



VESSEL'S NAME	VOY	CARGO	ARR/ETA	DEP/ETD
SUN HOPE	6	Cars	23-3-80	24-3-80
JINREI MARU	63	Cars	24-3-80	25-3-80
OHJIN	15	Cars	25-3-80	26-3-80
KARAKA	7	Cement	25-3-80	30-3-80
WAKAMIZU MARU	6	Gen.	25-3-80	27-3-80
PACIFIC INSURER		Cement	29-3-80	3-4-80

Consignees are requested to collect their delivery orders.

Agents: **Haji Abdullah Alireza & Co. Ltd.**

P.O. Box 8, Dammam. Tel: 8324133/4, 8323728/9, 8326387,
Telex: 601008 ZAINAL SJ.

FOR YOUR AIR CONDITIONING INQUIRY

Binladen Electrical & Mechanical

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS IN SAUDI ARABIA
FOR **TRANE** AIR CONDITIONING

ALL SIZES AND TYPES FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
DESIGN, INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE, AFTER SALE
SERVICE AND SPARE PARTS
JEDDAH: P.O. BOX 3143 TEL: 673380 & 673520 TELEX: 402212
AL-KHOBAR: TELEPHONE 44236

SAUDI CONCORDIA LINE

REGULAR SERVICE FROM U.S.A.
ATLANTIC & GULF PORTS.
TO RED SEA & ARABIAN GULF.
CONCORDIA VIKING

VOY: 110/02

Will arrive Jeddah — 21-3-80

Will sail Jeddah — 24-3-80

Consignees are requested to contact us
with the original bills of lading or bank guarantee
in order to collect delivery orders for their
consignments on the vessel

For further information please contact:

AL SABAH MARITIME SERVICES CO LTD
P.O. Box 5650 Jeddah Tel: 24286-45139, Telex: 401695 SABAH SJ 400363 SMSCO SJ
Cable: SHIPMARGHAM C.R. 15248



**IF ITS SERVICE
YOU WANT
COME TO US
WE ARE THE BEST**

* Customs Clearance — a quick and efficient service.
* Reliable Freight Service by Land, Air & Sea.
* Specialised Shipping Services.

Our most professional services are always at your disposal.
Come to us and we'll guarantee you complete satisfaction.
Watch out for us in the Eastern Province.

For further Information Please Contact:

ZIAD COMMERCIAL ESTABLISHMENT
General Trading, Customs Clearance, Shipping, Transport
P.O. Box 1147 Jeddah
Tel: 47073

MANPOWER

WE CAN SUPPLY THE BEST AVAILABLE MANPOWER
FOR YOUR CONSTRUCTION, TRADING AND
INDUSTRIAL PROJECTS TO YOUR ENTIRE
SATISFACTION FROM PAKISTAN, INDIA, PHILIPPINE
AND THAILAND. WE CAN BRING THE MAN FOR THE
RIGHT JOB IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME
OUR CONTACT IS AS UNDER:

ALKHAIR ENTERPRISES C/O AL-AJDA EST.
3-G 7/1 I & T CENTRE. P.O. BOX 9186
ISLAMABAD PAKISTAN. PHONE - 4646322 & 4658234
PHONE - 21493 TLX: 200535 HAMMAM S.J.
TLX: 5681 AZIZ PK.

SMC



**SEATRAN
MIDEAST S.A.**
Notice to all Consignees

We are pleased to announce E.T.A. of the following vessels at Saudi Arabian Ports

Vessel	Voy No.	Jeddah	Dammam
St. Baltimore	15	SLD. 15-3-80	24-3-80
Elbe	11	—	22-3-80
Fort Royal	13	22-3-80	30-3-80
St. Galveston	—	5-4-80	15-4-80
Sea Train "A"	—	12-4-80	21-4-80

Consignees with cargo on these vessels are requested to contact Agents to obtain
delivery orders against Bills of Lading or bankers guarantees and container
deposits.

Jeddah

Dammam

Saudi Forwarding and Transportation
Company — As Agents for
SAUDI MARITIME COMPANY, SMC
P.O. Box 2951
Tel: 54203, 51844, 56781
Telex: 400262 SCANDI SJ
(Location Ex Sindi Shipping Office)
Medina Road, Kilo 4

SAUDI CONTAINER SERVICES SCS
P.O. Box 1520 AL-KHOBAR
Tel: 8332500 EX.2425/2430
Telex: 601289 SAMAR SJ.

Customer Service Office RIYADH Tel: 60346

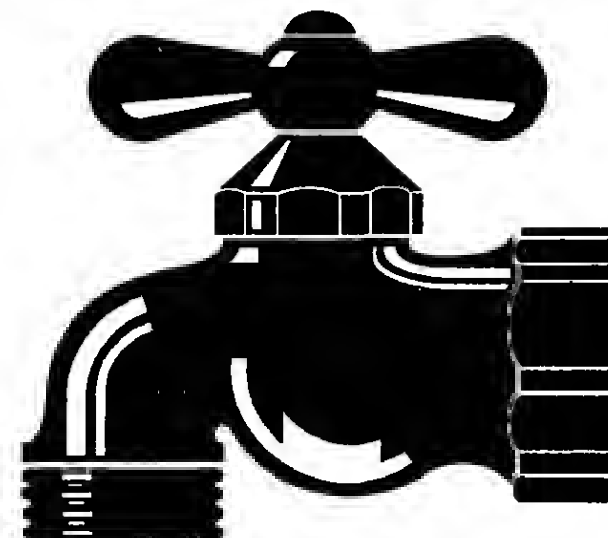
For exports on above vessels to all Arabian Gulf Ports, Europe, U.K., N. America
Scandinavia. Please contact SEATRAN SALES OFFICES.

Jeddah

Dammam

MR. T. BARNES
Tel: 56781/51844/54203 (Off)
55586/Ext: 465 (Res)

MR. P. BARNES
Tel: 8643377 Ext: 260 (Off)
8648011 Ext: 440 (Res)



Use water carefully

make sure your
tap is not running
when not in use.

space donated by
Arab News

B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD

B.C.
HEY STUPID! WHO YOU CALLIN' STUPID? YOU! THAT'S WHO! YOU WANNA MAKE SOMETHING OUT OF IT? I'D LOVE TO... SIGH ME TOO...

SMALL SOCIETY
HOO-BOY! WHAT A BUDGET - I LIKED IT BETTER IN THE OLD DAYS WHEN BIG SPENDERS SPENT THEIR OWN MONEY -

BLONDIE
HONEY, HERE IS THAT TWENTY DOLLARS I BORROWED FROM YOU NOW, CAN I BORROW IT BACK AGAIN? WHY BOTHER TO GIVE IT TO ME IN THE FIRST PLACE? I JUST WANTED TO ESTABLISH MY CREDIT

BEETLE BAILEY
YOU DON'T GO OUT MUCH LATELY, KILLER I'M GETTING CHOOSIER I'M LOOKING FOR THE PERFECT GIRL ANY LUCK? YEAH, BUT UNFORTUNATELY SHE WAS LOOKING FOR THE PERFECT GUY

HAGAR
YOUR HARD-BOILED EGGS ARE READY I WANTED THEM SCRAMBLED BAM! OKAY, THEY'RE SCRAMBLED

WIZARD
YES! GOOD MORNING... I'M FROM THE HAPPY LAWN CEMETERY... I...THOUGHT YOU MIGHT WANT TO BUY A PLOT IN ADVANCE WHY WOULD I WANT TO DO THAT? YOU COULD PUT IN A FEW TOMATO PLANTS UNTIL YOUR TIME COMES.

DENNIS THE MENACE

"YOU SHOULD SAID 'GOOD KITTY' WHEN HE BROUGHT IN THE MOUSE... NOT 'YECHEH'!"

Believe It or Not!

DUNCAN MACLEAN WHO ESTABLISHED HIMSELF AS ONE OF THE WORLD'S FASTEST SPRINTERS BY RUNNING 100 YARDS IN 9.9 SECONDS IN 1904, RAN THAT DISTANCE IN 14 SECONDS AT THE AGE OF 88.

VENANCIO FLORES (1808-1868) THE URUGUAYAN PRESIDENT DICTATOR AND MILITARY LEADER HAD BEEN REARED BY HIS FAMILY FOR SERVICE IN THE CHURCH.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS
1 "Memories Are — of This"
5 Disappearing act
8 Hedgehog
9 Western, e.g.
13 Bride's member
14 Cylindrical
15 High mountain
16 Cold target
17 Familiar article
18 Cult. tree
20 Success
21 Work for
22 Carnegie or Georgia
23 pling
25 Tonsil-landlord deal
26 Mining find
27 Shape
28 Draper's measure
29 Card game
30 Man's name
31 Outfit
34 Blushing — playing
35 Garment
37 Crosby-Hope film word
38 Lure
39 Different

DOWN
4 Waterfall
6 Scot.
7 Extorted money from
10 Tooth
11 Sprightly
12 Easiness
14 Poetical adverb
15 Skin softener
16 Set right
17 For each
18 Tyrant's cry
19 Principles of morality
21 Out one's molars, etc.
22 One kind
23 Word with
24 house or room
25 Name
26 Garment
27 Sold a
28 bit more
29 Bee's quest
30 Endless
31 Initial
32 Historic
33 French village
34 Badger
35 Sold a
36 bit more
37 Seaside
38 Johnny

Yesterday's Answer
1 A
2 B
3 C
4 D
5 E
6 F
7 G
8 H
9 I
10 J
11 K
12 L
13 M
14 N
15 O
16 P
17 Q
18 R
19 S
20 T
21 U
22 V
23 W
24 X
25 Y
26 Z

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE — Here's how to work it:
A Y D L B A A X E
L O N G F E L L O W
One letter simply stands for another. In this example A is used for the three L's, X for the two O's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES
XIPNP OD CW XNOQR XW GPOCT
J QJYXJOC JD FWCT JD XIP
DPJ OD QJFZ — DWSQNP WGDQSNP
Yesterday's Cryptquote: IF YOU CAN'T GET HALF A LOAF, TAKE A WHOLE ONE — A WHOLE LOAF IS BETTER THAN NO BREAD. — JOSH BILLINGS

Contract Bridge B. Jay Becker

Look Before You Leap

South dealer.
Both sides vulnerable.

NORTH
♠ A 7 4
♥ J 8 7 3
♦ Q J 6 3
♣ 5 3

EAST
♠ 10 8 5 2
♥ 6
♦ 10 9 7 3
♣ K 9 8 2

SOUTH
♠ A K Q 10 9 8 2
♥ K 4
♦ A J 10 7
♣ K 4

The bidding:
South West North East
1♥ 2♦ 3♥ 3♠

Opening lead — king of spades.

Here is a further example of the importance of forming an overall plan of play before you proceed. Assume you're declarer at six hearts and West leads the king of spades. How should you play the hand?

Actually, the issue is substantially decided by your first play from dummy! If you win the king of spades with the ace you go down one, eventually losing a diamond and a club against perfectly normal defense.

But if you trump the king of spades, preserving dummy's ace for later use as you see fit, nothing can stop you from making the slam with normal play thereafter.

Let's see what happens if you ruff the king of spades and cash the ace of trumps, both defenders following suit. You next play a low diamond, forcing West to choose between going up with the ace or allowing you to win the diamond in dummy with the jack.

If West goes up with the ace, that is the only trick you lose, because you later dispose of your J-10-7 of clubs on dummy's ace of spades and Q-J of diamonds.

And if, at trick three, West allows dummy to win the diamond with the jack, you're on equally firm ground. You discard the king of diamonds on the ace of spades, give up a club trick, and later ruff two clubs in dummy to bring home twelve tricks.

The great disadvantage of winning West's opening spade lead with the ace is that it forces you to choose a discard from your hand before you're ready to do so. By delaying the discard until later on, you put yourself in a position where you can make the slam regardless of what West elects to do at trick three.

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:11	6:28	12:35	3:59	6:35	8:05
Medina	5:10	6:24	12:35	4:02	6:36	8:06
Nejd	4:40	5:59	12:05	3:30	6:06	7:36

DHAHRAN TV

4:30	Children's Show	Sesame Street 1277
5:35	Disneyland	Light In the Forest — PT2
6:19	Boy Dominic	Fair Game
	Safety Film	If You Stop, Get Off the Road
6:42	Salvage 1	Up up and away
7:35	All in the Family	611
7:59	Hart to hart	Gun, I thee wed
8:45	Stars look down	Battlefield
9:36	Tales of the unexpected	Mrs. Bixby and the Colonel's coat

PHARMACIES

(Open Saturday Night)		
JEDDAH		Tel.
Al-Battarji Pharmacy	King Abdul Aziz St.	23259
Al-Mohaitin Pharmacy	Sahifah Road	26435
MECCA		
Mecca Pharmacy	Al-Hafayer	36559
Al-Otaibiah Pharmacy	Al-Otaibiah	20465
Al-Aziziah Pharmacy	Al-Aziziah	62042
TAF		
Al-Shaq pharmacy	King's St.	—
Al-Hayat Pharmacy	Shehar locality, Maia St.	—
DAMMAM		
Maha Pharmacy	Al-Admah locality	28653
AL-KHOSAR		
Al-Wafa Pharmacy	King Khaled St.	42661
BOFUF		
Al-Jadid Pharmacy	Municipality Circle St.	22235

SAUDI RADIO

On FM at 96 Megahertz in 3.2 meter band
On SW at 11.855 Mhz in 25 meter band
On MW at 1485 Kiloherzt in 202 meter band

SATURDAY	Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
2:00	Opening	9:00 Opening
2:01	Holy Quran	9:01 Holy Quran
2:05	Gems of Guidance	9:05 Gems of Guidance
2:10	Islamic Activities in Focus	9:10 Light Music
2:20	On Islam	9:15 Melody Makers
2:30	Hits in Germany	9:45 The Golden Age
3:00	NEWS	10:00 A Viewpoint
3:10	Press Review	10:10 Music
3:15	Music	10:15 NEWS
3:20	Majesty of Islam	10:25 S.A. — Daily Chronicle
3:30	—	10:30 Hope and Music
3:40	Light Music	11:00 A Leaf from Life's Notebook
3:50	Closedown	11:10 Music
		11:15 Mood Music
		11:45 On Islam
		12:00 Concert Choice
		12:45 A Rendezvous with Dreams
		01:00 Closedown

VOA

P.M.	News Summary
8:00	News Roundup
8:30	Reports: Actualities
9:00	Opinion: Analyses
9:30	Date Line
10:00	Special English: News, Feature, The Making of a Nation
10:30	News Summary
11:00	Music USA: (Standards)
11:30	News Roundup
12:00	Reports: Actualities
12:30	Opinion: Analyses
13:00	VOC Magazine
13:30	America: Letter Cultural: Letter
14:00	Special English: News
14:30	Music U.S.: (Jazz)
15:00	VOA WORLD REPORT
15:30	Midnight
16:00	News newsmakers' voices correspondents reports background features media comments news analyses.

BBC

Morning Transmission	World News
8:00	World News
8:09	Twenty-Four Hours
8:30	News Summary
8:30	Sarah Ward
8:45	World Today
9:00	Newsdesk
9:30	Opera Star
10:00	World News
10:09	Twenty-Four Hours
10:30	News Summary
10:30	Sarah Ward
10:45	Something to Show You
11:00	World News
11:09	Reflections
11:15	Piano Style
11:30	Brain of Britain 1978
12:00	World News
12:09	British Press Review
12:15	World Today
12:30	Financial News
12:40	Look Ahead
12:45	The Tony Myatt
4:00	World News
4:09	Twenty-Four Hours
4:30	News Summary
4:30	The Pleasure's Yours
5:15	Report on Religioo
6:00	Radio Newsreel
6:15	Outlook
7:00	World News
7:09	Commentary
7:15	Sherlock Holmes
7:45	World Today
8:00	World News
8:09	Books and Writers
8:30	Take One
8:45	Sports Round-up
9:00	World News
9:09	News about Britain
9:15	Radio Newsreel
9:30	Farming World
10:00	Outlook News
10:39	Stock Market Report
10:43	Look Ahead
10:45	Ulster in Focus
11:00	World News
11:09	Twenty-Four Hours
12:15	News Summary
12:45	Nature Notebook
1:00	World News
1:09	World Today
1:25	Financial News
1:35	Book Choice
1:40	Reflections
1:45	Sports Round-up
2:00	World News
2:09	Commentary
2:15	The Face of England

Your Individual Horoscope

Frances Drake
FOR SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1980

What kind of day will tomorrow be? To find out what the stars say, read the forecast given for your birth sign.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) ♈
Carelessness about health could upset later plans. Travel mixups possible. Romantic pursuits and creative interests favored.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) ♉
A financial crisis could find you short of cash. Attention to bookkeeping now pays dividends later. Domestic interests need attention.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 20) ♊
Don't expect others to live up to your idealized image of them. You're inclined to dramatize yourself. Be straightforward.

CANCER (June 21 to July 21) ♋
You'll try to hide from problems now and this is ill-advised. A little soul-searching will put you on the way to solutions.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 22) ♌
Socializing is a plus, but with some ifs. Don't get involved with financial dealings and let reason prevail over romantic fantasy.

VIRGO (Aug. 23 to Sept. 22) ♍
A career opportunity may arise, but you may have reservations about it. Do further research before coming to a decision.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) ♎
A fun trip could be spoiled, if you don't guard against mixups. Even with delays, friends welcome your arrival. Enjoy social life.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) ♏
Be protective of financial interests. A friend seems cold or indifferent. A new career project could dominate p.m.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) ♐
A social gathering looks promising, but a date or close ally might feel neglected. Be sure to give due consideration to others' feelings.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 19) ♑
You're in a working mood, but may experience interruptions. Don't take other people's whims too seriously. The p.m. brings new energy.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 20 to Feb. 18) ♒
A loved one's moods fluctuate. There is a calm before the storm, followed by a late rainbow. A change of plans works out favorably.

PISCES (Feb. 19 to Mar. 20) ♓
Watch extravagance. Don't get angry at a close one whose view of life is more practical than yours. Late p.m. favors romance.

Arabic calligraphy: لا اله الا الله

AGGREGATE

CRUSHED * QUALITY AT LOW COST!

Located Near Center of Riyadh

HASCO
BLOCK - TILE - KERB
CEMENT PRODUCTSAL KHARJ ROAD, KILLO 5, RIYADH
P.O. BOX 3751 TEL: 54055**LOST PASSPORT**INDIAN PASSPORT NO. 89953 ISSUED TO
MR. THAIPPARAMBIL ABOO BACKER HAS
BEEN LOST. FINDER PLEASE DELIVER TO
INDIAN EMBASSY JEDDAH.**GUIDED INDEPENDENT STUDY PROGRAM****Bachelor, Master, Doctorate**Business Administration • Engineering • Public Administration • Education
Earn a bachelor, master or doctoral degree. Use your past experience as credit
toward your degree. No classes, seminars or on-campus attendance. Studies build upon your experience, relate to your career.
Self-paced. Open time schedule. Distinguished faculty advisors.
Act now to advance your career. • SEND RESUME FOR NO COST EVALUATION**Century University**

9100 Wilshire Blvd. Dept. 60, Beverly Hills, Ca. 90212 213-278-1094

FOR SALE**HIGHLY DISCOUNTED PRICES**

1. LARGE QUANTITY OF BARLINGS GALVANIZED STEEL
2. FIXED CRANE FOR CONSTRUCTION ITALIAN MAKE.

ABOVE ARE IN OUR STORES IN RIYADH.
PLEASE CONTACT RIYADH TEL: 4785262,
4775295**ANNOUNCEMENT.**THE MODERN COMMERCIAL OFFICE IN RIYADH ANNOUNCES
THAT OUR EMPLOYEE RONALD JOSEPH FLETCHER, BRITISH
NATIONAL, HOLDING PASSPORT NO. 392904 HAVE LEFT WITH
DEPARTURE AND RETURN VISA, AND HIS VACATION EXPIRED
WITHOUT HIM RETURNING BACK TO HIS WORK.SO WE WARN DEALING WITH THE MENTIONED, AND HOPE THAT
ANY ONE KNOWS ABOUT HIM TO CONTACT US ON
TELEPHONE NO. 25710, 25709 EXT. 41 OR REPORT TO CLOSEST
POLICE CENTER.**ANNOUNCEMENT**K.P. & I.E. KUTBI TRAVEL CENTRE
ANNOUNCES THAT MR. RAYMOND
RODRIGUES S/O LATE F.P. RODRIGUES
PAKISTANI NATIONAL IS LEAVING THE
COUNTRY. IF ANYONE HAS ANY CLAIMS
OR COMPLAINTS AGAINST HIM, PLEASE
CONTACT TELEPHONE NO. 20450 WITH-
IN A WEEK FROM THE DAY OF THIS
ANNOUNCEMENT.**DRAFTSMAN/CARTOGRAPHER
ENGLISH SPEAKING
WITH MINIMUM 3 YEARS EXPERIENCE****TRANSLATOR**TO TRANSLATE ENGLISH TO ARABIC, ARABIC TO ENGLISH
ALSO ABILITY TO TYPE ARABIC.
CALL 674572 EXT. 2412 OR 692201 EXT. 516**FOR RENT**ONE VILLA WITH GARDEN & TELEPHONE
MECCA ROAD KILO 6
10 MINUTES WALK FROM UNIVERSITYRENT PER YEAR S.R. 30,000
PLEASE CALL TEL: 893151**ATTENTION! BUYER**FOLLOWING EQUIPMENTS IN GOOD CONDITION
ARE AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE:

1. POLYMA GENERATORS JET SETS 184 KVA ON WHEELS OR BASE FRAME.
2. FUCHS HYDRAULIC EXCAVATOR 713 M
3. CONCRETE BIN LIEBHERR UEK 65 HYDRO-KULI
4. INGERSOLL SP 54, 10 TON VIBRATION ROLLER

INTERESTED PARTIES PLEASE CONTACT IMMEDIATELY
ON PHONE: 39828 JEDDAH**Luxury Villas to Rent**IMMEDIATELY AVAILABLE NEW 3 BEDROOM, 2 BATHROOM VILLAS
WITH EQUIPPED KITCHEN, CENTRAL A/C, SERVANT'S QUARTER
PRIVATE PATIO: CAR PORT-ON PROFESSIONALLY MANAGED
LANDSCAPED COMPOUND WITH SWIMMING POOL, PLAY AREAS ETC.
TURN RIGHT AT SAREDCO SHOWHOUSE SIGN
IMMEDIATELY BEFORE FLYOVER
PAST BOUGARY BUILDING KILO 11 MEDINA ROAD EAST
LEASING MANAGER MR. R. HINCHEY TEL: 50691**BRITISH TRAINING FOR HIGH PAY**

- In only 3 or 4 months you can possess a British Diploma and prospects for a worthwhile career and high pay. A Training Course costs only £24 on enrolment OR 4 payments of £3 each, including 4 Instruction Books, 12 Lessons, Tests, Model Answers, and complete Tuition by Airmail. Tick the career you like, write your name and address and send this coupon to us by airmail for our FREE Book.

- ☐ MODERN MANAGEMENT
- ☐ BOOKKEEPING & ACCOUNTS
- ☐ PROFITABLE BUSINESS TRADING



- ☐ PROFICIENT CLERICAL DUTIES
- ☐ SUCCESSFUL SALESMANSHIP
- ☐ PROFESSIONAL STORE-KEEPING

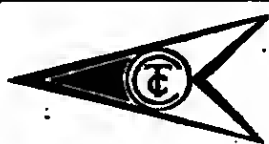
BRITISH CAREERS TRAINING COLLEGE
P.O. BOX 283, JERSEY, BRITAIN**ORRI NAVIGATION LINES**
Dammam

Agent of Empreemar Line Chile announce

M.V. Captain John D. Pateras

Arrived on 12-3-80 with Lumber

Sailed on 15-3-80 from San Vicente/Chile

Consignees having cargoes on above vessel are
requested to collect delivery order from our office.**ORRI NAVIGATION LINES**P.O. Box 1504, Dammam Tel. 8326644 / 8326582
Telex: 601052 ORRI SJ.**CRESCENT
TRANSPORTATION
COMPANY LTD**

- * Transportation throughout the Kingdom
- * Especially attractive rates for Eastward movements from Jeddah & Yanbu
- * Groupage service across the Kingdom
- * Storage facilities close to main ports
- * Vehicle maintenance & repairs

CALL: MALCOLM HUDSON or BRIAN COAN
JEDDAH 604103/57863
TELEX: 400272 REZYAT SJ**NAKAYO****KEY TELEPHONE SYSTEMS****All Round Service Functions
Add to Improve Communication
And Office Convenience**

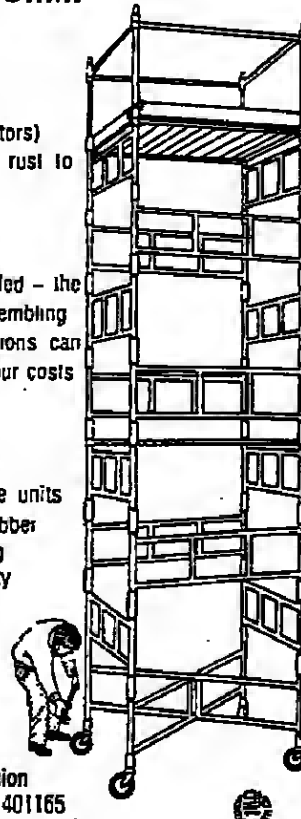
- Up to 10 outside lines can be channelled into 2-30 extensions.
- An operator no longer essential
- Any extension has access to outside line
- Incoming ringing can be assigned to specific extensions.
- Quick and silent call transfer
- Choice for Intercom calling—voice or tone
- Announcement to all extensions
- Connection to PA system
- Remote intercom answering
- Music on hold

And many other features
and options give you
extensive system versatility.

Model NA-510P-TE

**AL-SAYED ABDULLAH M. BAROOM**Electronic Division, Baroom's Building — Bab Mecca,
P.O. Box 1346, JEDDAH. Tel: 22366-22377-22388.**SGB Lightweight
Access Towers**

FOR A SOLID, SAFE WORKING PLATFORM.

SO SIMPLE TO ERECT.SGB Lightweight Access Towers
provide a solid platform for all
maintenance and repair work. And
they are easily erected in a matter
of minutes.**No nuts or bolts**Components slot together with the
minimum of effort—erection is fast
and simple.**22 platform heights**We can supply a vast range of
lower heights up to 10.7m. in a
choice of three platform sizes
1.5m, 2.1m or 3.0m square.**Galvanised finish**All components (except castors)
are fully galvanised against rust to
give a really tough finish.**Simple to erect**No specialist labour is needed—the
speed and simplicity of assembling
the prefabricated frame sections can
lead to a big savings in labour costs.**Mobile or static**SGB Lightweight towers are
available as static or mobile units
with a choice of steel or rubber
castors, all with dual locking
features for absolute security.Available now for hire or sale
Al-Qabal Company.
Scaffolding and Formwork Division
Dammam-P.O. Box 1102 Tel: 8326093
Riyadh-P.O. Box 3945 Tel: 54036
Telex 601124 Oabel SJ Baroom-SGB Division
Jeddah-P.O. Box 1346 Tel: 674674 Telex: 401165**SGB****CRANE HIRING**WEIGHT UP TO 120 TO HEIGHT
UP TO 72M. WITH GERMAN DRIVERPlease Call Tel. 61784 Or Write To
P.O. Box 6262 Riyadh**Catering Problems? Contact Taj Co.
It Has Always A Solution For You!**

DO YOU HAVE A COMPOUND? DO YOU NEED SITE CATERING?

TAJ WILL BRING ITS SERVICES TO YOU.
HOUSING DIFFICULTIES?LODGE YOUR STAFF IN TAJ'S BOARDING HOUSE IN THE
VERY CENTRE OF JEDDAH AND STOP WORRYING ABOUT
FOOD, JANITORIAL AND LAUNDRY SERVICES.ARE YOU LOOKING FOR HOME CATERING TO PREPARE
AND SERVE YOUR BANQUETS? DO NOT HESITATE! CALL TAJ!
DO YOU NEED BUILDING MAINTENANCE SERVICES?

REMEMBER TAJ!

CALL US AND DON'T FORGET!
TAJ HAS ALWAYS THE RIGHT SOLUTION FOR YOU!**TAJ COMPANY**

TAJ CO. TEL: 21288, 39590, 39767 — TELEX: 401637 TAJCO SJ

NOWYOU CAN HAVE **DOVER** AMERICAN ELEVATORS
AT YOUR FOOTSTEPS FOR SAFE,
SURE AND SMOOTH REACH
OF YOUR DESTINED FLOOR
IN YOUR BUILDING

PLEASE CONTACT:

Saudi ETAMEDINA
P.O. Box 1269
Tel: 29688
Telex: 470021 ALRIDAJEDDAH
P.O. Box 4305
Tel: 57848
Telex: 401031 ADVISORRIYADH
P.O. Box 8384
Tel: 477-7003
Telex: 202500 AMAL**Housewives know best!****Magic Chef**Sales statistics have
proved that housewives
know the advantages of
Magic Chef.ATTRACTIVE DESIGN
STRONGLY BUILT
TIME SAVINGMaintenance and spare
parts are always available.

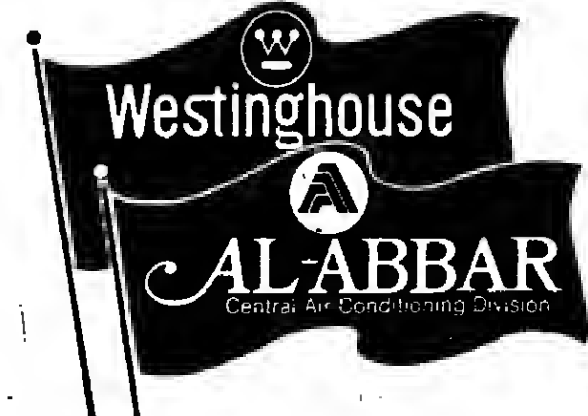
Dish Washing Machines

J.E.A. Juffali & Bros.

American Owners

URGENTLY REQUIREDA. SENIOR ELECTROMECHANICAL ENGINEER WITH
GOOD SPOKEN/WRITTEN ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND
EXPERIENCE OF NOT LESS THAN TEN YEARS IN A
RESPONSIBLE POSITION.B. ELECTRICIANS
C. CABLE JOINTERSIF SELECTED, CANDIDATE MUST BE ABLE TO PRODUCE
A RELEASE LETTER FROM HIS CURRENT EMPLOYER.

APPLY IN PERSON TO:

MR. ABDON
TEL. 61511.
RIYADH.**Together for
excellence in action**Superior technology, plus superior service—that's why Al-Abbar, Westinghouse
Distributors are the leaders in central air-conditioning equipment, installation and
after-sales services. Contact us now for more details or advice.
P.O. Box 461 Jeddah Tel: 604383 & 57352/3/4.



ASHEMIMRY
TRADING, CONTRACTING & INDUSTRY
Jeddah, Tel: 57850-57256 Telex: 401414 ATC SJ

أول صحيفة سعودية يومية تصدر باللغة الإنجليزية
عرب نيوز
الناشر: الشركة السعودية للأبحاث والتسويق



DHAHRAN INTERNATIONAL HOTEL

A cordial
Welcome awaits you at
Dhahran's Most Elegant Hotel
Luxury Accommodation
Arabic and Continental Cuisine

Telex 601272 DIAH SJ

Telephone 8648555
DHAHRAN AIRPORT
SAUDI ARABIA

PAGE 16

International

السبت ٥ جمادى الأولى ١٤٠٠ هـ

By Tehran revelers

Freedom ruled out

TEHRAN, March 21 (AP) — The 50 American hostages in the U.S. embassy in Tehran will get Iranian new year treats but not their freedom until the former Shah is returned, their militant captors said Friday.

Meanwhile, Ayatollah Khomeini called for a crackdown on foes of his regime, and President Abolhasan Bani-Sadr warned, "I will have no mercy. I will put all the plotters down." He addressed a rally that had just heard Khomeini's new year's message.

A spokesman for the embassy captors, reached by telephone from Nicosia, Cyprus, said of the hostages, "We will give them goodies and cookies. It will be a simple ceremony."

"Tonight you will understand what we will do. We will give prizes to a couple of them." He did not describe the prizes.

Asked whether this meant some of the hostages — who began their 139th day in captivity Friday — might be freed, the captor said: "No, none of them will be released. They will not be released until the criminal Shah is returned to Iran."

Khomeini's message was read by his son Ahmad to hundreds of thousands of Iranians

Dollar rebounds in profit-taking; gold prices fall

LONDON, March 21 (AP) — After falling for two days due largely to profit-taking, the U.S. dollar advanced Friday against major world currencies.

Gold prices fell despite official South African confirmation that it has cut back bullion sales. South Africa supplies more than half the world's gold.

After dropping \$14 to \$15 an ounce in New York overnight to a closing level of \$535-\$536 gold retreated further Friday in Hong Kong to close at \$525.53 down \$22.60.

At mid-morning, London's big five bullion dealers "fixed" the gold price at \$535 an ounce, down from \$552.50 late Thursday. In Zurich, the price was \$536 off from \$551.

Rumors of a South African cutback in sales had contributed to a sharp gold rally mid-week, but even confirmation of lower output by South African Finance Minister Owen Harwood failed to stem Friday's decline.

Silver was one dollar lower in London at \$21.25 an ounce.

Closing gold prices (in U.S. dollars per troy ounce):
London 528.50
Paris 537.08
Frankfurt 530.52
Zurich 524.00
Hong Kong 525.53.

jamming Tehran's cemetery to visit the graves of relatives killed in the revolution against the Shah.

"I want this year to be the year of security in Iran so people may live in peace and prosperity," the message said. It said saboteurs of oil pipelines must be punished, troublemakers in the army expelled, armed groups inciting strikes stopped and the revolutionary courts barred from using armed groups.

In addition, the ayatollah attacked people he said were enemies to Islam. He included some university teachers, journalists and Marxist groups. He also said any disorderly conduct by revolutionary guardsmen will result in expulsion from the guard corps.

As freedom for the hostages looked farther and farther away, U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim cautioned the United States against military action in Iran.

"If you think you can solve this problem by force you are wrong" because that would jeopardize the lives of the captives and "create a state of explosion" in the entire Middle East, Waldheim told a news conference Thursday.

Waldheim, in Washington for a meeting with U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus R. Vance, was concerned about a call by Senate Republicans to consider a naval blockade and mining of Iran's ports.

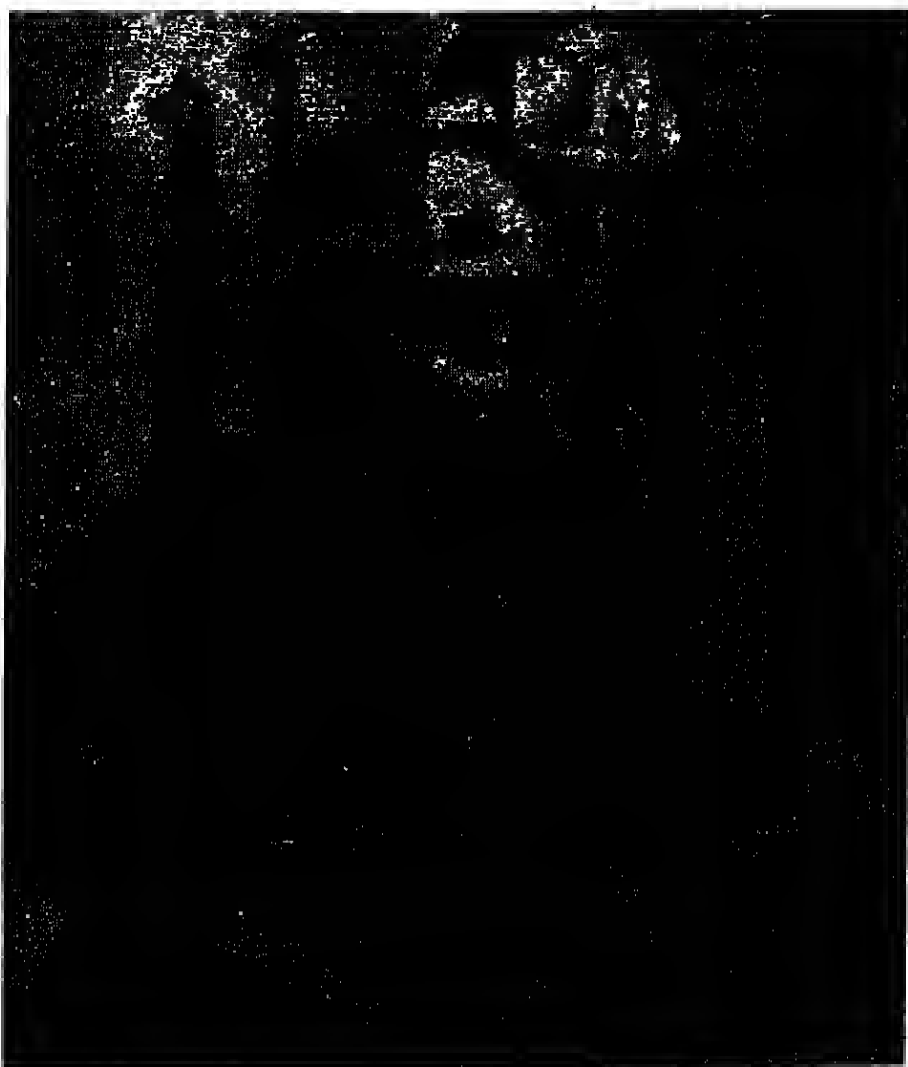
Waldheim praised U.S. President Jimmy Carter's "restraint and firmness." He said he was confident "patience and perseverance" will lead to the release of the embassy hostages and the three American diplomats who are prisoners at the Iranian foreign ministry.

Waldheim said he was hopeful the U.N. investigating commission will be allowed to return to Iran after the new Parliament is elected. And he said he had received indications recently that the crisis will end regardless of who wins the election.

He did not say what the indications were. But the U.S. government told the International Court of Justice Thursday the signals coming from Iran suggest the hostages may be held "indefinitely."

State Department legal adviser Roberts B. Oweo coded a three-day appearance before the world court at The Hague with an appeal for a speedy final judgement against the Iranian revolutionary regime. He said the court is the most promising hope for the ultimate release of the hostages. But the Iranians ignored an interim demand from the court on Dec. 15 for the release of the captives, and they are expected to do likewise if the final ruling is not to their liking.

Khomeini, the leader of the Iranian revolutionary regime, has said the 270 members of the new Majlis, the Iranian parliament, will decide whether to free the hostages, and Ayatollah Beheshti, first secretary of the ruling Revolutionary Council, has said the Majlis couldn't discuss the issue until mid-May. But further delays in that schedule now appear in prospect.



ON GUARD: Two Colombian military policemen stand guard near the Dominican Republic embassy in Bogotá. Negotiations are set to resume Monday between the Colombian government and guerrillas holding hostages in the mission.

In Colombia

Embassy talks to resume

BOGOTA, March 21 (AP) — The Colombian government has agreed to a request from hostages and guerrillas in the Dominican Republic embassy here to resume direct negotiations "without conditions" with the M-19 guerrillas.

The decision Thursday came 23 days after the takeover of the embassy, where 32 hostages still are being held, and eight days after the talks stalled.

Foreign Minister Diego Uribe Vargas said the talks, first scheduled for Friday, would be held Monday. The postponement followed a meeting Thursday between Uribe Vargas, President Julio Cesar Turbay Ayala and representatives from countries whose diplomats are being held hostage.

Uribe Vargas said the talks are to be resumed "by initiative of the ambassadors held hostage, with the approval of commandant No. 1 and without conditions."

Numa Quevedo, a Venezuelan special envoy sent to Colombia to deal with the

Tito's condition remains grave

BELGRADE, March 21 (AP) — President Josip Broz Tito's doctors said Friday his condition remained very grave and without major changes from the day before.

Tito's eight-doctor medical panel said it was continuing intensive treatment to keep the 87-year-old Yugoslav leader alive.

"The general state of health of President of the Republic Josip Broz Tito, which is without any further significant changes compared to yesterday, remains very grave," the doctors said in their mid-day medical advisory.

Tito was in his 70th straight day of hospitalization, suffering from kidney failure, heart weakness, pneumonia, internal bleeding and fever.

His doctors had said the day before a problem of voluminous bleeding in the stomach had almost stopped and there were signs of abatement in the pneumonia.

Tito has been kept alive with an artificial kidney machine since at least Feb. 22, the day before doctors first disclosed his pneumonia and five days before they revealed the bleeding problem.

CIA men blamed for Indian unrest

NEW DELHI, March 21 (R) — Home Minister Zail Singh intimated Friday that the U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) was behind the unrest in India's troubled north-east region bordering Communist China and Burma, the Press Trust of India reported.

Singh told parliament that U.S. Ambassador Robert Goheen "along with some CIA agents" toured the north-east last year. "It is now clear which are the forces behind the agitation," he said.

He told a Communist party questioner that the Soviet Union was not among these forces.

Singh had intervened in discussion about the north eastern region, where 81 people have been killed and 15,000 made homeless in Assam state since last September. The Assamese have been agitating against people coming into the state from other areas.

There have also been attacks on officials and security forces by secessionist rebels in Mizoram and Manipur territories.

Martial law abolished in Rhodesia

SALISBURY, March 21 (AP) — Martial law, which covered up to 90 per cent of Rhodesia during the last two years, was lifted Friday, a spokesman for British governor Lord Soames said.

Nicholas Fenn, the spokesman, told a news conference Thursday that the governor signed three legal instruments that will effectively end martial law, implemented by this nation's white minority government in late 1978 to give security forces unlimited powers to act against black nationalist guerrillas in the countryside.

The British colony's 15-year-old state of emergency, however, was expected to continue after Prime Minister Robert Mugabe assumes power of an independent Zimbabwe on April 18.

A constitutional order promulgated in London gave Mugabe the option to allow the state of emergency, renewed by Soames in January, to run its six-month until July.

Emergency powers were first introduced by former white Prime Minister Ian Smith before he led the colony's rebellion against Britain in 1965 to avoid giving way to majority rule by Rhodesia's seven million blacks.

Fenn said "some hundreds" of people were sentenced under martial law, which gave Rhodesian soldiers the power to confiscate property, shoot curfew violators and bring to secret trial under capital charges guerrilla suspects or collaborators.

Soames signed an amnesty ordinance which conferred a free pardon for all politically motivated offenses committed at any time in the past up to March 1, 1980, and for any act done in good faith under the authority of martial law, Fenn said.

He added that prisoners guilty of politically motivated offenses in most cases would benefit from the amnesty, but those convicted of ordinary criminal offenses and tried by martial law courts as a matter of convenience would remain in custody for the time being.

It was reported earlier this week that all but one of the 1,279 blacks detained without trial under martial law have been released. The one exception faced charges under civil law.

Fenn also announced that Britain, which had called upon Western countries for aid, was making an immediate and unconditional grant of \$15 million to help in the reconstruction of Zimbabwe and would be pledging "substantial additional aid" for the next two or three years.

Good Morning

By Jihad Khazen

At a recent reception here, there gathered most of the colleagues who, for reasons too numerous and varied to mention, have been forced to ply their journalistic trade on these foreign shores, so far from the Arab world where the action, such as it is, is. Looking and listening round, I was startled to hear the same old bitter complaints, the same moans about life and work in Britain. Time has passed on, but the distinguished colleagues still appear that their lot is especially hard. Indeed they still think it worth it to write columns upon columns (*Mae culpa*, But never, I hope, again.) of denunciations of every aspect of life here. As if the Arab reader does not have enough troubles of his own. As if their piddling little wrangles with the tax man or the printing press weigh anything in comparison to what people have to put up with back home.

Returning home, redlining in a warm bath, staring at my toes, reflecting on what a possible solution for this endless lament for the "hard life" journalists have led here, I found my thoughts cohering around a central point: These gentlemen, I thought, would find grounds for complaint wherever you put them on this green earth. Therefore to sea with them! To the foaming wave. No, oo don't misunderstand, I don't mean they should be drowned — oot immediately anyway. What I had in mind was something less drastic. A certain Arab businessman, I remembered, had bought the liner, famous in the days when crossing the Atlantic was done in style, the *S.S. France*. Couldn't he be prevailed upon to rent it whole to the entire Arab journalistic community in London? After all what we all pay in rents, transport, taxes etc. must come up to a tidy sum. It must be worthwhile to the businessman concerned, given the slack market in luxury cruises.

Imagine us there, all by ourselves: Telexes twitter on the sunbeds, printing presses roaring underneath, and us suitably attired for the everlasting summer (we simply follow the sun all the year round) snatching a minute or so between plunging into the swimming pool and partaking of the light repastes provided by the ship's famous chefs for a quick editorial on the hardships of this, the world's first experiment in floating journalism.

Translated from Ashraf Al Awwad

If you are in the
South of Saudi Arabia
placing an
advertisement in
Arab news
the Kingdom's leading
English daily is as easy
as ringing Abha

just ring: 2245810
2245806



ABHA BRANCH

AL-NASEEM DISTRICT,
TAIF ROAD STREET,
P.O. BOX 522,

SAUDI CAIRO BANK

**KHAMIS MUSHEIT
BRANCH**



مكتبة الخضر